The Weather
Today—Mostly cloudy and mild with occasional rain. Highest temperature near 70. Yesterday—High, 71; low, 54.

The Washington Post

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Soviet Threatens to Boycott Discussion Of Iran Dispute Unless It Is Postponed

Government Halts Less Essential Construction

Move Designed To Aid Veterans; CPA Must Approve All New Building

(Text of Order on Page 2)

By Mary Spargo
Post Reporter

The Government yesterday put new force behind the drive to house its war veterans.

In a sweeping order, effective at once, the Government halted less essential construction to save building materials for veterans' homes.

With certain exceptions, Government permission henceforth will be required to start any new construction or to make repairs costing more than four hundred dollars for private homes or $15,000 for specific industrial or commercial buildings.

Two other important developments in veterans' housing yesterday were:

1. Housing Administrator Wilson Wyatt renewed in the Senate the Administration's fight for legislation to subsidize building materials to speed construction of 2,700,000 homes for veterans within the next two years. Subsidies and price ceilings on existing homes were defeated in the House.

2. The House quickly approved, 355 to 1, yesterday a $253,727,000 emergency fund to provide temporary homes for war veterans and their families. The dissenting vote was cast by Representative Jessie Sumner (R., Ill.). The legislation provides for 102,350 units of temporary housing for veterans and their dependents and completion of a previously approved program of 100,000 temporary homes. Proposed housing consists largely of temporary buildings erected for warworkers.

The House-passed temporary measure also provides funds to train and recruit 1,500,000 new workers in the construction in-

See HOUSING, Page 7, Column 4

D. C. Builders Pledge 50,000 New Dwellings

Washington builders' response to the government order restricting construction on all but veteran's homes is a promise of 50,000 dwelling units in the next two years.

But the order, they point out, is only the first step toward solving the District housing problem. Realistic OPA pricing is necessary to get the program under way, they say.

Scarce building materials now going into heavy construction will be diverted into homes but whether the amount will be sufficient can not be determined immediately.

Rufus Lusk, Washington real estate analyst, who gave the 50,000 estimate, said that although the order would be the incentive for home building it would case distress in other building fields. Shortages in office buildings and other commercial structures, he said, are as acute as in ome units.

Edward R. Carr, local builder and president of Homebuilders Association of Metropolitan Washington, said that he did not thing it would be long before heavy

See BUILD, Page 7, Column 1

SELLS SUN LAMP IN ONE DAY

"Lamp sold first day ad appeared," reports this WASHINGTON POST classified advertiser:

SUN LAMP—Cold quartz ultra violet Sun-Kraft lamp, pract. new, with case of glasses. A. C. & D. C. current. List price $64. Will sell $40. Box-xxx*

When you have your annual spring cleaning this year why not select household items you no longer use and sell them through a classified ad in THE WASHINGTON POST?

Advertisers keep calling every day to tell us to stop their ad next morning because the items advertised have been sold. Our files are bulging with such "result stories."

Phone NAtional 4200 today and ask for an Ad-Taker.

*Name and address on file

'White Wing' Is Ex-Army Captain

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

JOHN S. CHOLEWINSKI, former Army captain, who saw service at Tarawa, Saipan and Okinawa with the Tenth Army, sweeps streets in Brooklyn, N. Y., wearing his combat jacket, with overseas stripes and patch, officer's pinks, combat boots and peaked cap with captain's bars. He said he won his "white wings" in a civil service exam before entering the Army and took the street cleaning job because it paid better than anything he had been offered at his own trade of mechanical engineering. The job pays $2000 a year during probation, $2300 thereafter. A grad of California Institute of Technology, Cholewinski said he'd remain a sweeper while looking for mechanical engineering work

Lewis Orders Coal Miners Out Monday

Steel Production Seen Affected Immediately By Shortage of Fuel

By the Associated Press

John L. Lewis yesterday signaled the 400,000 members of his United Mine Workers Union to lay down their tools next Monday.

Spurning the mine operators' offer of wage increases, he moved to shut off the Nation's bituminous fuel supply for the second successive year in a bargaining showdown.

The only chances of averting a mine shutdown at a time when the country's production prospects were the brightest in months lay in the thin hope of an agreement in the few days left for negotiation, or in possible Government intervention.

Operators said steel production—only recently resumed after a lengthy strike—would be affected "immediately" by a coal stoppage.

See COAL, Page 7, Column 5

13th Traffic Death of Year

Twin Brother and Playmates See Boy of 4 Killed by Auto

D. C. traffic deaths this year...13
Traffic deaths this date last year 21
Total traffic deaths last year....96

A four-year-old boy was struck and killed by an auto yesterday afternoon while his twin brother watched at the curb.

Robert Ayres, of 3935 South Dakota ave. ne., was crossing the street in front of Taft Junior High School, 3800 block of South Dakota ave., to join his twin brother, Ben, and other children when he was hit.

He crossed the street originally to hear the bells of a parked ice-cream truck, witnesses said. He apparently ran from behind the truck into the path of the car.

The auto was driven, police said, by James S. Ludwig, 21, of 1436 Otis st. ne. Ludwig, discharged from the Navy last month, will appear at a coroner's jury later.

It was the second time Bobby had been struck within four months. Last December he received minor injuries when he was hit by an auto at 18th and Monroe sts. ne.

Yesterday's accident was witnessed by Bobby's playmates and students of the junior high school, who were out during their lunch hour.

The child was pronounced dead at 1:15 p. m. by Dr. N. O. Kauf of Casualty Hospital.

Lieut. Col. Alvin M. Ayres, the child's father, was summoned from his office at the Pentagon Building immediately after the accident. The mother, who left the children in care of a maid, was away from their home and did not hear of the accident for several hours.

Senate Unit Sets Hearing On Draft Bill

Military Committee Earlier Had Voted For Extension of Only Six Weeks

By Robert C. Albright
Post Reporter

The Senate Military Committee yesterday ordered public hearings started tomorrow on a full year's extension of the Selective Service Act, overturning a decision to limit it.

The committee actually voted 9 to 8 to limit any immediate extension to six weeks, before promptly vacating the action at a late afternoon Capitol session.

Following a compromise move by Senator Joseph C. O'Mahoney (D., Wyo.), the Senate group instead postponed any final vote until April 9.

O'Mahoney's compromise, adopted unanimously, called for public testimony by Army, Navy and Selective Service witnesses, on the need for extension. Other witnesses will be limited to 15 minutes. In any event, the committee would vote finally in two weeks.

Follows Inconclusive Voting

Dealing at least a temporary setback to the limitation drive, the decision to proceed at once with public hearings followed a day of inconclusive committee voting on the Administration's call for extension of the expiring draft law.

Before the committee was a bill by Senator Warren R. Austin (R., Vt.) to extend the draft a full year beyond the May 15 expiration date.

Senator Edwin C. Johnson (D., Colo.) had countered with a substitute motion. Johnson asked immediate congressional action on a six weeks' extension, and public hearings meanwhile on the need for any further extension. Johnson's motion failed by an 8 to 8 tie vote. Two absentee votes were not recorded and the committee called a second meeting to receive their proxies.

Murray Switches Vote

When the committee reconvened, the proxy vote of Senator Robert F. Wagner, (D., N. Y.), one of the absentees, was cast against the Johnson motion. But another Senator, James E. Murray (D., Mont.), switched his vote from "no" to "aye". The result was a 9 to 8 vote for Johnson's six weeks' limitation.

Truman to Pitch Horseshoes on White House Court

By the Associated Press

President Truman is going to take up horseshoe pitching for exercise, White House callers said yesterday.

Representative Bender (R., Ohio) one of a group of Ohioans who invited the President today to attend the 150th anniversary of the founding of the City of Cleveland, said that Mr. Truman told them he is installing a horseshoe court in the South grounds of the White House.

"He told us he used to be good when he pitched in the barnyard, but is not so good now," Bender said.

Auxiliary Expedition

59 Wives of Area Officers Will Sail for Europe in April

MRS. MARK W. CLARK — MRS. LUCIUS D. CLAY — MRS. JOSEPH J. McNARNEY

Generals wives among Washington women going to Europe to join their Army husbands

Children of Occupation Soldiers to Go Over With Their Mothers

An American Auxiliary Expeditionary Force will soon invade Europe.

This was revealed yesterday in an Army announcement that 700 wives and 500 children will sail next month to join husbands and fathers on occupation duty.

A total of 59 wives and 40 children, scheduled to make the maiden voyage the middle of next month, are from the Washington area. Thirty-three of the wives and 17 children are from the District; 7 wives and 8 children are from Maryland and 19 wives and 15 children are from Virginia.

Only 24 enlisted men were among the 700 requesting transportation for their families, the Army said. None of them were from Washington. Wives of top generals from here are included.

Mrs. Clay on List

Ten generals' wives among the first to go from this area include: Mrs. Lucius Clay, 3000 39th st. nw., wife of the deputy commander of the American Zone in Germany, and Mrs. Mark Clark, Kennedy-Warren Apartments, wife of the commanding general of American Occupation Forces in Austria.

Mrs. Clay who last saw her husband a year ago will go alone, but Mrs. Clark will be accompanied by her daughter, Ann, 19. Her husband returned to the United States for a brief visit last spring.

The wife of Gen. Joseph T. McNarney, theater commander, said although she has been notified that she may leave with the first group, she does not intend to sail until the end of the summer.

Included in the area lists are two sets of monther-daughter teams who are going overseas to join soldier husbands.

One team consists of Mrs. Elleane Nye, and her daughter, Mrs. Helene Rehkopf, both of 5166 Tilden st. nw. Mrs. Rehkopf will take her 1-year-old daughter,

See WIVES, Page 7, Column 3

Alexandria Labor Leaders Found Guilty

Judge Fines Hardman, Turner But Imposes No Jail Sentence

George D. Hardman and James C. Turner, jr., Alexandria labor leaders who had appealed an assault conviction, were found guilty by a jury in Alexandria Corporation Court late yesterday.

The jury deliberated for one hour and 10 minutes before reaching its verdict against the men who were charged with beating State Labor Inspector J. Fred Kirchner.

On the recommendation of the jury, Judge William P. Woolls fined each man $400, a penalty which replaces the $550.24 fine and three-month jail sentence each received after being convicted on January 26 in Alexandria police court.

Introduces Motion

After the verdict, T. Warren Messick, defense attorney introduced a motion to have the verdict set aside on grounds to be assigned later.

The dispute—which has had political repercussions in Congress—began with a fracas at a meeting of the Alexandria Central Labor Union on January 7 in which Kirchner suffered a broken nose and facial bone.

After Hardman and Turner appealed the police court conviction, their supporters claimed political influence had entered into the case because Kirchner, himself a former CLU president, was a political protege of Representative Howard W. Smith (D., Va.), whose reelection was opposed by all labor factions in 1945.

During the two-day appeal trial, Kirchner testified he was struck by Turner and Hardman after protest-

See BEAT, Page 7, Column 4

Want Scientific Proof

Senators Ask Demonstration Of Atom Denaturizing Process

Senators called eagerly yesterday for a practical demonstration on "denaturing" plutorium to provide only peaceful atomic energy but indicated reserve on proposals to vest sweeping controls in an international commission.

Members of the Senate Atomic Energy Committee sought demonstrations on two points in the report of a scientific board presented to them by Undersecretary of State Dean Acheson.

1. That the denaturing process conclusively makes the energy-producing element unsuitable for bombs, as the scientists reported.

2. That insuperable difficulties would stand in the way of restoring the explosive qualities to the element, once it had been installed for industrial power production.

One Senator, who did not wish his name used, said that all evidence before the committee indicates that the assembling of plutonium into a mass of sufficient size to operate a power plant accounts for about 75 per cent of the operation needed to produce a bomb.

He insisted that there must be greater assurances than the committee thus far has received that "denatured" plutonium cannot be revitalized. Acheson was able to give only a brief explanation to the committee Monday before he was called away by other duties.

Some opposition within the committee also was apparent to the proposals, made by a special committee headed by TVA's David E. Lilienthal, for world-wide control of atomic energy.

Senators said Secretary of State Byrnes may be called before the group to explain whether he officially backs the proposals. Members noted the report carried neither the indorsement of Byrnes nor of President Truman.

The committee already has under consideration an amendment to proposed domestic control legislation which would permit the private mining of fissionable materials.

This would clash directly with the proposal of the lilienthal group that the United Nations Commis-

Concluding article in series on Atomic Energy by Alfred Friendly, on Page 5

sion have direct supervision of the mining of uranium and thorium, the chief fissionable ores.

Senator Hart (R., Conn.), one of the few committee members who would comment publicly on the lilienthal report, said he regarded it as a "plan for negotiations" rather than any fixed policy of the State Department or any other agency of the Government.

"It proposes an extension of the monopoly intended for domestic controls into the international field," he said. "Certainly it will increasce the stature of the United

See ATOM, Page 5, Column 5

U. S. Effects Prohibition Of Foraging

Russians and Others At UNRRA Meeting Abstain From Voting On 'Political' Measure

Atlantic City, N. J., March 26 (AP). Despite Soviet objection, UNRRA today approved a program, initiated by the United States, which would prohibit use of local supplies by occupying armies.

The Russian delegation opposed debating the proposal and refused to take part in the actual discussion.

With several nations abstaining from balloting, UNRRA's committee on policy adopted by a 25 to 0 vote provisions that would pledge member governments maintaining military forces in other countries to refrain from:

1. Consuming locally produced food stuffs, fuel, or other supplies, which are normally included in an UNRRA program, or using land or other local resources which could be used for the production of supplies to meet the needs of the local population.

2. Impeding the fair distribution of relief supplies, or the effective use of land or local resources for the production of such supplies."

Austria Mentioned

The United States, in asking for the pledge, said the practices of occupation armies in Austria were those in question, but C. Tyler Wood, speaking for the United States, did not detail the practices to which the United States was objecting.

However, a member of the British delegation said in an interview that Soviet troops in Austria were using local food supplies and farm lands which should be used for the Austrians.

Earlier Wood had recalled for the Council an agreement of last September adopted by the Allied Council for Austria (on which sit the United States, the U.K., and the U.S.S.R.) which pledged their governments to take no locally produced food for the occupation forces.

The Council today put over to another session discussion on a third provision in the United States proposals which would cut UNRRA aid to nations where occupation armies are found to be using local supplies.

Abstain from Debate

Throughout the debate the Soviet delegate refused to vote, as did France, Czechoslovakia, the Ukraine and Byelo-Russia.

Before the vote was taken N. I. Feonov, chief Soviet delegate, had warned that he could not take part in the discussion or vote.

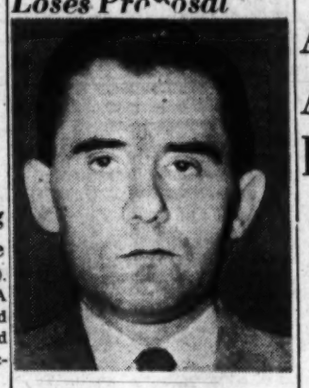
Feonov said he refused to debate because he did not have enough data on occupation practices in Austria to talk about them, and that UNRRA was not a competent body to discuss such issues, since they are political, and UNRRA is purely a relief agency.

Wood, whose seat under alphabetical arrangements is next to Feonov's, was on his feet immediately to say that any move to sidetrack the problem, on the basis that it was a political question, was "the course of cowardice," and he would "deplore such a course in any international agency."

France, which usually votes with

See UNRRA, Page 4, Column 5.

Soviet Envoy Loses Proposal



ANDREI GROMYKO

Iran Envoy Ready With Facts, He Says

Hussein Ala Declares He Will Bring Report To Council Again Today

By Ralph Heinzen
United Press Staff Writer

New York, March 26 (U.P.)—Iranian Ambassador Hussein Ala said tonight that he was ready to give the United Nations Security Council the "fullest reports" on Soviet Russia's alleged interference with Iran's internal affairs.

Ala told the United Press after sitting through five hours of Council debate over the Iranian situation, that he had a complete statement prepared and in his locked briefcase.

He said he had received further recent communications from his government in Tehran instructing him to make fullest reports to the Council on incidents in northern Iran which, he said, violate Iran's sovereignty.

To Bring It Today

"I was ready today to present a full detailed report of those acts of interference by Russian military and political authorities," Ala said. "I have the text of a prepared statement in this locked briefcase. I will bring it to tomorrow's Council meeting again."

Although Ala has been telling the press for days that he has received no instructions or communications from his government in Tehran, he said tonight:

"I have had very frequent communications from the Iranian government since my letter of March 18 to the Council. The statements made in the Council today by the Soviet representative that I have been out of communication with my government are untrue.

"I have received many cables since that letter but never have I received cabled confirmation of Russian reports of a full evacuation agreement. Nor have I received any cabled instructions changing my previous ones to present the case to the Security Council and to maintain it there until settled.

To Be Specific

"I will be fully prepared tomorrow to make both oral and written statements specifically naming violations of written agreements by the Russians, both by continuing occupation beyond the date fixed and by interference in domestic affairs during occupation, such as preventing the Iranian govern-

See IRAN, Page 4, Column 4

Confession in Canada

Told Secret Because He Wanted Reds to Have It, Scientist Says

Montreal, March 26 (AP).— Dr. Raymond Boyer, scientist charged with conspiracy in the Soviet espionage case, testified today that he gave details of the new and secret super explosive RDX to Fred Rose, Communist member of the Canadian Parliament, "to help the Soviet Union."

Dr. Boyer, assistant professor of chemistry at McGill University, who was cited by the Canadian government for "outstanding" work for the Allies during the war, said he went to Rose's home "three or four times" over a period of a year and two months late in 1943 and in 1944.

Asked why he gave details of RDX to Rose, Dr. Boyer replied quickly:

"I was anxious to do what I could to have the Soviet Union obtain the process officially from Canada."

He said Canada had refused to give the Soviet Union this information and that he wanted it to go. He said he told Rose "what materials were used in the new process and some of the ways in which that material was used."

Rose and Dr. Boyer were charged with conspiring together to give war secrets to Russia. The chemist was called by the prosecution at Rose's preliminary hearing to establish a prima facie case for trial.

The prosecution ended its case today and Judge Rene Theberge gave Rose an opportunity to make what he termed a "voluntary statement" on Thursday. At that time, if the judge decides a sufficient case has been made out, he will set a date for trial.

The preliminary hearing for Dr. Boyer took only 10 minutes. Judge Theberge set April 2 as the date for a decision on whether the scientist would be committed for trial.

U. S., Britain Accept Dare And Demand Early Airing

Gromyko Challenge Follows 2 Defeats; Frenchman Acquires The Controlling Vote

By Charles M. McCann
United Press Staff Writer

New York, March 26. — The United Nations Security Council adjourned in the midst of a bitter debate tonight after Russia delivered an ultimatum threatening to boycott Iranian discussions unless they were postponed to April 10.

Before the delegates adjourned at 6:25 p. m. until 3 p. m. tomorrow, the Council named a three-man subcommittee from the United States, Russia and France to report and recommend on a confusion of pending motions on the Iran dispute. The report is to be ready for tomorrow's meeting.

When the day ended, with the sub-committee formed, there were three motions before the council:

1. By Russia to postpone the Iran discussion until April 10.

2. By Egypt to invite Iran to speak.

3. By Australia to have Iran submit its case in writing.

Russian chief delegate Andrei A. Gromyko who battled throughout the day against 9 members of the 11-man Security Council, hurled his ultimatum at the Council after suffering two defeats.

Challenge Taken Up by U. S.

Demanding an immediate postponement of discussion of Iran until April 10—as he asked originally on March 19—Gromyko said:

"If the Security Council does not feel able to postpone discussions until the 10th of April the Soviet government will not feel ready to take part in such a discussion."

Secretary of State Byrnes and British Chief Delegate Sir Alexander Cadogan immediately accepted the Russian challenge and demanded that Iran be heard on its dispute with Russia.

Henri Bonnet of France, silent while the others wrangled, offered the subcommittee proposal when it looked as if a showdown between the western and eastern delegates of the Big Three was imminent.

Day's First Laughter

Bonnet wanted to name President Quo Tai-Chi of China a member of the subcommittee. Quo smilingly declined, saying he would have to receive the subcommittee'es report. Bonnet himself was nominated—and there was laughter for the first time in a long day because he had put himself on the spot as the controlling voter with the United States on one sided and Russia on the other.

Nine nations—all but Mexico and The Netherlands voted for the subcommittee. It was the first time at the meeting that Russia had not found herself and Poland isolated against the nine other member countries.

Gromyko fought first stubbornly, then desperately as the Council steamrollered him, and finally came out with his boycott ultimatum.

9 Votes to 2

Before that, the Council beat down a Russian proposal to exclude the Iranian question from its program on the ground that there was no more dispute because Russian troops were withdrawing from the country under a specific agreement. Only Russia and Poland voted for the proposal. Thus in effect it was defeated 9 to 2.

Then the Council by 9 votes to 2, again with Russia and Poland on the losing side, voted to keep the Iranian question under its jurisdiction. This meant that Iran would be heard.

In this connection, Iranian Ambassador Hussein Ala, who sat in the first row of the audience facing the council all day, hearing his country's case discussed, told the United Press tonight that he was ready to give the Council the full-

See NATIONS, Page 4, Column 2

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Text of CPA Order Limiting Building

Following is the text of Veterans' Housing Program Order No. 1 by the Civilian Production Administration:

THE veterans' emergency housing program, set forth February 7, 1946, by the housing expediter in his report to the President, calls for the construction of an unprecedented number of moderate and low-cost housing accommodations to meet the needs of returning veterans. The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of materials and facilities required for construction, for defense, for private account and for export.

It will be impossible to carry out the veterans' emergency housing program without diverting critical materials from deferrable or less essential construction. The following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense.

Section 4700.—Veterans' Housing Program Order 1. (a) What this order does. In order to carry out the veterans' emergency housing program, this order forbids the beginning of construction and repair work on buildings and certain other structures without specific authorization under paragraph (h) of the order, with the exception of certain small jobs and other work covered by paragraphs (d), (e) and (f). The restrictions of the order apply whether or not the materials needed are on hand or are available without priorities assistance.

(b) Structures and work covered by this order. (1) Kinds of structures. The restrictions of this order apply to certain kinds of work on structures.

AS used in the order, "structure" means any building, arena, stadium, grandstand, pier, moving picture set or billboard, whether of a permanent or temporary nature. (However, the erection of stands or other structures which have been used before and are being erected only for a temporary purpose and are to be taken down after the temporary purpose is served is not covered by the order.)

The term "structure" does not include roads, streets, sidewalks, railroad or street or interurban or plant railway tracks or operating facilities (other than buildings), fences, silos, trailers (except when demounted and installed on a foundation), bridges, tunnels, subways, pipe lines, utility facilities (except buildings) providing for electric, gas, sewerage, water, central steam heating or telephone or telegraph communication services including power or utility lines and sewers, surface or underground mines, wells, dams, canals or drainage or irrigation ditches.

The term "structure" also does not include anything that is not attached to the land or to a structure as defined above, or any kind of equipment installed outside of and not attached to a building or other structure.

2. Kinds of work. The restrictions of this order apply to constructing, repairing, making additions or alterations (including alterations, incidental to installing any kind of equipment), improving or converting structures, or installing or relocating fixtures or mechanical equipment in structures.

These terms include any kind of work on a structure which involves the putting up or putting together of processed materials, products, fixtures or mechanical equipment, if the processed materials, products, fixtures or mechanical equipment are attached to the land, or are attached to a structure and used as a functional part of the structure, or are attached so firmly to the land or structure that removal would injure the material, product, fixture or mechanical equipment or the structure.

THE laying of asphalt or other tile or linoleum cemented or otherwise attached to the structure is covered by the order. However, repainting, repapering, and sanding floors, and greasing, overhauling, repairing or installing repair or replacement parts in existing mechanical equipment in all types of structures, where no change in the structure is made, are not covered by the order.

3. Fixtures and mechanical equipment. The term "fixture" means any article attached to a building or structure and used as a part of the building or structure. The term "mechanical equipment" means any equipment which is used to operate a building or other structure.

The following items are included within the phrase "fixtures and mechanical equipment" if they are attached to the building or structure in any of the ways indicated later in this paragraph: plumbing, heating, ventilating and lighting equipment, panelling, bookcases, cars, soda fountains, show cases, booths, wood or metal partitions, counters, and the like. These articles are considered to be attached to a building or structure if they are attached by nails or screws to the building, if they are connected to the plumbing or other piping system of the building, if they are connected to the lighting system of the building (except by connection to an existing outlet), or if a base or foundation is built for the item, or if the item is cemented to the building or structure.

THE phrase "fixtures and mechanical equipment" does not include the following: machine tools, blast furnaces, conveyers, elevators, process piping, control or testing equipment used for industrial or utility purposes or in a laboratory, power generating or transmitting equipment, such as boilers, generators, transformers, and the like (however, where the purpose of boilers, transformers and similar equipment is primarily to provide electricity or steam for lighting or heating the building in which they are installed, they would be mechanical equipment), medical equipment in a hospital, washing machines, or dryers in a commercial laundry, compressors or cooling equipment in a cold storage warehouse or frozen food locker plant, gasoline pumps and hydraulic lifts in a garage or service station, and stoves, refrigerators (other than refrigerators constructed as an integral part of a building), food-warming equipment and dish-washing equipment in a restaurant.

(C) Prohibited construction. (1) No person shall begin to construct, to repair, to make additions or alterations to, to improve, to convert from one purpose to another, or to install or to relocate fixtures or mechanical equipment in, any structure, public or private, in the 48 States and District of Columbia, Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands, except to the extent permitted under paragraph (D), (E) and (F), or when and to the extent specifically authorized under paragraph (H).

No person shall carry on or participate in any construction, repair work, addition, improvement, conversion, alteration, installation or relocation of fixtures or mechanical equipment prohibited by this order.

The prohibitions of this paragraph apply to a person who does his own construction work, to a person who gets a contractor to do the work, to contractors, subcontractors, architects and engineers working on a job which is being carried on in violation of this order or getting others to work on it or to supply materials for it.

(2) This order forbids the beginning of certain kinds of work. To "begin" work on a structure means to incorporate into a structure on the site materials which are to be an integral part of the structure in question. Demolition, excavation and similar site preparation do not constitute beginning construction.

THE order does not apply to work which was begun before March 26, 1946, and which was being carried on on that date and which is carried on normally after that date. However, this rule only applies to the particular building or other structure begun before March 26, 1946. It does not apply to any other building or structure which had not itself been begun by that date even though the two are closely related.

(d) Exemption for small jobs. (1) This order does not restrict a construction, repair, alteration or installation job, the cost of which does not exceed the allowance given below for the particular kind of structure involved:

(I) $400 for a house or other structure (such as a garage) on residential property designed for occupancy by five families or less. This allowance also applies to farmhouses and other housing accommodations on farms, except bunkhouses and other accommodations for transitory farm laborers.

(II) $1000 for a hotel, resort, apartment house, or other residential buildings designed for occupancy by more than five families.

(III) $1000 for a building used primarily for one or more commercial or service establishments such as offices, banks, stores, laundries, garages, restaurants, night clubs, theaters, repair shops, warehouses, frozen food locker plants and radio stations.

(IV) $1000 for a farm, excluding farm houses which are covered by paragraph (D) (1) (I) above. A farm means a place used primarily for raising crops, livestock, dairy products or poultry for the market.

(V) $1000 for a church, hospital, school, college or a publicly owned building used for public purposes, or for an orphanage or other building used exclusively for charitable purposes.

(VI) $15,000 for a factory, plant or other industrial structure which is used for the manufacturing, processing, or assembling of any goods or materials, for a logging and a pier designed for amusement lumber camp, for a pier (other than entertainment or other commercial purposes), for a structure used for or in connection with a railroad or street railway or a commercial airport, for a bus terminal, for a truck terminal operated by a common or contract carrier by truck, or for a research laboratory or pilot plant or for a motion picture set.

THIS ALLOWANCE is applicable to structures used for oil, gas or petroleum producing, refining, or distributing (except service stations and garages which are covered by paragraph (D) (1) (III) above). It is also applicable to utility structures (public or private) providing for electric, gas, sewerage, water, central steam heating, or telephone or telegraph communication services.

(VII) $200 for a structure covered by this order which does not fall within one of the classes listed above.

3. For the purpose of determining whether a particular job is exempted from this order by paragraph (D), the "cost" of a job means the cost of the entire construction job as estimated at the time of beginning construction.

This includes cost of paid labor engaged in the construction work, regardless of who pays for it, the cost or value of new fixtures, mechanical equipment and materials incorporated in the structures, whether or not obtained without paying for them, and the amount paid for contractors' fees. It does not include the cost or value of previously used fixtures, mechanical equipment and materials, the value of unpaid labor, or the cost or value of machinery and equipment (other than mechanical equipment) or the cost of labor engaged in assembling and installing the machinery and equipment.

(E) For the purpose of this exemption, a related series of operations which are performed at or about the same time or as part of a single plan or program constitute a single job. No job which would ordinarily be done as a single piece of work may be subdivided for the purpose of coming within this exemption.

When a building or part of a building is converted from one purpose to another, all work incidental to and done in connection with the conversion must be counted as one job.

SO also if a building is being renovated, improved or modernized over an extended period, all work done in connection with the modernization (other than work done before March 26, 1946) must be considered as part of one job, even though separate contracts are let for the different parts of the work. The definition of a job given in this paragraph may not be used in determining whether construction has started prior to the issuance of the order under paragraph (C) (2).

4. If a structure is used for more than one purpose and might therefore fall within more than one of the classes indicated, the use to which the greatest part of the structure will be put (computed on the basis of the floor area where applicable) determines the allowance.

If a structure is being converted from one purpose to another, the allowance applicable to the structure after the conversion is the maximum allowance for the conversion. The allowances given for jobs on a structure apply to all subordinate or related structures situated near and used in connection with the structure.

(E) Exemption for repair and maintenance work in industrial utility and transportation buildings and structures. The prohibitions of this order do not apply to maintenance and repair work in structures covered by paragraph (D) (1) (VI) ofthis order.

FOR the purpose of the exemption given by this paragraph, "maintenance" means the minimum upkeep necessary to keep a structure in sound working condition and "repair" means the restoration of a structure to sound working condition when the structure has been rendered unsafe or unfit for service by wear and tear, damage, failure of parts, or the like.

However, neither maintenance nor repair includes the improvement of any structure by replacing material which is still usable with material of a better kind, quality or design. No maintenance or repair work which is capitalized by the person doing the maintenance or repair work may be performed under this exemption.

Alterations to a building or other structure covered by paragraph (D) (1) (VI), including alterations incidental to installation of equipment, are not exempted by this paragraph, even though they are not capitalized, and may only be done when and to the extent permitted under paragraph (D) or when specifically authorized.

(F) Other exemptions. (1) Disaster. (I) The prohibitions of this order do not apply to the minimum work necessary to prevent more damage to a building or structure (or its contents) which has been damaged by flood, fire, tornado, or similar disaster. This does not include the restoration of the structure to its former condition.

(II) The prohibitions of this order do not apply to the repair, rebuilding or reconstruction of any house (including a farmhouse) or any farm building which was destroyed or damaged by fire, flood, tornado or similar disaster, if the total cost of the repairs, rebuilding or reconstruction does not exceed $6,000 and if the reconstruction is started within 60 days of the occurrence of the disaster.

(2) Military construction. The prohibitions of this order do not apply to work by or for the accounts of the United States Army or Navy.

(3) Veterans' Administration. The prohibitions of this order do not apply to work on construction projects of the Veterans' Administration, including projects being built by the Corps of Engineers for the Veterans' Administration, or to the remodeling of a building or any part of a building which has been leased to the Veterans' Administration or to Public Buildings Administration for occupancy or use by the Veterans' Administration.

(G) Prohibited deliveries. No person shall accept an order for, sell, deliver or cause to be delivered materials which he knows or has reason to believe will be used in work prohibited by this order.

(H) Authorizations. Persons who wish to begin work which is prohibited by this order may apply for authorization. If the application covers housing accommodations under Priorities Regulation 33 (including farm dwellings), it should be made on Form CPA 4386. Applications from nonfarm housing accommodations should be filed with the local office of the Federal Housing Administration. Applications covering housing accommodations on a farm should be filed with the appropriate county agriculture conservation committee.

THE assignment of ratings for or approval of housing accommodations under Priorities Regulation 33, whether before or after the issuance of this order, constitutes an authorization under this order to do the work for which priority assistance or approval was given under that regulation.

If the application covers work on a farm (other than farm dwellings), the application should be made on Form CPA 4423 and should be filed with the appropriate county agricultural conservation committee.

If work on any other kind of structure is involved, the application should be filed on Form CPA 4423 with the appropriate construction field office of the Civilian Production Administration.

Applications will be reviewed to see whether and how much the proposed construction would interfere with the veterans' emergency housing program.

In addition, the essentiality of the proposed work in relation to the veterans' emergency housing program, to the elimination of a bottleneck to the reconversion of the national economy from a wartime to a peacetime basis, to the public health and safety of the community, or to eliminate an unusual and extreme hardship will be taken into consideration in determining whether the application should be approved.

In case of emergency, a request for authorization may be made by telegram to the appropriate Civilian Production Administration construction field office.

THE telegram should state the nature of the emergency (fire, flood, etc.), the use to which the building will be put, the type of construction, the estimated cost of construction and the reasons why immediate reconstruction is necessary.

(I) Construction under authorizations. When a person is specifically authorized, either by approval of Form CPA 4423 or Form CPA 4386 or otherwise, to do work restricted by this order, he must observe the restrictions imposed on him by the authorization, and in doing the authorized work, he must not do any work of the kinds covered by the order unless it is specifically covered by the authorization.

He may not, in connection with a job which has been specifically authorized, do additional work under the exemption given by paragraph (D).

When an application on Form CPA 4423 has been approved a placard will be sent to the applicant stating that the construction has been approved under this order. The applicant must place in the placard the project serial number and must set up the placard in front of the project site in a conspicuous location within five days after construction has been started and he must keep the placard there until completion of the building.

(J) Violations. Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order or who, in connection with this order, willfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment.

In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using material under priorities control, and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(K) Communications. All communications concerning this order should be addressed to the Civilian Production Administration, Washington 25, D. C., REF: VHP-1.

(1) Reports. All persons affected by this regulation shall file such reports as may be requested by the CPA, subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 26th day of March, 1946.

CIVILIAN PRODUCTION ADMINISTRATION.
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

History Repeated

In Paramount's Technicolor drama, "California," a replica of Colton Hall, convention hall in Monteray where the California assembly voted in 1848 to become a State in the Union has been constructed.

DON WINSLOW

YOU OLD FAKIR! WHY DON'T YOU TELL ME WHO YOU WERE?
SO EVERYONE WOULD'VE BEEN SUSPICIOUS... EH?
NEVER IN MY CAREER WAS IT SO IMPORTANT FOR ME TO SEE WINSLOW SECRETLY.
WINSLOW, YOU'RE IMPROVING BY THE MINUTE...WE'LL ALL LEAVE NOW AS YOU HAVE A VISITOR COMING TO SEE YOU.
945-C
LI-LI, CALL MY CAR... THE JADE TIGRESS IS ON THE PROWL TONIGHT.
5-27-46

Text of Byrnes Statement to U. N. Council

New York, March 26 (U.P.).—Following is the text of opening statement made by United States Secretary of State Byrnes before the United Nations Security Council today:

MR. PRESIDENT, I cannot agree with the representative of the Soviet government nor support the amendment he offers to the agenda. The facts before the Council are that the Iranian government, through its representative, brought to the attention of the Council a dispute between Iran and the Soviet government which it declared was likely to endanger international peace and security. The Iranian government further stated that contrary to the provisions of the treaty of January 29, 1942, the Soviet government was maintaining troops in Iranian territory after March 2. And in its letter to the Council, it further declared that the Soviet government was continuing to interfere in the internal affairs of Iran through the medium of Soviet agents, officials, and armed forces.

The Iranian government, through its representative, referred to these facts as constituting new developments arising since the action of the Council on January 30.

Today the representative of the Soviet government states that there has been an agreement. If that information is correct, then the Soviet government should have presented to the Council for its consideration a joint statement from the Iranian government and the Soviet government stating that an agreement had been arrived at and asking that there be no further consideration of the question. But that is not the case. The Iranian government has not withdrawn its letter.

Though we have tried to ascertain the facts, we have not ascertained from the Iranian government that there has been an agreement. Therefore, when a member of the United Nations advises the Council that a situation exists which threatens the peace and security of the world, we cannot deny to that nation the opportunity to be heard, to say whether or not there has been an agreement, to say whether or not they wish to withdraw their complaint.

IF THAT is not correct, then all that a government represented on the Council would have to do when a complaint was made against it would be to advise the Council that there has been an agreement, and on the strength of that, ask that the complaining government be denied the opportunity to have a hearing.

All that now is contemplated is the adoption of an agenda which would give to the Iranian government an opportunity to present facts which in the opinion of that government constitute a threat to international peace. Surely the Council cannot deny to any member of the United Nations the opportunity to present a request of that kind, filed in complete accord with the provisions of the Charter.

Mr. President, if there has been an agreement, certainly the Council would want to hear that fact stated by the representative of the Iranian government. If there has been an agreement, we must assume that the representative of the Iranian government will make a statement as to the agreement. We must put this matter on the agenda; we must give to the Iranian government an opportunity to say whether or not there has been an agreement.

If there is not a complete understanding between the Iranian government and the Soviet government, that fact will be disclosed when opportunity is given to both sides of the dispute to make a statement. And when that is done, the Council can take the matter under consideration and determine whether it can take any action to bring about complete agreement. But certainly it cannot deny to a member of the United Nations stating that a condition exists which threatens international peace and security, even the opportunity to present its case.

Rep. Fallon Files For Renomination

Annapolis, Md., March 26 (AP).—Representative George H. Fallon of Baltimore filed today his certificate of candidacy for the Democratic nomination to the Fourth Congressional District seat.

Fallon, the first to file from either party for the office, is serving his first term as a representative of the district.

He listed himself as a Democratic voter in the Fourth Precinct of the Ninth Ward in Baltimore.

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and his orchestra
at the Baltimore Coliseum
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FRIDAY, MARCH 29th
Tickets at Door—$1.50 plus tax

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TAKE
ROBERTS COLD CAPSULES
35c AT ALL DRUG STORES

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GULF STREAM HOTEL
Lake Worth, Florida
Can now accept a few reservations for April
Write for information and literature.

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Early reservations for summer.

Text of Statement by Soviet Envoy to U. N.

New York, March 26 (U.P.).—The text of the opening statement of Andrei A. Gromyko, Soviet Ambassador to the United States, before the United Nations Security Council today:

MR. CHAIRMAN, during the Conference of San Francisco and also during the first session of the General Assembly of the United Nations, held at the beginning of the year in London, the Soviet delegation stated clearly the position of the Soviet goverment with regard to the United Nations. In these declarations, special reference was made to the importance of the role of the Security Council as the chief organ for the maintenance of world peace and security. It is hardly necessary for me to say that the position of my government with regard to the United Nations has not changed.

Striking evidence of the fact that the position of our government is unchanged in this respect was given in the interview, given by the President of the Council of Ministers of the Soviet Union, Generalissimo Stalin, to a representative of the Soviet press on the 15th of March of this year. During this interview, Generalissimo Stalin stated that he attributed great importance to the United Nations and regarded it as a serious instrument for the maintenance of peace and security.

During this interview, Generalissimo Stalin emphasized that the strength of this international organization lay in the determination to apply the principle of equality of peoples as against the domination of some peoples by nations—equality of nations as opposed to the domination by some nations of others. Generalissimo Stalin expressed the hope that by applying this principle of equality between nations, the United Nations could play a great and positive role for the maintenance of peace and security. This statement defines clearly the position of the Soviet Government vis-a-vis the United Nations and constitutes a contribution to the peace and security of nations.

After making these general remarks I would turn to the concrete subject placed on the agenda of the Security Council.

I WOUDD suggest that this subject, brought to the attention of the Security Council by the Iranian Ambassador, Mr. Hussein Ala, in a letter of the 18th of March, is not fitting to be placed on the agenda. I will not repeat the text of this letter. I will not quote from it for its contents are known to the members of the Security Council. But I would propose that as this subject is not fit to be placed on the agenda of the council it should not be so included, and I will now give my reasons for this position.

I would begin by making an official declaration on behalf of the Soviet government. Negotiations between the Soviet government and the government of Iran have resulted in an agreement regarding the evacuation of Soviet troops still in that country. It is already known that the evacuation of these troops began some time ago, on the 2d of March. As regards the evacuation of the troops still remaining in certain zones of Iran, I would state that in accordance with an agreement concluded between the Soviet and the Iranian governments the evacuation of these troops began on the 24th of March—that is, two days ago—and will probably end within five or six weeks unless unforeseen circumstances arise.

In recent times the question of relations between the Soviet and Iran have been used by certain elements to aggravate the political atmosphere of the world. They have helped the activity of certain political groups who aim at engaging in propaganda destined to foment a new war by sowing distrust and anxiety among the peoples. There can be no doubt that the decision taken by the Soviet government in this matter is clear evidence of the pacific policy pursued by my government. The policy of my government is aimed at peace. The decision of the Soviet government also constitutes a reply to those who, though hiding their aggressive designs, are working against international peace and security. These elements also misuse the freedom of discussion and the freedom of the press for their purposes.

I SHALL no doubt have occasion later to show the ill-founded nature of the arguments put forward by the Ambassador of Iran in his communications to the Council. For the present I would limit myself to saying that as a result of the understanding I have already referred to, concluded between the Soviet government and the Iranian government, the so-called question brought up by Iran does not need to come before the Security Council. There is no ground for bringing this subject before the Security Council.

In spite of the statement made by the Iranian Ambassador in his letter of the 18th of March, a letter which makes no mention of the negotiations in progress between the Soviet Union and Iranian governments, and in spite of the declaration made in the second letter of the Iranian Ambassador in which no reference is made to the fact that results were achieved by these negotiations, we have, Mr. Chairman, the fact that negotiations have taken place. This fact is confirmed by the Soviet government and I have already made mention of the decision taken by my government and of the understanding reached between my government and the government of Iran.

The fact of negotiations is also confirmed by the Iranian Prime Minister, Premier Ahmad Ghavam es Saltaneh. So, we have two undisputed facts which I submit, must be considered when we ask ourselves whether this Iranian question should be placed on the agenda of the Security Council.

The first fact is that negitiations have taken place between the governments of the Soviet Union and Iran, although that fact is denied by the Iranian Ambassador, and secondly, the fact that agreement has been reached between the two governments—in virtue of which the Soviet government has taken the decision to which I have already referred. These two facts have to be taken into account when we consider whether the subject is to be placed on the agenda of the Council.

Is it possible, in view of these two facts, which I have mentioned, Mr. Chairman, to ask for the inclusion on the agenda of the Security Council of the so-caled Iranian question? My reply is that there is no ground for such a demand; that such a demand contradicts the facts of the situation and cannot be justified.

In conformity with the resolution adopted by the Security Council on the 30th of January in its session at London, the difference between the governments of the Soviet Union and Iran were to be handled by negotiations between the two parties—bi-lateral negotiations. And in conformity with this decision, negotiations between the two governments did take place. These negotiations brought about positive results—the positive results which I have already mentioned—results agreed to and agreements between the two parties. How, therefore, can we justify a demand to include the so-called question of Iran on the agenda of the Security Council now? Such a demand would be justified only if the negotiations provided for in the resolution of London had either led to no result or had led to results which were not positive. Only if that had taken place would it be justifiable to argue that the subject should now be placed on the agenda. However, the resolution of the 30th of January has been carried out, Mr. Chairman. The negotiations have taken place and a positive understanding has been reached.

Therefore, the decision to place this subject on the agenda of the Security Council contradicts, not only the facts of the situation, but the letter and the spirit of the resolution adopted by the Security Council on the 30th of January.

For these reasons, Mr. Chairman, I propose that the question raised by the Iranian Ambassador in the letter of the 18th of March, should not be included in the agenda of the Security Council. I make this proposal in the hope that the Security Council will examine it with much attention, objectively, in the light of the circumstances and the events of the present time which justify my demand for the exclusion of this subject from the agenda.

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1000 ROOMS WITH BATH AND RADIO from $4.40
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Join the fun in the Sealtest Village Store, starring Jack Haley, Thursdays, 9:30 P. M., WRC Network

State Votes To Acquire Ferry Lines

Richmond, Va., March 26 (AP).—The State Highway Commission adopted a formal resolution today to proceed to acquire by purchase or condemnation, if necessary, the Hampton Roads ferries and the James River bridge system near Norfolk.

The commission also set up tentative allocations for the expenditure of $7,048,815 on the primary road system in the 1946-47 fiscal year.

The long-awaited move by the highway commission toward acquisition of the ferry systems came in the form of a resolution setting forth the act of 1940, authorizing the commission to conduct engineering and economic surveys of the ferry and bridge properties. The commission stated that it has now completed certain surveys "providing sufficient evidence to convince it of the feasibility and practicability of further steps in regard to certain provisions of the act."

York Bridge Ordered

The resolution also directed that the highway commissioner proceed with the construction of the York River bridge, extending from a point within the town of Yorktown across the York River to Gloucester Point "or some point in Gloucester County."

The tentative allocations established by the highway department for primary work are subject to public hearings to be conducted in late April or in early May. As now set up, the allocations provide $966,163 for work in the Suffolk district; $528,988 for Fredericksburg, $821,326 for Culpeper, $909,680 for Staunton, $661,736 for Lynchburg, $952,578 for Salem, and $1,053,880 for the Bristol district.

It is expected that allocations for primary construction in the 1947-48 fiscal year will be made next fall. The second year amounts for primary and secondary Federal aid probably will be included with the regular receipts from the gas tax and motor vehicle licenses at that time.

Projects Detailed

The commission set up seven projects tentatively in the Suffolk district. These included: $20,000 for work on Route 58 in Southampton County near Franklin, $200,000 for work on Route 58 in Norfolk and Princess Anne Counties east of Norfolk, $15,000 for work on Route 60 in Princess Anne County near Virginia Beach, $40,000 for work on Route 88 in Greenville and Southampton Counties west of Branchville, $16,000 for work on Route 164 in Princess Anne County near Virginia Beach, $191,646 for work on Route 169 in Elizabeth City County between Phoebus and Buckroe Beach, and $35,000 for work on Route 258 in Southampton County near Franklin.

Tentative allocations in the Fredericksburg area included $50,000 for a new ferry slip on the Twiggs Ferry on Route 225 between Mathews and Middlesex County, $150,000 for work on Route 3 west of Lively in Lancaster and Richmond Counties, and $140,114 for work on Route 218 in King George County east of Fairview Beach.

Lane Gets Indorsement From Frederick Group

Baltimore, March 26 (AP).—W. Preston Lane, jr., candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor, has a new indorsement from seven members of the Democratic State Central Committee of Frederick County.

Lane's Baltimore campaign headquarters announced that a petition indorsing him was signed by Committeemen F. Ross Myers, banker; Lawrence E. Sigafoose, retailer; James H. Grove, jr., manufacturer; Alton Y. Bennett, attorney and former committee chairman: Avey Browning, school teacher; Thomas A. Saylor and Joseph F. Chew.

Problem for Uno, Va.

Associated Press Photo

POSTMASTER PONDERS—Horace C. Weaver sits at the steps of his postoffice in Uno, Va., wondering how the title letters of the world organization will affect his Madison County community. The village got its name 50 years before the United Nations organization was founded. A logical move would be to locate the United Nations headquarters in Madison County, he thinks

Navy Appeals Jail Sentences Of 2 Veterans

Annapolis, Md., March 26 (AP).—A sailor and a marine, both combat veterans of two years and one, respectively, to the Maryland House of Correction, Trial Magistrate James G. Woodward said today.

The two—Storekeeper 2/c Gerald E. Doughty, 21, Columbus, Ohio, and Pvt. John Marcovecchio, 23 of Detroit, Mich.—were convicted last week of assault and battery Woodward said.

The Navy said both had good service records, with years of sea duty behind them. "They are now "prisoners at large" at the academy, pending the outcome of their appeal.

According to a report filed by the Naval Academy's legal department to the commanding officer of the Reina Mercedes, Annapolis station ship, the two were arrested and jailed March 16 after Edward Hubbard, local fisherman, identified them as two servicemen who had attacked and beaten him.

Both men pleaded innocent. They were not represented by counsel before Magistrate Woodward, police said, although a "representative" of the Navy took part in the proceedings.

Hubbard complained he had been set upon by two men, struck to the ground, after which his assailants searched his pockets, where they found 6 cents. These they returned to him and strolled off. Hubbard hailed a police car and after a search, picked out the two as his alleged assailants.

The Navy said the two were arrested at a local hotel on March 16, and "no notification was made to the shore patrol who were at police headquarters shortly after the occurrence."

The servicemen's appeals will come during the April term of the Anne Arundel County Circuit Court, the Navy said.

O'Conor to Be Honored With Draft Medal

Annapolis, Md., March 26 (AP).—Governor O'Conor will be presented a Selective Service honor medal tomorrow at his Baltimore executive office.

Col. Henry C. Stanwood, Maryland director of Selective Service, will make the presentation before Capt. C. Harris Bryan, assistant director, and other Selective Service officials.

The governor named approximately 10,500 persons to serve in State Selective Service, recommending members for the State's 66 local boards to the President for approval.

Old City Maps Vanish After Wall Painting

Fredericksburg, Va., March 26 (AP).—Fredericksburg's City fathers are conducting a hunt for some valuable old city maps which disappeared from the walls of the clerks' and judge's office when the Fredericksburg Courthouse was repainted years ago.

Judge Leon M. Bazile of the Circuit court of Spotsylvania County, has appointed a committee to locate the ancient haps and see that they are rehung.

Some of the drawings have been found in an incomplete search of the courthouse, but those still missing include the first existent survey layout of Fredericksburg made in 1739 by William Waller; the plot of Fielding Lewis' addition to the north of the city, which carried Fredericksburg's limits from the south side of Amelia st. to a line near the old silk mill; a map of the northwest portion of the Willis addition which carried the limits south from Wolfe st; the plot of the Allen and Chapman development of the city, and a map of the Carter M. Braxton extension in 1861.

The map of the second existent survey of the city made in 1808 by C. Smith, taken from its frame, was found in the plot book in the clerk's vault, and the map of the southeast portion of the Willis development was also found.

Age Limit Cut to 30 For Va. Police Recruits

Richmond, Va., March 26 (AP).—The maximum age for recruits of the State Police Department has been reduced from 35 years to 30 years, Col. C. W. Woodson, jr., superintendent, announced yesterday.

Woodson said the change was being made in the interest of efficiency. He explained that the policy of accepting new men in the 21-30 age bracket did not affect men already in the service who are above the maximum age.

Clarke Cooperative Headed by Hardesty

Berryville, Va., March 26. —Holmes Hardesty has been elected president of the board of directors of the Clarke County Coperative, it was announced yesterday. Other officers are Clifton Price, vice president; Mrs. Rrances Seabright, treasurer; J. W. Olcott, secretary, and Donald Cooley, assistant secretary.

The Coperative now has under construction a freezer locker plant a mile south of here on the Millwood pike which also has facilities for slaughtering.

Two Brothers, Killed in War, Are Honored

Baltimore, March 26 (AP).—Two Hagerstown brothers who served with the Army on opposite sides of the world have been awarded posthumously the Silver Star medal for exposing themselves to enemy fire to rescue wounded comrades.

Their widows received the decorations at ceremonies conducted yesterday at Third Service Command headquarters by Maj. Gen. Manton S. Eddy, commanding general.

Mrs. Delorous C. Keplinger of Hagerstown received one of the medals for her late husband, Sergt. Rudolph L. Keplinger, who left cover during a Japanese attack on his First Cavalry Division unit in the Philippines on March 12, 1945, to aid a fellow soldier who had been struck down by enemy fire.

Keplinger administered first aid and dragged the injured man to an aid station. He himself was wounded on the way.

Mrs. Evelyn V. Keplinger of Hagerstown was given the medal awarded to her late husband, Pfc. Howard D. Keplinger, Rudolph's older brother. On March 9—three days before his brother rescued a comade—Howard made his way over 50 yards of ground under artillery barrage and, though wounded himself, carried another injured man to safety.

The soldier, who was with the Thirty-fifth Infantry Division in Germany, was fatally wounded by another enemy shell as he reached cover.

The brothers attended school in Hagerstown and had been employed at the Fairchild Aircraft Corp. before entering the Army. Rudolph entered in 1942 and Howard in 1944.

Potomac Edison Will Cut Rates

Baltimore, March 26. (AP).—Rate reductions in the Potomac Edison Fower Co., effective May 1, will save Maryland electricity users a total of $394,000, annually, Steuart Purcell, chairman of the Public Service Commission, said today.

The PSC has directed the company to revise rate schedules at an annual revenue loss of approximately $515,000, he said. Of this sum, $121,000 will be reflected in rate reductions outside the State, including West Virginia, Virginia and Pennsylvania.

Electric service is supplied by the company to Allegany, Garrett, Washington, Frederick, Montgomery and Carroll Counties, in Maryland.

Purse-Snatcher Gets 10 Years in Baltimore

Baltimore, March 26 (AP).—John Dow McCaskell, 24, pleaded guilty to charges of burglary and robbery today in connection with an attempted purse-snatching and was sentenced to 10 years in the State penitentiary.

The sentence was imposed by Chief Judge W. Conwell Smith in criminal court.

McCaskell was accused of breaking into a garage, hiding in the automobile of Miss Hilda Barry, and attempting to rob her of her purse.

He was frightened off when Miss Barry screamed and was caught after a chase.

Guard Heads To Discuss Postwar Plan

Richmond, Va., March 26 (AP).—Approximately 60 officers of the Virginia National Guard have been invited by Governor Tuck to meet in the Senate Chamber at 10 a. m. Thursday for a discussion of the postwar National Guard, the adjutant general's office announced today.

A tentative plan has been worked out by the War Department for reorganization by the National Guard this summer.

Present plans call for an organization of some 12,000 men, deprewar lines, but with the addition of a fighter squadron and other streamlined components of modern warfare.

The Army's proposal will be laid before the Virginia group by Adjutant General S. Gardner Waller, and the former National Guard officers will be asked to make suggestions as to recruiting campaigns, amendments to the Army plan, and other pertinent matters.

Luncheon will be served for the guests following the meeting, General Waller said.

The officers attending the meeting represent the entire State and also are representative of every branch of the prewar National Guard.

They will be asked to lend their support particularly to developing National Guard units in the many areas of Virginia, where National Guard companies were formed following the Spanish-American War or following World War I, but later disbanded.

B.&O. Debt Cut Faces New Suit

Baltimore, March 26 (AP).—The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad's 500 million dollars debt adjustment plan faced possible new litigation today as the result of a motion for another hearing on the reorganization proposal filed in Federal court here by Randolph Phillips, New York financial consultant.

Seven days after the court decree approving the plan was signed on March 13, the B. & O. announced it had appropriated more than seven million dollars out of 1945 available income for the general sinking fund, Phillips contended.

The consultant, who had been chief objector to the reorganization proposal in two previous suits, alleged that this action made available under the plan about $2,731,759 for the payment of dividends on the preferred and common stock.

Four days after the decree, the railroad announced a plan to refund senior bonds as soon as possible, Phillips contended.

Such a proposal, if effectuated, he added, would provide payment of redemption premiums, totalling over $6,000,000 of the railroad's first mortgage bonds, Southwestern and Toledo-Cincinnati divisions, plus payment of the bonds in full to holders.

The possibility of such a payment, Phillips contended, was a major inducement in winning holders' approval of the reorganization plan.

Phillips submitted the motion to Federal Judges Morris A. Soper, Armistead M. Dobie and W. Calvin Chesnut, who sat at previous hearings on the B & O reorganization plan.

Livestock and Produce

Baltimore Livestock

Baltimore, March 26 (AP) (USDA).—CATTLE—Receipts, 100; action centered mainly on cows and bulls; these active, steady with Monday; smooth young medium grade cows, 12.00@13.00; but nothing offered early to sell above 12.00; common, 9.50@11.00; canners and cutters, 7.00@9.00, mostly 7.50 up; good weighty sausage bulls, 12.50@13.00; cutter, common and medium, 10.00@12.00.

CALVES—Receipts, 100; vealers and weights slaughter calves active, steady with Monday; mixed lots good and choice 120 to 220 lb. vealers, 16.50@17.50; strictly choice vealers 18.00; common and medium, 10.50@15.50; mostly 12.00 up; culls around 8.50; extreme lightweights down to 5.00; good weighty slaughter calves, 14.00; common and medium, 10.00@13.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 250; active, steady with Monday; good and choice barrows and gilts from 140 to 400 lbs., 15.40 the ceiling; 400 to 450 lbs., 15.00; good sows, 14.50.

SHEEP—Receipts, 25; nominally steady; good and choice fed wooled lambs quotable 16.00@16.50; common and medium, 12.00@15.00; culls around 9.00; choice lightweight wooled slaughter ewes quotable at 7.00; common to good, 3.50@6.50 according to grade and condition.

POULTRY—Market steady to firm; receipts lightly; roasters, fryers and broilers, colored, 30@34, few 35; fowl unchanged. Live turkeys, market steady on hens and small toms, dull on large toms; young turkeys, 27@39.8; heavy toms, over 30 lbs., 30@32.

Richmond Markets

Richmond, Va., March 26 (AP) (USDA).—WHITE POTATOES—Receipts moderate, market slightly weaker; 100-lb. sacks, New York and Maine, 3.60@4.00.

POTATOES—New, Florida Red Bliss, market stronger, 2.75@3.00; 50-lb. bags.

SWEET POTATOES—Market firm; Louisiana, South Caroline, North Carolina, 3.50@4.00.

CABBAGE — Receipts moderate, market slightly weaker; Florida and Texas, 2.25@2.75.

EGGS—Market weak and very weak on current receipts; receipts very liberal; whites, browns, U. S. grade A, large, 33@36; U. S. grade A, medium, 31@33; U. S. grade B, large, 31; U. S. grade C and pullets, 27; current receipts, 28@30.

LIVE POULTRY—Market firm, receipts light; roasters, 25@28; fryers and broilers, 28@30.9; colored fowl, 25@25½; Leghorn fowl, 20; old roosters, 17@18.

HOGS—Market at ceiling, 14.90 (flat) on good and choice barrows and gilts 120 to 330 lbs. up; 100 to 120 lbs., 13.40; good sows under 350 lbs., 14.15; 350 to 500 lbs., 13.40; weights over 500 lbs., 12.90; good stags, 12.40.

CATTLE—Market continues unsettled. Good and choice steers, 16.00@17.00; medium, 11.00@13.00; common, 8.00@10.00; good beef-type cows, 10.00@11.00; good dairy-type, 9.00@10.00; medium, 7.00@9.00; common, 5.00@6.00; shelly kinds lower; good beef-type heifers, 12.00@13.50; medium, 8.00@9.00; common, 6.00@7.00; good butcher bulls, 10.00@11.00; medium, 8.00@9.50; light common kinds, 6.50@7.50; calves steady; choice 17.00; good, 14.00@14.50; medium, 11.00@12.00; common, 8.00@10.00.

Chicago Livestock

Chicago, March 26 (AP) (USDA).—SALABLE HOGS—Receipts, 9000; total, 17,500; active, steady; good and choice barrows and gilts, 14.90, ceiling; sows, 14.10, ceiling; complete early clearance.

SALABLE CATTLE—Receipts 7500, total 7500; salable calves 700, total 700; fed steers and yearlings closed strong to 15 cents higher; market active; strictly choice kinds absent top, 17.60; bulk, 15.50@17.00; common and medium grades in very moderate supply at 12.50@14.75; other killing classes steady, also moderately active; best heifers, 17.75, paid for 856-lb. as well as 1000-lb. heifers; most beef kinds, 10.75@12.50; strictly good offerings 14.50; bulls and vealers very scarce; heavy beef bulls to 14.50; vealers 16.50 down; very few stock cattle here.

SALABLE SHEEP—Receipts, 3000; total, 3500; liberable percentage of small sal ble supply consisting of medium to good wooled lambs, these fully steady, with four loads 92-lb. weight 15.00 and 15.15, one load held above 15.25, and several loads good to choice fed wooled Western lambs held above 15.65; other classes either entirely absent or extremely scarce.

New Law Lets Pension Board Invest in Va. School Bonds

Richmond, Va., March 26 (AP).—An amendment to the Virginia Retirement Act by the recent General Assembly removes any question of the authority of the Retirement Board to invest its trust funds in bonds held in the State Literary Fund, it appeared today.

The amendment, contained in House bill 364, clarifies the present presumed authority and may have the effect of opening up an additional large source of funds for school buildings and improvement purposes.

The retirement system now has approximately $10,228,000 of its trust funds invested. Whether it takes over bonds or other evidences of debt of school boards held in the literary fund probably will hinge on the return on such loans, compared with that yielded from other available investments.

Applications Heavy

The Literary Fund, now amounting to some 13 million dollars, has experienced many new and heavy demands for loans for school building programs since the end of the war. When materials and labor become available it is expected that the applications for funds will be stepped up even further. It still has about 7 million dollars of the 13 million dollars available for loans, however.

The General Assembly, in separate bills, made two amendments to the section of the retirement act dealing with compulsory retirement. One provides that a person who is 70 years of age or older at the conclusion of the war may continue in service until the end of the fiscal year in which the war is terminated, presumably meaning the official termination of the war. The other change to the same section provides that a member of the retirement system, with long service as a teacher or State employe, who has attained the 70-year compulsory retirement age may, upon request of his employer and with approval of the retirement board, be continued in service for a period not extending beyond July 1, 1948.

Other Changes Listed

Another of four bills enacted dealing with the retirement system provides that members of the system who served in the armed forces shall be entitled to credit for the period of their absence. This is not interpreted, however, as applying to persons who elected not to become members of the system within the 150-day period allowed after inauguration of the retirement program on July 1, 1942.

The fourth bill provides for indefinitely continuing the $300 a year minimum pension to teachers retired under the old teachers' pension act, which was repealed in 1942. This minimum was first paid in 1944 under an act passed in 1944, but which applied only during the 1944-46 biennium.

House Bill 364, in addition to the investment provision, repeals a paragraph of the present law which rendered ineligible for membership in the retirement system persons who come within the old age insurance provisions of the Social Security Act; and provides that a member shall be eligible for service retirement who notifies the board of his intension to retire subsequent to the time of being in service, provided he otherwise was eligible for service retirement at the time of separation.

Two Brothers Sue Father for Money From Army Pay

Towson, Md., March 26 (AP).—Two brothers—one of them still in the service—today filed suits against their father, Charles Britton, Sr., of Middle River, to recover money alloted him from their army pay which they claim he used to purchase an airplane.

Staff sergeant Raymond Britton, now stationed at Camp Campbell, Ky., and Charles Britton, jr., of Middle River, filed the suits in Biltimore County circuit court here.

The soldier said his father received a total of $850 in allotment checks while the sergeant was stationed in the Turopean theater. He said the father was instructed to deposit the money in an account for the soldier's benefit.

Charles, jr., who served more than a year in the Pacific, contended he sent the father $1100 over a period of more than a year and his instructions also, he said, were that the money be kept for him until he was discharged from the service. The brothers alleged that their father had refused to turn the money over to them and Judge J. Howard Murray signed an order calling upon the senior Britton to show cause by April 6 why he should not be restrained fro mselling the airplane in question.

Church Parley Set

Martinsburg, W. Va., March 26.—The third annual Religious Education Institute of Winchester (Va.) Presbytery, in which about 40 churches will participate, will be held in Moorefield, W. Va., tomorrow, and in Winchester, Va., Thursday, the Rev. Julian T. Owen, this county, chairman of the committee in charge, announced today. There will be afternoon and evening sessions.

State Drafts Plans For Enlargement Of Kent Terminal

Baltimore, March 26 (AP).—Robert Reindollar, Maryland State roads commissioner, said today that plans were being made to remodel the Matapeake ferry terminal on Kent Island "to handle more frequent ferry service.

Application has been made with the United States Army engineers for a permit to replace the single ferry slip with two slips for boat-loading, he said. Plans include concrete bulkheads, approach bridges and twin breakwaters.

The engineers' office announced that any criticisms of protests concerning the proposed work should be made on or before April 4.

Governor O'Conor announced last week after a conference with Eastern Shore and Baltimore city representatives that ferry service would be extended approximately seven hours daily beginning May 1.

Under the new schedule, continuous ferry service will be provided between the hours of 6 a. m., and 1 a. m. daily.

Guy Gantz Rites Set Tomorrow

Hagerstown, Md., March 26. (AP). Funeral services will be held Thursday at St. Mary's Catholic Church for Guy G. Gantz, 61, Washington County supervisor of assessments for more than 30 years, who died yesterday.

Gantz was recognized as one of the leading authorities on assessments in this section of the country. He was first president of the Maryland Supervisors and Assessors Association. He was appointed to his post by Gov. Emerson C. Harrington in 1917. Surviving are his widow, a son and a daughter.

Bids Opened On Four Md. Road Projects

Baltimore, March 26 (AP).—Bids on four highway and bridge projects on the Eastern Shore and in Carroll County totalling more than $1,762,000 were opened today by the State Roads Commission.

The bids will be studied by the commission before awarding of contracts.

These were the first in a 20 million dollar road and bridge program for 1946 announced recently by Governor O'Conor, and termed the "greatest period" of such construction in the State's history.

Lamar Steuart, commission secretary, said that bids may be opened later in the week on the first section of the National Pike relocation between Frederick and Hagerstown.

Bids on this section, eight and three-fifths miles east of Hagerstown toward the Washington County line, originally were to be opened today. The coast was estimated at about $610,000.

Low bid for construction of 3.03 miles of concrete on the Mount Hilly-Vienna road between Big Mills and Vienna in Dorchester County was submitted by H. Lay Phillips and Company, Salisbury, for $312,303.25.

James Julian of Wilmington, submitted the low bid of $505,831.20 for 5.752 miles concrete paving on the Wye Mills-Easton-Trappe road in Talbot County. The project is located about 10½ miles south of Wye Mills, by-passing Easton to Peach Blossow Creek.

Four bids were submitted for reconstruction of the Westminster Pike from Mount Pleasant toward Finksburg, slightly less than three miles. The low offer of $763,546 was made by C. J. Langenfelder.

The ninth and final bid opened for a bridge on the Westminster Pike project—that of Thomas, Bennett and Hunter, totaled $180,994, which was lowest. The new bridge will be over the north branch of the Patapsco River.

2 Young Robin Hoods Held in $240 Theft

Berkeley Springs, W. Va., March 26 (Spl.).—An 11-year-old boy and a 9-year-old girl were succeeding very well in distributing among playmates some $240 which they had appropriated from the savings of Howard Shirley, a day laborer, when peace officers caught up with them, recovered about $65 and committed the children to the care of the Department of Public Assistance. The money had been taken from the home where Shirley boarded.

Officers said the pair made cash gifts to some of their young friends, tossed coins into a stream to see other children wade in and recover them, and bought great quantities of candy, ice cream and other confections.

Winchester Building Permits Show Boom

Winchester, Va., March 26 (Spl.). Already in less than three months of 1946, building permits here have equalled those issued in a normal prewar year according to C. P. McVicar, commissioner of revenue.

Since January 1, 58 requests for buildings have been received representing an expenditure of approximately $229,195.

Advertisement

Gas on Stomach

Relieved in 5 minutes or double your money back

When excess stomach acid causes painful, suffocating gas, sour stomach and heartburn, doctors usually prescribe the fastest-acting medicines known for symptomatic relief—medicines like those in Bell-ans Tablets. No laxative. Bell-ans brings comfort in a jiffy or double your money back on return of bottle to us. 25c at all druggists.

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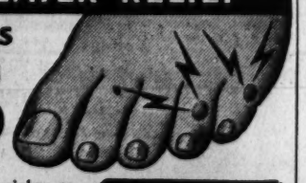
BETWEEN CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, SPOKANE, SEATTLE, TACOMA, PORTLAND AND VANCOUVER, B. C.

NEW Treatment Gives GREATER RELIEF

COMPLETELY REMOVES

CORNS



If you are not getting complete relief from painful corns and quick easy painless removal, then try the new Keyes Pads and Plasters. These patented protective pads and removing plasters are so much better you'll be amazed. The worse your corn the more satisfaction you will get. They give complete relief when many others fail.

ENTIRELY DIFFERENT

Their downy-soft, adhesive coated virgin wool forms itself around the corn. Adjustable in size and thickness. Complete relief is yours while separate medicated plasters safely, surely and completely remove every trace of your corn. Then pad alone keeps corns away. Nothing else to buy. Flesh colored, inconspicuous, easy to use. Don't come off in bath. Used by many leading foot doctors. Try these wonderful, new pads and enjoy the many outstanding features not found in others. If you don't judge them far better than any others return the empty package for double your money back. Introductory offer gives you 12 pads and 16 plasters for only 19¢

Double YOUR MONEY BACK IF YOU DON'T JUDGE THEM BETTER!

KEYES PADS and PLASTERS *for Corns, Callouses and Bunions*

the OPERA HOUSE

8:30 p.m.

To speak of the name Giacomo Puccini is to recall his opera "La Boheme"—arias from which will be presented on your Opera House program tonight featuring such artists as Albanese, Gigli, Muzio, and Borgioli! This particular opera was first conducted by Toscanini at its premiere in Turin. For a complete selection of these and other recorded good music programs—write to WINX, Dept. H, 8th and Eye Sts. N.W., for your next "Good Music" schedule.

Listen to "Songs of Faith"—a program of religious music for all faiths from 9:20 to 10:00 A.M. Prior to this program gram you'll enjoy "Capital Church Comment" by Robert Tate Allan from 9:05 to 9:20 A. M.

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NEWS . . . EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR!

2 Witnesses At Variance In Car Death

Conflicting testimony concerning the sobriety of James T. Connell, 54-year-old accountant, at the time his car struck and fatally injured a newsboy, was heard yesterday at his manslaughter trial.

The case opened before District Court Justice Henry A. Schweinhaut after Connell waived his right to a jury trial. The case may close today after the defendant takes the witness stand in his own defense.

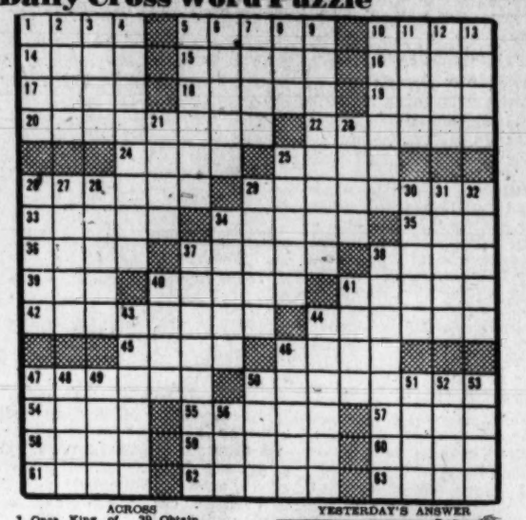
He is accused of being the driver of a car which mounted the curb at 44th and Ellicott sts. nw., June 23 and hit Donald Raymond De Vol, who was sitting in a grassy plot folding newspapers for his older brother, Robert, to deliver.

Mrs. Mamie Tylor, 719 19th st. se., Connell's housekeeper, said that Connell had one drink when he stopped by his house at 4437 Farraday pl. nw., with a friend, and that he was "definitely not drunk" when he left the house a half hour later, just prior to the tragedy.

Lieut. William Liverman, head of the Accident Investigation Unit, testified that he interviewed Connell at the precinct several hours after the accident, and that he noticed a strong odor of alcohol in the cell. He said Connell told him of having four drinks during the course of the afternoon.

The parents of the dead child, Mr. and Mrs. Harry De Vol, 4423 Harrison st. nw., sat quietly in court during the day's proceedings, but were not called to testify by Prosecutor George McNeil.

Daily Cross Word Puzzle



ACROSS

1 Once King of Norway.
5 Melts.
10 Child's carriage.
14 Falstaff.
15 Chaos.
16 Tibetan priest.
17 God of war.
18 Sheep-like.
19 Give forth.
20 Tormented.
22 Water sprites.
24 Persia.
25 Forbidden.
26 Curved rounded.
29 Petted.
33 Of the East.
34 The larches.
35 Individual.
36 Indicator.
37 Ranch pony.
38 Fine dirt particles.
63 Trade.

DOWN

1 Brilliantly colored fish.
2 Knowledge.
3 Fish-sauce.
4 Feta.
5 Part of the body.
6 Port.
7 Eager.
8 Attained.
9 Obtain.
10 Falls in.
41 Site of legal trial.
42 Eliminations.
44 More depressed.
45 Trash.
46 South American country.
47 Dropped.
50 Remedies.
54 On the sheltered side.
55 Cast out.
57 Weed.
58 Stalk.
59 Lassoer.
60 Sin.
61 Ripped.
62 Tale of romance.
63 Trade.

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER

26 To sponge.
27 Willow.
28 Breed of dwarf cattle.
29 Walking sticks.
30 Noise.
31 Follow.
32 Hold back.
34 Exists.
37 Business associates.
38 Took away.
40 Heal.
41 Portuguese measure.
43 Serious.
44 Lookout.
46 Fast horse.
47 Rapid.
48 Singing voice.
49 Ogle.
50 Kind of melon.
51 Gutter.
52 Operatic solo.
53 Vend.
56 Iota.

Von Papen Sought Peace, Earle Asserts

Philadelphia, March 26 (U.P.).—The Nazi's master diplomat, Franz von Papen, tried in 1944 to arrange a peace "deal" for the surrender of the German armed forces but he wanted the Western Allies to maintain a buffer German army on the Eastern front against Russia, it was disclosed yesterday.

Details of the offer were revealed by George H. Earle, former United States Minister to Turkey and Austria and Governor of Pennsylvania, who returned Saturday.

Earle said von Papen, one-time Nazi vice chancellor, made the peace overture to him, apparently without Hitler's knowledge, in March, 1944, through a "neutral diplomat" and a Baron Kurt Ereiherr von Lersner, who was German Charge d'Affairs to the United States in 1917.

Earle said the offer demanded the German army—"backed up and dominated by an Allied army"—be kept intact and concentrated on the eastern front either under German officers or British and American officers.

The buffer army would hold off the Russians to prevent them from crossing the boundaries of East Prussia, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and the Balkans, von Papen proposed.

Earle said he relayed the offer to the late President Roosevelt, but received no instructions.

Vet Gets a House

Dunn, N. C. (AP).—Edwin Barefoot, a recently discharged serviceman, got a job and had his housing problem solved at the same time. In fact, he's got room to spare now.

Barefoot was hired by Mayor Earl McD. Westbrook as caretaker of the National Guard Armory here, which has 30,000 square feet of floor space and is the second largest in the State.

The city then authorized Barefoot and his wife to live in the building.

IRAN

From Page 1

ment from sending its own forces into northern provinces to quell anti-national disturbances."

Ala's reference to "incidents" in northern Iran went back to his March 18 complaint to the Council that the Soviet Union "is continuing to interfere in the internal affairs of Iran through the medium of Soviet agents, officials and armed forces."

Secretary of State Byrnes drew attention to that charge during today's debate when Soviet Ambassador Andrei Gromyko was insisting that the controversy over withdrawal of Soviet troops had been settled.

Reds Continue Move

Tehran, March 26 (AP).—An Iranian general staff officer said today Soviet troops in Iran were continuing their movement northward toward Russia, but as yet there have been no reports, official or unofficial, that Red army troops actually have crossed the Iranian border into the Soviet Union.

Official Iranian reports reaching here indicated, meanwhile, that a column of Russian combat troops which marched into the Kurdish section of southern Azerbaijan two weeks ago had deployed to positions which might be looked upon as potentially supporting tribesmen's attacks on Iranian garrisons nearby.

These reports added, however, that the Soviet troops had "made no move toward joining the Kurdish action."

It's a Long Walk

Manila, (AP).—The advertising column of the Daily Okinawan, newspaper for Okinawa servicemen, carried this item: "Wanted: Ride to Little Rock, Ark., by friendly young man with sunny disposition. Will share expenses." The business manager of the newspaper would not divulge the name of the advertiser, but added that there had been "several inquiries."

CPA Counsel Wins Limited Divorce Suit

Robert Hawes, 41, chief counsel, Civilian Production Administration, and nephew of the former Senator Harry B. Hawes (D., Mo.), yesterday won a limited divorce suit in District Court from his socially-prominent wife, Dorothy Schurman Hawes.

Hawes, who lives at 5026 Nebraska ave. nw., brought suit against his wife, sister of Judge Jacob Gould Schurman, Justice of the Supreme Court of New York, on grounds of cruelty.

Hawes testified in court that his wife's treatment was such as to "create ill health and nervousness."

In his judgment for a limited divorce, Justice F. Dickinson Letts of District Court granted Mr. Hawes custody of their 5-year-old daughter, Nicole Schurman. Letts directed that the child should be allowed to see her mother "at reasonable times and at reasonable places."

Mr. and Mrs. Hawes, were married in St. Charles County, Mo., in 1940. They had both been married previously. Mrs. Hawes now lives at 2621 O st. nw.

UNRRA

From Page 1

the United States and the United Kingdom, took a surprise stand in asking that the question be put over to the midsummer meeting of UNRRA.

Feonov was on his feet repeatedly.

He charged at one time that if UNRRA proceeds to debate occupation policies in Austria, "it will lose its reputation as an agency responsible for relief."

Sir George Rendel of the United Kingdom, supporting the United States, brought a laugh from an otherwise tense session by asking, "What question today does not have a political significance?"

Stafford Coroner Holds up Finding In Mystery Death

Fredericksburg, Va., March 26 (AP).—Dr. L. F. Lee, Stafford County coroner, examined the body but reported today he was not prepared to state the cause of death of John Dye, 57, of Stafford, who succumbed in Mary Washington Hospital early today, a few hours after he was brought to the hospital.

Dye had received cuts and bruises about the head and face and a fractured jaw, the examination showed.

Meanwhile, Commonwealth's attorney R. H. L. Chichester and Officer Wilbur Robey continued their investigation into the circumstances of Dye's death. A Stafford County resident was being held in the jail here without charge for investigation in connection with the death of Dye.

Police quoted Dye as saying before he died that he had been beaten with a whip.

"Discard Harsh Laxatives" Say Happy Ex-Sufferers!

Famous Cereal Brings Relief to Millions!

Constipated? Harsh drugs get you down? KELLOGG'S *ALL-BRAN* gets at the common cause of much constipation—lack of bulk in the diet. If you suffer from this form of constipation, eat a dish of KELLOGG'S *ALL-BRAN* every day and drink plenty of water. If you do this regularly, you may never have to take another laxative for the rest of your life!

KELLOGG'S *ALL-BRAN* is *not* a purgative! It's a gentle-acting, regulating food . . . milled extra-fine for golden softness.

More Nutritious Than Whole Wheat

ALL-BRAN, made from the *vital outer layers* of finest wheat, contains a *concentration* of protective food elements found in this grain. One ounce of KELLOGG'S *ALL-BRAN* provides over 1/3 of your minimum daily need for iron—to help make good, red blood. Calcium and phosphorus—to help build bones and teeth. Whole-grain vitamins — to help guard against deficiencies. Protein—to help build body tissue essential to growth.

Get *ALL-BRAN* at your grocer's. Made by Kellogg's of Battle Creek and Omaha.

Grandma Is Quicker Than the Firemen

Hastings, Nebr. (AP).—Mrs. Jacob Sitner, who is a grandmother, is not the kind to stand gaping when firemen fight a fire.

While the firemen's attention was absorbed by a fire, she noticed the roof of a nearby house had ignited. She borrowed a garden hose, mounted to the roof, and had the second fire extinguished before professional help arrived.

A few lucky customers can get IMMEDIATE DELIVERY! the new improved easier-riding

1946 Civilian Jeep

*Weatherproof tops available

Here's the mighty jeep, ready to go to work as a civilian. It is a combination car—truck—tractor—and mobile power unit. Quantities are limited at the present so remember, first come, first sold! Visit our new, permanent showrooms on L street—open tonight 'til 9 P. M.

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NATIONS

From Page 1

est report of Russia's alleged interference in Iranian affairs.

Conversational Tones

It was a strange session today, of a Council which is backed by 51 nations and charged with keeping the peace—by force is necessary.

There was no shouting, no arm waving, no excitement. The chief delegates, with their aides behind them, sat at their half-horseshoe table of solid bleached mahogany in green armchairs. Quietly, turn by turn, with Gromyko arguing against each man who opposed him, the delegates quarreled in normal conversational tones. It was so unexciting that at the height of the dispute the audience started filing out, a handful at a time. A whole row of Navy men somewhat sheepishly sidled out for the chow line.

Garson Honored For Dimes Aid

Hollywood—The postman rang twice for Greer Garson on a recent day. She had barely reached home from Rollins College, Fla., with her Doctor of Humanities degree, when the mailman handed her two more honors.

Canadian exhibitors chose her their top star for 1945 and she received a special gold embossed scroll from the National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis, Inc., which read:

"This record symbolizes the deep appreciation for the generous help you have given through your March of Dimes motion picture appeals. These appeals have added many thousands of dollars to funds available for the treatment of victims of infantile paralysis in this area."

Start the day right with Bill Herson the WRC Timekeeper

3 hours of music, news, time signals and good cheer!

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HE TRIED TO HOLD HER BY DENYING HER ALL LOVE BUT HIS OWN!
JOHN PAYNE
MAUREEN O'HARA
WILLIAM BENDIX
Sentimental Journey
20th CENTURY-FOX
And Presenting CONNIE MARSHALL
Directed by WALTER LANG · Produced by WALTER MOROSCO
Screen Play by Samuel Hoffenstein and Elizabeth Reinhardt
Based on a Story by Nella Gardner White
STARTS THURSDAY—LOEW'S PALACE
DOORS OPEN 10:30

TODAY IS POST DAY

Call Sen-
NA 1414
"Our politicians are the damnedest men on earth"
"... but together they make the greatest government in the world." So says Jonathan Daniels, former Washington correspondent and administrative assistant and press secretary to the late President Roosevelt. You'll be fascinated by Mr. Daniels' brilliant and eloquent article about this government of ours that we "cuss, cherish, cheat and argue about." He tells what—and who—our government is, and also what makes it tick.
What I Learned About Washington
by Jonathan Daniels

"Of course not!" said Leni Riefenstahl, Hitler's No. 1 movie actress. "I wasn't his type. He liked soft, cowlike women, like Eve Braun." Leni tried hard to explain her status with Der Fuehrer. She gave the performance of her acting career—but it wasn't good enough to be convincing.

NAZI PIN-UP GIRL
by Budd Schulberg

INTERESTING "MEN AT WORK" SERIES CONTINUES

Remember the fascinating job-stories of an airline pilot, a truck driver, an advertising executive, in the Post before the war? Richard Thruelsen and Ivan Dmitri resume this popular series with an article about a wounded Marine veteran who is starting out in the cleaning and pressing business.

"Clean and Press, Please"
by Richard Thruelsen

Is he cheering US *or* RUSSIA?

Many Koreans welcomed our troops and the Russians—at first. Now they wish both would leave, before their country is permanently split in two. But we won't budge from the south while the Reds are in the north, and vice versa. A keen analysis of the touchy Korean situation.

WE MEET RUSSIA IN KOREA
by *Edgar Snow*

THE TRUTH ABOUT THE SHIRT SHORTAGE

There is plenty of raw cotton, machinery and labor—but almost no shirts. Is the OPA to blame? In a revealing and timely article, the General Manager of the National Retail Dry Goods Association gives his reasons why Americans are losing their shirts.

WHY YOU CAN'T BUY A SHIRT
BY LEW HAHN

This Is Why Lance Left Home!

Zara was the other woman . . . a beautiful, exciting actress. She was so much more glamorous than Susie, his immature little wife, could ever be. But after Lance was killed in an accident, Susie finally came into her own!

The Teapot by Isabella Holt

Also in this issue . . . Dallas and Fort Worth—George Sessions Perry compares the feuding Texas cities . . . **They Hunt for Bad Weather**—Elsie McCormick describes some exciting adventures of Army Air Force Weather Reconnaissance crews . . . **Diapers for Flight Six**—the sky's the limit in this gay short story by Win Brooks . . . plus many entertaining stories, articles, serials and special features for your reading enjoyment.

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MARCH 30, 1946 10¢

ON THE AIR: "The Listening Post" every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday morning at 10:45 on WMAL.

War Still Its Job, Army Says of Atom

Peacetime Uses of Nuclear Energy Run Into Snag of National Security

(This is the last in a series of articles on the issue of civilian vs. military control of atomic energy.)

By Alfred Friendly
Post Reporter

What about the peaceful uses of atomic energy?

In the previous seven articles in this series the discussion has been almost exclusively about the use of atomic energy for war. The underlying assumption was, from everyone's point of view, the worst one—that the United States was required to make more devastating bombs and at a higher production rate.

The question of the proper form of control of atomic energy should also be viewed in relation to the possibilities of the peaceful use of this great new force.

On the surface, at least, there is no particular argument. Even in Army circles, there is complete disavowal of any intention to stick a military finger in matters relating to civilian use of the atom's force.

Guarantees by Law Asked

But the situation is not so simple. Partisans of exclusively civilian control argue that despite the announced intentions of the armed services to keep hands off civilian applications, there must be careful legislative guarantees to prevent the Army and Navy from throwing a monkey wrench in the works, purposely or otherwise.

There are three major dangers of the military services crippling the administration of atomic energy for peaceful purposes, it is contended.

The first is that if the military services have what amounts to final decision on all "defense and security" aspects of the subject, they will interpret every problem as falling within that area. Then, in accordance with their leaning-over-backward and security-minded traditions, they will bottle up in secrecy regulations information and material essential to peacetime uses.

Some Examples

Some examples are at hand.

In the process of making atomic explosives for use in bombs, in the so-called "piles" where plutonium is made from uranium, there result a number of "fission by-products." These are common elements, but they are highly radioactive. They have no military value and cannot be used as, or in, atomic explosives.

They have, however, enormous peacetime possibilities. It seems clear, in fact, that the first, most immediate and possibly most important uses of the fission process will come from the utilization of these by-products in medicine, biological and physiological research and in industrial testing.

This is because the by-product materials, and, indeed, any other substances injected into the piles, behave chemically just like any other material of that element or substance, but, having become radio-active, can be spotted through photographs or electrical instruments.

"Tracer" Carbon

For example, if some radio-active carbon was injected into plant or animal tissue, and replaced the carbon originally there, the new "tracer" carbon could be followed and observed wherever it went and in whatever it did.

The possibility of such use was explored intensively long before the war. The problem was that the material was very hard to come by. To create it, the huge and expensive cyclotrons were built. They bombarded elements with atomic particles and made them radio-active. But the atomic piles accomplish this end much more simply and cheaply, do certain things that a ylcotron cannot, and most important, they produce radio-active material in quantities far beyond the possibility of the cylcotrons.

From considerable prewar experience wtih cyclotron-produced radioactive matter, scientists believe that the "tracer" materials and others, which amount in fact to radium substitutes, will be of particular value in treatment and research on cancer and other diseases and in making possible X-ray photographs of the interior of industrial materials.

But up to now, in spite of great pressure to obtain these materials, the Manhattan District, the Army's bomb production organization, has apparently released none of them.

Inefficient Production

Thus, at the University of Michigan a cyclotron is being put to inefficient operation to produce small quantities of radio-active material to treat leukemia and Hodgkin's disease, when the material needed could be supplied cheaply and in much larger quantity from the Oak Ridge establishments of the Manhattan District.

A second danger that it is alleged would result from giving the military principal voice in decisions on defense matters is that whenever a choice is possible between peace and war uses, the armed services, by nature of their assignment and responsibility, must vote for the latter.

There is a case in point already, although the details are still secret.

Recently there was a decision to be made on the operation of a certain installation, involving a choice between running a plant in such a way as to produce more atomic explosives, or more material for research and peacetime use.

Because the decision rested with the Army and because the Army's first and proper concern is its own strength, the choice was made in favor of more explosives, at the expense of more research and non-explosive materials.

International Question

The third prospective danger concerns the question of international control of nuclear power. Some quarters say that international cooperation will be nipped in the bud if all "security" decisions rest with the armed services.

It is argued that as long as the control of atomic energy remains with the Army the rest of the world can only believe that America is primarily concerned with its use in the form of weapons.

It will thus be difficult if not impossible, the argument continues, for American negotiators on the United Nations atomic commission to convince the rest of the world that they should not build atomic bombs.

Next, even if an international agreement is reached within the U. N. for atomic disarmament, but the decision on national security is left to the Army and Navy, it is contended that those services will never indorse the international plan. For, in the terms in which the military services translate the word, "security" means a strong Army and Navy.

Job of Convincing

Finally, there is the question pointed up in the report, not yet released, made by a special State Department committee on the international control of atomic energy and the outlawing of the bomb. The report is known to propose a system under which an international agency of the U. N. would own, control and operate all mines of fissionable material and all primary production plants.

But, to convince foreign nations of the feasibility of this plan, it will be necessary to prove to them two things. These are, first, that uranium and thorium are the only two elements which can be made into, or can make other, atomic explosives; and second, that it is possible to "denature" these elements so that they can be licensed out to the nations of the world for peacetime purposes but cannot be made into explosives.

To make such proofs, certain information now classified secret by the Manhattan District must be released. The data does not concern the secrets of making a bomb; they have to do solely with certain facts about atom splitting.

But under present Army secrecy regulations this information cannot be disclosed. Unless it is made public, the State Department plan, at least, is doomed to failure.

THE UNSEEN AUDIENCE

THUNDERATION! I'M MADDER'N ALL GIT-OUT! I'LL LARN THET ORNERY OLE POLE CAT THET HE CAIN'T DO THIS TO ME— DRAT 'IM!
!!-☆-☆-☆-!!! WHO WAS THE-☆-☆-!! IDIOT WHO KNOCKED THE ASHES OUT OF MY PIPE AND BROKE THE BOWL? ALL I WANT TO SAY IS—GO ☆-☆-!! AND
THE ROCK-SHIVERING BLAST OF HORSE OPERA PROFANITY AND THE AMATEUR ARTICLE

Allied Council To Limit Nazi War Industry

By the Associated Press

A forthcoming agreement laying down economic law for Germany will be "tough on war industries, easy on peacetime industries," a government official disclosed yesterday.

The accord, reached by the four-power Allied Control Council in Berlin, will be announced officially there in a few days, he said.

The official, who requested anonymity, pictured the decision as a victory for the United States because this Government had sought strict limitations on metal, machinery and chemical manufactures, with more lenient rules on production of nonwar materials.

On the other hand, Russia had asked heavy restrictions on both war and peace industries, while the British had proposed a comparatively light hand on all manufactures.

In Berlin, Lieut. Gen. Lucius D. Clay, U. S. military government chief, said Saturday that "substantial" exports and imports will be permitted by the council. He said its plan contemplates Germany retaining the heavily-industrial Ruhr; otherwise the production scheme would have to be altered. Clay said a French proposal to separate the Ruhr would be a question for the governments.

The Government official here reported that steel agreements incorporated into the forthcoming accord were modified slightly from an earlier decision to allow production of 5,800,000 tons annually, while retaining capacity to produce 7,500,000 tons.

The present arrangement will subject the steel quota to an annual review, with the ultimate aim of a 7,500,000 ton-per-year production.

The allies have been trying to reach agreement on Germany's economy since Potsdam.

It is felt here that the accord is of great importance because it represents a successful attempt to compromise between the viewpoints of Russia and Britain, which have been far apart on matters of German economy.

Dishwasher Sure He'll Win Senate Race in Nebraska

Deerfield, Mass., March 26 (U.P.). George Olsen, who spent a month of his pay as a dishwasher to attend the Jackson Day dinner in Washington, announced last night that his election as Democratic Senator from Nebraska was "in the bag."

"I talked with all them big shots down there," he said confidently, "and they told me I have nothing to worry about."

The 64-year-old former Nebraska gubernatorial candidate, who earns his living by washing dishes at exclusive Deerfield Academy here, was emphatic in his claim that he will "breeze through" both the June 11 primary and the November election. His own party's State convention rejected Olsen's candidacy in favor of State Senator John Mekota, but the strategy didn't faze the Danish-born widower a bit.

Polish Soldiers Urged For Occupation Duties

Representative Jessie Sumner (Rep., Ill.) proposed Monday that the United States use available displaced persons in Europe for occupation duties.

She told the House many former Polish soldiers could be used to replace American occupation forces and remove the need for drafting replacements for American soldiers now abroad.

Pearl Harbor Probers Call New Hearings

By International News Service

The Pearl Harbor Investigating Committee decided yesterday to reopen its public hearings for additional testimony by Admiral Stark, former Chief of Naval Operations.

Committee members said that Gen. George C. Marshall, former Army Chief of Staff, also would be called back to the stand in case Stark's testimony required his appearance.

They said the hearings will be resumed in "the next few days," continuing for "about two weeks."

General Marshall, who is soon to return to his diplomatic post in China, will be available as a witness for about two weeks.

Reopening of the inquiry was unopposed in the Joint Senate-House Committee.

The committee also decided to call Rear Admiral John G. Beardall, former superintendent of the Naval Academy. These witnesses are expected to conclude the hearings.

The committee is still expecting replies to written interrogations of former Secretary of State Cordell Hull and former Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson.

Cabled testimony from a witness in Shanghai and another in Germany also is awaited.

Representative Keefe (R., Wis.), a member of the committee, made the request for a reappearance of Marshall and Stark several days ago.

General Say Tojo Ordered Trial for Doolittle Fliers

Shanghai, March 26 (U.P.).—Former Premier Hideki Tojo ordered captured Doolittle fliers court-martialed, a sworn statement by Lieut. Gen. Shigeru Sawada, former commander of the Thirteenth Japanese Army, revealed today.

Sawada's statement said the order was passed on through Marshal Shunroku Hata, former commander in chief of Japanese forces in China.

Sawada is on trial here on charges of responsibility in the executions of three of the fliers.

Delegate See Plans To Seek Third Term

Cumberland, Md., March 26 (AP). Charles M. See, Republican, blind delegate in the Maryland Legislature, has announced he will seek a third term, subject to the June primaries.

A native Cumberlander, See was chairman of the Allegany County delegation in 1941 and 1943, serving on the labor committee, the insurance and loan and roads and highways committee. He is engaged in work for the blind in connection with the Maryland Workshop for the Blind.

ATOM

From Page 1

Nations Organization as an international instrument if it works."

Experts preparing for the Bikini Atoll bomb test reported, meanwhile, that a plan is under study to explode one bomb at a depth of 25 to 50 feet instead of on the surface. This could be expected to increase its effect against the ships.

Science Editor Analyzes Report

Atlantic City, N. J., March 26 (AP). A report to the United States Senate Atomic Energy Committee saying scientists knew how to "denature" plutonium means simply that they solved the problem of getting concentrated heat from the metal without danger of explosion, Howard W. Blakeslee, Associated Press science editor, said tonight.

The scientists said in the report that they could use denatured plutonium for industrial purposes and not for bombs.

"The scientists have treated plutonium so that its atoms do not split quickly," Blakeslee said. He said this meant concentrated heat could be obtained from 100 pounds of the metal. He said

"One hundred pounds of plutonium will give as much heat as 100 tons of uranium and it will be very concentrated. One hundred pounds of plutonium is no bigger than a watermelon.

"The problem had been to get concentrated heat from pure plutonium or uranium. Tons of those metals would cover a great area and could not be used industrially in that manner. The problem of obtaining heat from the pure metal also was difficult because of the danger of explosion.

"Now that the scientists are rid of the danger of exposion, they can obtain concentrated heat from the metal to run a motor for years."

Groves Protests Cut

By the United Press

Maj. Gen. Leslie R. Groves told Congress yesterday that a proposed cut of 50 million dollars in funds for the Army Engineers Corps would seriously curtail atomic energy research and atom bomb production.

Groves, chief of the Army's atomic bomb program, told a Senate Appropriation Subcommittee the cutback would prevent construction of new research centers and shutdown some bomb-making facilities.

The subcommittee is considering a House-approved cut-back bill which would trim War Department funds by $1,420,576,472. The fifty million dollars in question includes $7,056,000 for engineer services and $12,533,633 for building construction.

'Self Denial' Period Proclaimed in Md.

Annapolis, Md., March 26. (AP).—Governor O'Conor today proclaimed the next "one hundred and twenty days" a period of "self denial" in the State in cooperation with the Famine Emergency Committee.

The Governor asked Marylanders "to follow to the limit of their ability the program of saving food as set forth by the campaign committee, that these starving people of other nations may be given the opportunity to survive.

"To rebuild the weakened bodies of those starving millions it will be necessary to provide nutritious food including wheat, fats, oils, and two slices of bread per day saved by every American will supply 20 million starving people sufficient bread for six months, and one teaspoon of fat saved by every man, woman and child will supply one million pounds of fat a day."

China, India, and the United States could be spread out like carpets over Africa and there still would be enough space to accommodate the whole of Europe minus Russia.

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What's Going On and Where

Service Activities

Veterans Information Center, 14th st. and Pennsylvania ave. nw., expert advice on GI loans, job-seeking, personal problems, housing, schooling and surplus property advantages.

Victory Canteen for Service Men and Women and Veterans, 1113 Pennsylvania ave. nw., club opens at 11 a. m.

United Nations Service Center, 300 North Capitol st., enlisted men's and officers' lodging.

Servicemen's Club No. 1, 306 9th st. nw., enlisted canteen, dance, 8 p. m.; nightly lodging.

Officers' Service Club of United Nations, Inc., 1644 21st st. nw.; dinner, 6 to 8 p. m.; dancing, 8:30 p. m.

USO, National Jewish Welfare Board, 16th and Q sts. nw., fortune-telling, 8:30 p. m.; games with prizes, movies, 9 p. m.

USO, 1911 H st. nw., bridge classes, 7:30 p. m.; square dance, 8:30 p. m.

USO, YMCA Bldg., 1736 G st. nw., sightseeing, 1:30 p. m., mixed glee club, 7 p. m.; checkers, 8 p. m.; midweek dance, 8:30 p. m.; refresher hour, 10 p. m.; information service, 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.; lounge and club room open 9 a. m. to 11 p. m.

Music Canteen, 1330 G st. nw., open 7 to 10 p. m.

USO, 1814 N st. nw., clay class, dance, cabaret, 8 p. m.

USO Penthouse, YWCA Bldg., 17th and K sts. nw., open house, reading and listening rooms, gym open for games, 9 a. m. to 11 p. m.; dance, 9 p. m.

USO, 918 10th st. nw., recreation room, information, showers, dark room facilities, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.; club closes at 6 p. m. on Wednesdays.

USO, 801 Market sp. nw. (8th st. and Pennsylvania ave.), voice recordings, 6 p. m.; arts and crafts, 8:30 p. m.

USO, Negro YMCA, 1816 12th st. nw., film forum, 8:30 p. m.

Public Events

National Gallery of Art, 6th st. and Constitution ave. nw., "Medicine in Prints," an exhibition of the history of medicine from the fifteenth century to the present time; open 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Corcoran Gallery of Art, exhibit of the history and development of children's books; fifty-fifth annual exhibition, Society of Washington Artists, open 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Smithsonian Institution, 10th st. and Constitution ave. nw., special exhibit of paintings by C. P. Gruppe, other exhibits, open 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

National Archives, Constitution ave. between 9th and 10th sts., records of veterans' rewards, including pension papers of Deborah Gannett, who served in the Revolutionary War; World War surrender documents, captured German banners, open 8:45 a. m. to 9:15 p. m.

Smithsonian Institution, Engineering and Industry Building, photo exhibit of the National High School Photographic Salon, from Popular Photography, New York, open 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Court Historian Dies in Yorktown

Yorktown, Va., March 16 (AP).—Mrs. Conway H. Sheild, sr., 77, nearly a lifelong resident of Yorktown, was found dead in her bed at her home here last night.

Born February 10, 1869, at Sheepshead Bay, Long Island, N. Y., she moved with her family to Yorktown in 1873. She resided in the Sheild House, believed to be the oldest house in York County.

Mrs. Sheild, one of the first to interest herself in the preservation of secenteenth century court records of the county, had what was considered the most comprehensive collections of records aside from the court's records.

Surviving are three children, Mrs. Caroline Ballantine, wife of Rear Admiral John J. Ballantine; Mrs. Wilmer L. Scott, Lancaster, Pa., and Conway H. Sheild, jr., commonwealth's attorney of Warwick County.

School Consolidation May Meet Protest

Frederick, Md., March 26 (Spl.). A protest against a proposal to consolidate the Emmitsburg and Thurmont High Schools is expected to be voiced Friday night at a public meeting in the Emmitsburg High School auditorium. Those sponsoring the meeting indicated today that more than 300 residents of Emmitsburg district are expected to attend. Under the proposed merger, Emmitsburg pupils would be transported by bus each day to Thurmont.

Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

"West of the Moon" Is Uncomfortably Rarified Drama at the National

(Reprinted from Tuesday's Last Edition)

"WEST OF THE MOON" Alexander Dean and Alber de Courville present a new play in three acts by Louis Bromfield and Laslo Vadnay. Directed by Mr. de Courville; setting by Edward Gilbert. At the National Theater

Cyrus Avery .....Edgar Stehli
Beatrice .....Mabel Bergen
Henry Avery .....Harry Worth
West .....Earl McDonald
Margaret Avery .....Anne Burr
Mrs. Thomas Avery ....Estelle Winwood
Dr. Lamar Forest .....Donald Cook
Sylvia Serruti .....Marta Linden
Dr. Onslow .....Wyrley Birch

A suspicion would be that premonition prompted the selection of "West of the Moon" as the final title of the new play by Louis Bromfield and Laslo Vadnay, which last evening was accorded its world premiere in the National Theater.

In at least one view as the three acts unfolded, it seemed at least that remote from a tight grip on interest and any appreciable dramatic impact.

An apparent indecision on the part of the authors as to the exact nature of their charade, and their purpose in writing it, seems to have impelled them to attempt a witch's brew of many incompatible ingredients and no known classification. If not confusion worse confounded, the result at best is a disturbing indirection and diffusion.

Upon an unsubstantial groundwork of the supernatural—penetrating the veil between this world and the next, specious clairvoyance, bogus mediums and the like—have been superimposed two love stories, a touch of the crook motif, an occasional essay at comedy and fleeting examinations of the power of faith and the antagonistic consequences of family discord.

None of these divergent elements is given more than cursory and most superficial consideration and none is ever developed to a tenable conclusion.

A Funereal Introductory

As the action opens, Mr. Thomas Avery, a rich and testy tycoon, has just departed this life and his widow, who had shared his name but not his confidence. To all intents and purposes, they already had led their married life in two worlds.

Mrs. Avery is followed home from the burial ground by a charming and sympathetic young man, who imparts great comfort to her troubled soul. Before she can summon her favorite medium to strike up a closer relationship with her husband than they enjoyed on earth, Dr. Lamar Forest has disclosed himself as a salesman of ranches in heaven which those bereft may purchase for whatever price they deem fitting as insurance of the greater happiness of their loved ones on the other side. Sylvia Serruti, the medium, and Dr. Forest, of course, are a very precious pair of swindlers of long and high standing in the chicanery trade.

Returned to Pasadena for the obsequies is Mr. Cyrus Avery, the ne'er-do-well of the brothers, whose philosophy of life is at loggerheads with the chill selfishness of Brother Henry, who automatically ascends to the deceased Tom's place as head of the clan.

Comes Love and Confusion

Arriving late, daughter Margaret is primarily concerned with the welfare of her mother—always a precarious matter in the case of those a little off balance—but scarcely less with her own overweening desire to remove herself as far as possible from the ill-starred home. Rio seems far enough.

Comes then love between Margaret and Dr. Forest. Comes then, also, the devil-to-pay between Dr. Forest and Mme. Serruti. As a speedy release for herself and all others involved in this whirligig of fantastic impulses and emotions, the fragile Mrs. Avery elects to swallow a lethal dose of sleeping pills, from which she is revived in time to agree that perhaps she had better not join her husband in his heavenly ranch until her appointed time has come.

Let's Change the Subject!

As the final curtain descends, she is sure Margaret will catch up with Dr. Forest, who had uncermoniously decamped in a paroxysm of acute virtue while the lights were low, thus ending the play on a note that had never been struck until midway of the second act.

Now, I ask you!

It is one of the theater's ironies that so competent a cast should be involved in so futile an effort.

In the role of Mrs. Avery, about whom the play's lost motion principally revolves, Estelle Winwood wastes a considerable measure of delicacy and grace upon a character that only those as "out of this world" as she could find believable.

Donald Cook plays Dr. Forest, the polished charlatan, with incisiveness, if little conviction, and has a mettlesome foil in the Sylvia Serruti of an assured and acid Marta Linden. Harry Worth is a brusque and covetous Henry Avery, until undone by the suavely sinister impostors, and to Edgar Stehli falls the honor of making Cyrus the sanest and most likable figure among the males.

Plaudits for Miss Burr

In the female gallery that honor falls to Anne Burr, whose Margaret is an engaging young woman, despite the inexplicable dictates of her heart. Miss Burr manages to disguise many of the inconsistencies of her part with pleasant modulations, charm and emotional warmth.

Those in the minor roles accorded the principals a quality of support that lay further emphasis on the fact that the faults of the three acts are more of authorial design than the outcome of any incompetence on the part of the actors.

For the first performance the nondescript work was run off with remarkable smoothness last night, before the single background of the Avery living-room in Pasadena, Calif., conceived and executed in good taste by Edward Gilbert.

Although a shade jerky in its manipulation of characters, Albert de Courville's direction kept the scenes moving beyond the point of stagnation that might have reduced the evening to the pace of a conversation piece.

A receptive audience of more than usual distinction, with a White House party in the presidential box, accorded the premiere a rousing reception.

BARNABY — By Crockett Johnson

Dismiss Gridley from your mind, m'boy. If HE is too proud to attend my lecture as Exhibit A, we will make further inquiries.
3-27
Hi, O'Malley.
It's McSnoyd, the Invisible Leprechaun, Mr. O'Malley.
Just the person I'm looking for.
The boy's parents, McSnoyd, are under a certain misapprehension.
Don't soft-soap me, pal. If you think I'm going to make a display of myself in front of a lot of strangers...
I wonder what Atlas is doing?
You're nuts!

LEONARD LYONS

Times Square Tattle

New York, March 26.—The revelations of the excerpts from Henry Stimson's diary again focuses attention, among other things, on the fact that diary-keeping ranks high in the after-dark activities of Washington. Keeping a diary once was looked upon as an outlet for hopeless spinsters, romantic adolescents or fair ladies preparing to look a juror in the eye. But now Stimson, Hull, Ickes and all the men around the Presidents admit to having kept diaries . . . One former Cabinet member, however, tops them all. He has in his possession thousands of discs containing recordings of every incoming and outgoing telephone conversation he ever had and of everything said by anyone inside the walls of his Cabinet office.

Henry L. Stimson

After Billy Rose went to the Nuernberg trials he went to Salzburg where he arrived late at night and was billeted in an oversize bedroom in a large house 10 miles outside the city. Rose was exhausted when he arrived there and went straight to sleep. In the morning he was awakened by his driver and they proceeded to the next stop..... "By the way, Mr. Rose," said the driver, "now that it's over and you've slept well, I can tell you about the house where you were billeted." He told Rose: "That was Heinrich Himmler's house, and that was his bedroom. And what's more, you slept in his bed."

Marc Blitzstein, whose "Airborne Symphony" will be heard at Carnegie Hall with Leonard Bernstein conducting and Orson Welles reading, wrote it while he was an Eighth Air Force sergeant in England. When the composer went home, he left his manuscript in a trunk which Capt. Garson Kanin promised to send . . . When the trunk didn't arrive, the composer had to resort to his pencil sketches, from which he played an outline for conductor Bernstein—who liked it and called for the completed script. Blitzstein immediately started writing his symphony again, from the sketches, and finished it. It was 362 pages long. Then, this week, his trunk arrived with the original manuscript—341 pages long. Blitzstein compared the two and selected the longer, more polished one written here.

If Joe Kennedy is appointed Undersecretary, Jim Forrestal will leave the Cabinet soon . . . Senator O'Mahoney, who has the seniority, may take over from Senator McMahon the leadership in the fight for civilian control of the atom bomb . . . Zero Mostel returns to New York night-life in June, at la Martinique . . . The Viscountess Scarsdale arrives from London this week. Throughout the war she's had a flock of chickens on the terrace of her Park Lane mansion. When, during a reception, guests asked: "Is that noise the clucking of chickens?" the viscountess answered: "Sure. How d'you suppose one gets an egg around here?"

Harry F. Sinclair once had a personal controversy with Stalin over the oil which now threatens the future of the U. N. Sinclair paid $100,000 to the Soviets for an option on the Iran oil to which Russia had a concession. When Sinclair lost the concession he asked Stalin for the return of his $100,000. Stalin said no, and Sinclair warned him: "I'll fight this through every court in Russia"..... "That's a good idea," Stalin agreed. Sinclair sued and, of course, lost. Then again he saw Stalin, who asked: "Are you satisfied that you couldn't get your money back through the courts?" Sinclair nodded. And Stalin returned his $100,000.

Gene Fowler's forthcoming autobiography will be advertised as being more readable than "Finnegan's Wake" . . . Adolph Green and Betty Comden, authors of the two hit musicals, "On the Town" and "Billion Dollar Baby," now are writing their first straight play . . . The Stardust Club in Heidelberg, a GI night-club operated by Pfc. Dave Harris, formerly of the Diamond Horseshoe here, shows a profit of over $50,000. Since profit-making in such Army enterprises is frowned upon, the bankroll is being spent in a series of everything-on-the-house nights for all GI's and their maedchens in the Heidelberg area.

Marlene Dietrich will spend the spring in Paris making a movie . . . Postmaster Albert Goldman will receive a Distinguished Service Medal from the Dan Tallon Post of the American Legion for his aid to disabled veterans . . . Tony de Marco is confessing that in 1914 he came to New York to enter a dance contest at the old Madison Square Garden. Tony finished sixth. The winner was Sailing Baruch sr., brother of Bernard Baruch. Ray Milland, visiting the Nathaniel Kaz sculpture exhibit at the Associated Art Galleries, studied a bronze titled "Don Quixote." When he was asked to comment, Milland said: "My 'Oscar' weighs more than that."

Show Time in the Downtown Theaters

STAGE

National—"West of the Moon," at 2:30 and 8:30 p. m.

Catholic U.—"Young Bernard," at 8:30 p. m.

Gayety—Burlesque from 11:30 to 5 p. m. and 8:30 p. m.

SCREEN

Earle—"Saratoga Trunk," at 10:15 a. m., 1:05, 3:50, 6:40 and 9:45 p. m.

Capitol—"The Sailor Takes a Wife," at 11 a. m., 1:45, 4:35, 7:20 and 10:05 p. m. Stage Shows at 12:55, 3:45, 6:30 and 9:15 p. m.

RKO-Keith's—"Tomorrow Is Forever," at 11:55 a. m., 2:25, 4:50, 7:20 and 9:45 p. m.

Palace—"Adventure," at 11:10 a. m., 1:50, 4:30, 7:10 and 9:50 p. m. and 12:25 a. m.

Columbia—"The Daltons Ride Again," at 11:15 a. m., 1, 2:45, 4:30, 6:15, 8:05 and 9:50 p. m.

Metropolitan—"The Stork Club," at 10:55 a. m., 1, 3:10, 5:25, 7:35 and 9:45 p. m.

Little—"Jane Eyre," at 11:20 a. m., 1:25, 3:25, 5:30, 7:40 and 9:45 p. m.

Pix—"Virgin Bride," at 2:10, 4:50, 7:30 and 10:05 p. m. "School for Husbands," at 3:30, 6:10 and 8:45 p. m.

Ambassador—"Saratoga Trunk," at 1:20, 3:55, 6:30 and 9:10 p m.

Hippodrome—"Hers to Hold," at 2:10, 5:10 and 8:15 p. m. "Crime and Punishment," at 3:45, 6:45 and 9:50 p. m.

Trans-Lux—Short subjects and newsreels continuously from 10:15 a. m. to midnight.

Benjamin Franklin, the first United States Postmaster General, has 31 post offices named for him.

Metropolitan Moments . . . . . by Jaro Fabry

"Mind if I hold your Calvert Reserve Manhattan for a minute? I want to impress my girl"

If you want yourself (and your Manhattan) held in High Esteem, hold out tonight for Calvert Reserve. You see, *this* is the prewar quality whiskey that *blends with*—never overpowers—the other ingredients in a mixed drink. And its "soft" flavor *caresses* a connoisseur's palate! Yes, in highball, cocktail, or neat, nothing surpasses Calvert Reserve..."*the choicest you can drink or serve*".

Calvert Distillers Corp., N.Y.C. Blended Whiskey: 86.8 Proof—65% Grain Neutral Spirits

Ike to Visit Texas Birthplace April 20

By the Associated Press

Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, keeping a promise made months ago to Speaker Rayburn (D., Tex.), will fly to Texas on April 20 to visit his birthplace at Denison.

The Speaker plans to accompany Eisenhower. It will be Rayburn's second flight. Some years ago he flew to Texas on an emergency trip, and since has declined to travel by air.

The General plans to visit the house in which he was born. Civic groups in Denison have bought and reconditioned the place and plan to preserve it as a memorial to him.

Hearings on Wholesale Milk Prices Set Friday

The Department of Agriculture will open hearings Friday on raising the wholesale price of milk in the Washington marketing area, it was announced yesterday.

Called at the request of the Maryland and Virginia Milk Producers' Association, the hearings will consider proposed amendments to regulations governing the sale of milk here. The sessions will open at 10 a. m. in Jefferson Memorial Building, South Agriculture Building.

How Dr. Edwards' Helps Constipated Folks!

For years Dr. Edwards relieved patients bothered by constipation with his famous Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—now sold by all druggists. Olive Tablets are *mild, gentle* but oh—*so thorough!* Olive Tablets act on BOTH upper and lower bowels to produce more *natural-like* movements. No griping. Just *complete satisfaction.* Caution: use as directed. 15c, 30c, 60c.

Beware Coughs from common colds That Hang On

Creomulsion relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel germ laden phlegm, and aid nature to soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial mucous membranes. Tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Creomulsion with the understanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

CREOMULSION
for Coughs, Chest Colds, Bronchitis

Plasti-Kote
PLASTIC PAINT
For Linoleum—Woodwork and Furniture—Easy to Apply—only $2.95 per quart.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Anacostia Hdw., 1915 Nichols Ave.
Commercial Linoleum Co., 2434 18th St. N.W.
Diener's Rug Co., 1735 Rhode Island Ave. N.E.
District Home and Auto Store, 1320 Good Hope Rd. S.E.
Fort Davis Mkt., 3300 Penns. Ave. S.E.
Good Hope Mkt., 1801 Good Hope Rd. S.E.
Greenway Mkt., 3845 Minn. Ave. S.E.
Haas Hdw., 2012 Rhode Island Ave. N.E.
Hamlin Mkt., 2940 12th St. N.E.
Harding Paint and Hdw. Co., 2310 Rhode Island Ave. N.E.
Katz Economy Mkt., 2400 Minn. Ave. S.E.
Landy's Hdw., 4128 Georgia Ave.
Lyndale Mkt., 2920 Minn. Ave. S.E.
Miller's Mkt., 2502 Nichols Ave. S.E.
Osborn Hdw., 5919 Georgia Ave. N.W.
James J. Raley, 284 15th St. S.E.
Reihn's Store, 3520 12th St. N.E.
Warren Elec. Supply, 4710 14th St. N.W.
Wiseman's, 1300 Kenilworth Ave. N.E.
Totlebaum's Hdw., 3551 Georgia Ave. N.W.

MARYLAND

Akman's Hdw., 5401 Annapolis Rd.
Brodsky's, Odenton, Md.
Cherry Hill Food Mkt., Berwyn, Md.
S. W. Darne and Son, Sandy Spring, Md.
Ford Lumber Co., Upper Marlboro, Md.
Gaithersburg 5 and 10, Gaithersburg, Md.
R. M. Jerman, Gambrills, Md.
Noah Joffe General Store, Bowie, Md.
Lipins Hdw., Glenburnie, Md.
Meredith-Roane Co., Annapolis, Md.
Stuart Pressley Auto Supplies, Elkridge, Md.
W. C. Rieve, Odenton, Md.
Hoffman's Appliance Co., 5434 Rhode Island, Hyatts
Sewell's Mkt., Elkridge, Md.
Shaffer Lumber Co., Laurel, Md.
Stembler and Ford, Capitol Heights, Md.
Stokes Grocery, 206 Main St., Annapolis, Md.
Walker's Garage, Mitchellville, Md.
Sadler's Hdw., 128 Dock St., Annapolis, Md.

Washington Distributor
NASH-MARINE Sales
1386 Maine Ave. S.W.

Area Servicemen Due Back At New York, San Francisco

The names of the following were telegraphed directly to The Washington Post by the Associated Press. There is no assurance that the list is correct, because it was compiled in Europe and at Pacific bases previous to embarkation, but officials said that the margin of error is slight. Relatives should not contact the port or The Washington Post for further information.

San Francisco, March 26.—The Admiral Benson is due to arrive here March 28 with the following:

MARYLAND

Thompson, Lieut. Ernest A., Bambrills.
Wilson, Maj. Robert D., Cumberland.
Klase, Capt. Robert V., Rock Point.
Rupert, Capt. Harry K., Walkersville.
Linton, Capt. James W., Gridle Tree.
Walden, Lieut. Edwin S., Greenville
Lines, S/Sergt Harry K., Laurel.
Gibson, Pvt. Bernard F., Silver Spring.
Walz, Pvt. Douglas F., Fruitland.
Harvey, Corpl. Robert L., Havre de Grace.
Burgess, T/5 Clifton N., Rockville.
Dunnington, T/5 Randolph J., Pisgah.
Yates, Pfc. Chrales F., Cumberland.

On William and Mary

New York, March 26.—The SS William and Mary Victory is due to arrive here tomorrow with the following:

WASHINGTON

Allen, Sergt. Nora E.
Giles, Pfc. Ralph W.
Williams, Pfc. John H.

MARYLAND

Duiper, T/3 James P., Salisbury.
McKowell, T/4 Robert W., Silver Spring.
Lavender, Pfc. Vernon R., Sikeston.
Windsor, Corpl. Earle B., jr., Federalsburg.
Harris, T/5 aRymond B., Chevy Chase.
Williams, Pvt. Shirley, Mount Airy.

VIRGINIA

Graff, 1st Sergt. James C., Lexington.
Hunt, T/Sergt. DeSoto F., Richmond.
Kelly, S/Sergt. Patrick H., Suffolk.
Shelton, Sergt. Lawrence K., Chatham.
Yurachek, Sergt. Carl F., Richmond.
Blankenship, T/4 Raymond Bland.
Crowe, Corpl. George T., Roanoke.
Setterhouse, S/Sergt. John E., Culpepper.
McIntosh, Corpl. Clarence M., Alexandria.
Halsey, T/5 Roscoe D., Fox.
Robertson, Pfc. Arthur M., Scottsville.
White, T/Sergt. David N., Norfolk.
Percival, T/4 Robert T., Richmond.
French, Sergt. Moses A., Norfolk.
Watson, T/5 James, Princess Anne.
Croxton, Pfc. Willis T., Morattico.
Clark, Pvt. Wesley, Portsmouth.
Keller, Pfc. Woddis J., jr., Newport News.
Haley, Pfc. Prude, Griffa.
Wallace, T/4 Bernard, Chase City.
Thomas, Pvt. Max A., Norfolk.
Warner, Pfc. Fred J., White Gate.
O'Neill, T/Sergt. Philip D., Arlington.
Pace, Pvt. Walter L., Manakin.

On the Marine Shark

New York, March 26.—The SS Marine Shark was due to arrive today with the following:

WASHINGTON

Helwig, T/5 Leonard G.
Kerr, T/5 Carrol B.
Rogers, Capt. Paul G.
Ross, Sergt. Cralence E.
McConnell, T/5 John L.
Hill, Pfc. James E.
Ryan, Pvt. Cahion S.
Sirod, Pvt. David.
Ochs, T/5 James F.
Collins, S/Sergt. John D.
Dungan, T/5 Robert L.
Temple, First Lieut. Paul.
Warren, S/Sergt. Harry R.
Dodd, First Lieut. Milo A., 4811 North Capitol st. Apt. 24.
Cole, First Lieut. Donald N., 1721 Q st. nw.
Kahn, T/5 Jacques M.

MARYLAND

Schantz, Pfc. Ward E., Edmonson.
Brooks, Corpl. Wilson E., Worton.
Thomas, Pfc. Herman S., Bellevue.
Mastrandreas, T/5 Mark R., jr., Sparrow Point.
Markrantz, T/5 Charles R., jr., Brooklyn.
Andrews, T/5 Oscar R., Hagerstown.
Gillespie, Pfc. Edward O., Western Port.
Socks, Pvt. Harold R., Hagerstown.
Layfield, Sergt. George, Baltimore.
Heiner, S/Sergt. Gordon G., Baltimore.
Moreth, T/5 George A., Baltimore.
Shaney, T/5 John H., Baltimore.
Reed, Pfc. George A., Baltimore.
Seibold, Pvt. James E., Baltimore.
Cottrell, Corpl. Claude R., Baltimore.
Hoeck, T/5 Joseph L., jr., Baltimore.
Bierman, T/5 Henry W., Baltimore.

VIRGINIA

Wood, Corpl. James A., Petersburg.
Condoy, T/5 Harry S., Norfolk.
Hensley, T/5 William B., Hilton.
Staples, T/5 William S., Portsmouth.
Morris, Corpl. James A., Norfolk.
Anderson, Pfc. James, jr., Richmond.
Banks, Pfc. Lee R., Newport News.
Austin, Pvt. Robert L., Lynchburg.
Hicks, Pvt. Harry, Richmond.
Cole, T/5 Thomas F., Vienna.
Robertson, T/4 Edwin A., Richmond.
Parker, T/5 Nathan, jr., Tappahannock.
Davis, 1st Lieut. Franklin R., Richmond.
Cash, T/5 Robert A., Harda.
Baker, Pfc. Cledith E., Mount Jackson.
Canupp, Pfc. Edward F., Danville.
Hoover, Pfc. Lawrence B., Harrisonburg.
Taylor, Pfc. John A., jr., Richmond.
Burnette, Pfc. James B., Richmond.
Harris, Capt. Hugh S., Charlottesville.
Rankey, Capt. William H., jr., Richmond.
Stewart, S/Sergt. Daniel E., Richmond.
Johnson, Pfc. Frederick W., Richmond.
Hanks, Pfc. Ernest F., Woodlove.
Newton, Pfc. Mannie T., Fredericksburg.
Wood, Pfc. Kennegh T., White Hall.
Addock, Pvt. Emmette L., Jeffress.
Saunders, T/5 Robert T., Buena Vista.
Sykes, T/5 Luther L., Hickory.
Mills Pfc. Herman, Roanoke.
Kennedy, T/5 Charles W., Charleston.
Castle, Pfc. Charles B., Dante.
Saylor, Pfc. Clarence E., Arlington.
Good, 1st Sergt. Louis G., Hopewell.
Ryman, S/Sergt. Gilbert, Norfolk.
Perebee, T/5 James J., Norfolk.

MANY NEVER SUSPECT CAUSE OF BACKACHES
This Old Treatment Often Brings Happy Relief

Many sufferers relieve nagging backache quickly, once they discover that the real cause of their trouble may be tired kidneys.

The kidneys are Nature's chief way of taking the excess acids and waste out of the blood. They help most people pass about 3 pints a day.

When disorder of kidney function permits poisonous matter to remain in your blood, it may cause nagging backache, rheumatic pains, leg pains, loss of pep and energy, getting up nights, swelling, puffiness under the eyes, headaches and dizziness. Frequent or scanty passages with smarting and burning sometimes shows there is something wrong with your kidneys or bladder.

Don't wait! Ask your druggist for Doan's Pills, a stimulant diuretic, used successfully by millions for over 40 years. Doan's give happy relief and will help the 15 miles of kidney tubes flush out poisonous waste from your blood. Get Doan's Pills.

SOFTEE
MORE SUDS
QUICKER CLEANSING ACTION
FOR WASHING DISHES • CLOTHES
SOFT ON HANDS . . .
SOFT ON CLOTHES
PRETTY SOFT FOR YOU!

Feed Your Dog as Many Famous Breeders Do

"..grown dogs and puppies thrive.."

Miss Jackie Walls, owner of Wallstark Kennels, 13949 DeCosta, Detroit, writes: "My kennel contains no less than 30 grown St. Bernards (English Type) at all times . . . I have been feeding a diet based on Kellogg's GRO-PUP to all my dogs for the past four years. Both the grown dogs and the puppies thrive on it."

MOST breeders and veterinarians use and recommend a foundation diet of good dry dog food fed with scrap meat, including fat. So many feed Kellogg's GRO-PUP because it provides all the vitamins and minerals dogs are known to need for growth and vigor.

Kellogg's GRO-PUP is thrifty. And dogs love its hearty, meaty flavor.

Get this scientifically formulated dog food in 3 forms: Ribbon, Meal, or Pel-etts—at your grocer's or pet shop. Made by KELLOGG'S of Battle Creek.

GRO-PUP DOG FOOD

Condensation from Autobiography of Benjamin Franklin

The most famous of all personal life stories is condensed for you in April Reader's Digest. Here the renowned inventor, wit and statesman reveals the lusty story of his youth . . . exciting years packed with struggles and heartbreaks. Read this 24-page condensation of the Autobiography a great *self-made American* left behind for the help and guidance of all today.

Also in this issue

MAKE YOUR OWN JOB. The applicant *with an idea* has an edge on 99% of the rest—says James D. Woolf. Here is how simple ideas started men on the road to success, and specific suggestions on how to hatch the idea that will land the job you want.

THE ENEMY'S GREATEST SPY TRICK. Dots. Simple, innocent dots—like those that come after Mr. or Mrs. What *was* the mystery of the little dots, which a German spy-master boasted would *never* be solved? Read J. Edgar Hoover's inside story of how the FBI unraveled one of the war's deadliest secrets.

NEW WAYS TO FIGHT OLD ILLS. Suffer from migraine headaches? Here is news of a drug that may prove to be "capsule mercy" for you . . . and a report of dramatic progress in the war on stomach ulcers and other crippling foes.

CARDINAL SPELLMAN. Ex-trolley-car conductor, airplane pilot, and first archbishop to sell a book to the movies, he's the No. 2 man among all the world's Roman Catholics. Read the life story of the grocery boy who grew up to become a Prince of the Church.

In this new issue there are 40 articles of lasting interest, selected from leading magazines and current books, condensed to save you time.

GET THE APRIL
Reader's Digest
NOW ON NEWSSTANDS

The Progressive

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

Announces

Daily service between Washington, D. C., and San Francisco, California, without change of cars en route, beginning Sunday, March 31, 1946. Standard sleeping car leaves Washington at 10:50 P.M. on the Pennsylvania Golden Arrow. At Chicago the car moves through on our Overland Limited which arrives San Francisco at 9:20 A.M.

Eastbound through service is provided daily on the Overland Limited leaving San Francisco at 7:00 P.M. At Chicago this car moves through on the Pennsylvania Manhattan Limited connection arriving in Washington, D. C., at 7:20 A.M.

No Extra Fare on Any of These Trains

Change of schedules planned for June 2 will afford even faster service between Washington, D. C. and San Francisco without chage of cars in Chicago.

For details inquire at any Pennsylvania Railroad ticket office
or
600 Shoreham Bldg., 15th and H Sts. N.W.
Telephone REpublic 0600
R. T. Payne, General Agent

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

BUILD

From Page 1

builders would be granted relief from the Civil Production Administration order.

If OPA and labor bottlenecks are broken, he said, the housing shortage will soon be met by the private builders. Then other buildings can be continued.

Since the beginning of the year, he pointed out, local builders have applied to the Federal Housing Administration for permission to build 13,715 house and apartment units. In most cases, he said, the builders have the ground, the money and the crews. Only materials are lacking.

As proof that private industry could build that many houses in the next few months, he pointed to the record of 1941 and 1942, when nearly 28,000 housing units were built.

Calls Order Necessary

Lusk, while terming the order unfortunate for commercial and industrial construction, said that it was absolutely necessary to put through the Nation-wide Wyatt program of 2,700,000 homes within a two-year period.

The order will stop construction of such projects as the new Trans-Lux Theater at 14th and H sts. nw., and much-needed parking garages. Church buildings, too, will be affected by the order.

Not affected are buildings already begun, provided materials which are "an integral part of the structure have been incorporated on the site."

Propects that fall into this category are the George Washington and Georgetown University hospitals, the homes for nurses at Catholic University and St. Elizabeths Hospital, and the Turner and Thomas Schools.

Repairs to Be Delayed

School officials, however, expect that they will be denied permission to build the Kimball School addition and the Slowe School. Repair work, too, will be delayed by the order, which restricts remodeling costing more than $1000.

Work will continue on the South Capitol st. bridge and Klingle rd. bridge and on District street and sewer projects now in both the construction and planning stage. These type projects are exempted specifically in the order.

The first separate children's court in the United States was established in Chicago in 1899.

Died

ANDERSON, MARY JANE. On Monday, March 25, 1946, at her residence, 1409 Irving st. nw., MARY JANE ANDERSON, beloved wife of Henry E. Anderson, mother of W. Malcolm Gettinger. Services at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2901 14th st. nw., on Wednesday, March 27, at 2 p. m. Interment Congressional Cemetery.

BAILEY, STUART R. On Monday, March 25, 1946, at his residence, 701 9th st. ne., STUART R. BAILEY, formerly of North Beach, Md., beloved husband of Edith L. Bailey (nee Shaw). Friends may call at the Lee funeral home, 4th st. and Mass. ave. ne., where services will be held on Wednesday, March 27, at 2 p. m. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery.

CATALANO, IVA LEROSE. On Sunday, March 24, 1946, IVA LEROSE CATALANO, mother of Charles Galati. Friends are invited to call at the W. W. Deal funeral home, 816 H st. ne., until 3 p. m. Tuesday, March 26. Interment at Westville, Ohio.

DULIN, NORMAN M. On Sunday, March 24, 1946, NORMAN M. DULIN, beloved brother of James C., Mary W., Franklin R. and Lawrence L. Dulin. Remains resting at Chambers funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw. Funeral services Wednesday, March 27, at 10 a. m. Interment Congressional Cemetery.

FIELDS, CHARLES M. On Sunday, March 24, 1946, at his residence, 2460 39th pl. nw., CHARLES M. FIELDS, beloved husband of Mary E. Fields (nee Owens) and father of Marga M. Fields. Services at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2901 14th st. nw., on Wednesday, March 27, at 10 a. m. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery.

FORNEY, J. RAYMOND. On Sunday, March 24, 1946, J. RAYMOND FORNEY of 3908 Oliver st., Chevy Chase, Md., beloved husband of Mary K. Forney. Services at the above residence on Wednesday, March 27, at 9:30 a. m.; thence to the Shrine of the Blessed Sacrament, Chevy Chase Circle, where the holy sacrifice of the mass will be offered at 10 a. m. for the repose of his soul. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery.

HARRISON, ALBERT RUSSELL. On Sunday, March 24, 1946, at the Alexandria Hospital, ALBERT RUSSELL HARRISON, son of the late Albert H. and Ageline Crane Harrison. Funeral services at the B. Wheatley funeral home, Alexandria, Va., on Wednesday, March 27, at 2:30 p. m. Interment Presbyterian Cemetery.

HESS, ARTHUR E. On Monday, March 25, 1946, at Daytona Beach, Fla., ARTHUR E. HESS, beloved husband of Mabel V. Hess and father of Mrs. Richard W. Burbank and Mrs. Charles H. Davidson, jr., of Kensington, Md., and Mrs. Elmer Y. Johnson of Washington, D. C. Service will be held at his late residence, 11 W. Baltimore st., Kensington, Md., on Saturday, March 30, at 2 p. m. Interment Glenwood Cemetery.

HOWARD, JEANNETTE L. On Monday, March 25, 1946, at Providence Hospital, JEANNETTE L. HOWARD, beloved wife of William H. Howard, mother of Mrs. Irene J. Sheil, daughter of Paul Madeau, sister of Ernest Madeau, brother of Philip Madeau, Eugene Madeau, Mrs. Clement Forest, Mme. Philip Rochou, Mme. Estell Sansoucy, Miss Eugenie Madeau, Mme. Olivette Hermas. Remains resting at the Chambers funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., until Thursday, March 28, at 8:30 a. m. A mass will be offered at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, 8th and N sts. nw., at 9 a. m. Interment at Cedar Hill Cemetery.

KEEFER, EDWARD A. On Monday, March 25, 1946, at Leland Memorial Hospital, EDWARD A. KEEFER, beloved husband of Gertrude M. Keefer, father of Richard E. Keefer, foster father of Joseph H. Bredekamp and Mrs. Evelyn M. Sorrell, brother of Ethel L. Keefer. Remains resting at Chambers' funeral home, 517 11th st. se., until Wednesday, March 27, at 8:30 a. m. Mass in St. Anthony's Catholic Church, at 9 a. m. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery.

LANHAM, MARY E. On Sunday, March 24, 1946, at Sibley Hospital, MARY E. LANHAM, wife of the late James E. Lanham, mother of Mrs. Mary Luberta Wise and James D. Lanham, grandmother of Mrs. Mary Catherine Shoe and Betty Wise, sister of Charles E. and John D. D'Andelet. Remains resting at Chambers funeral home, 517 11th st. se., until Wednesday, March 27, at 9:30 a. m. Mass in St. Francis Xavier Church, 28th and Pennsylvania ave. se., at 10 a. m. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery.

LOCKWOOD, LINDON LEROY. On Sunday, March 24, 1946, LINDON LEROY LOCKWOOD of 200 Webster st. nw., son of Mrs. Jessie F. Lockwood. Services at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2901 14th st. nw., on Wednesday, March 27, at 1 p. m. Interment Rock Creek Cemetery.

PARENT, LUCY A. On Monday, March 25, 1946, at her residence, 3618 15th st. ne., LUCY A. PARENT, the beloved wife of Felix P. Parent and mother of the Rev. Joseph Parent, OFM, and Mrs. Stella Van Bickle. Funeral from the Timothy Hanlon funeral home, 641 H st. ne., on Thursday, March 28, at 8:30 a. m. Solemn requiem mass at St. Anthony's Church at 9 a. m. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

SEMMES, MARY HODGES. On Monday, March 25, 1946, at the Suburban Hospital, Bethesda, Md., MARY HODGES SEMMES, wife of the late Alexander H. Semmes. She is survived by her son, Harry H. Semmes; four grandsons, Lieuts. Harry H. Semmes, jr., Raphael Semmes, John Gibson Semmes, and David Semmes, seaman 1/c; a brother, Henry W. Hodges, and a cousin, Miss Mary Hodges Clark, all of Washington, D. C. Funeral services on Wednesday, March 27, at 11 a. m., at Gawler's chapel, 1750 Penna. ave. nw. Interment Oak Hill Cemetery.

WILLETT, AUBREY S. On Saturday, March 23, 1946, at his residence, near La Plata, Md., AUBREY S. WILLETT, son of Mary Elizabeth Hancock and the late Dudley N. Willett, and father of Dorothy, Grace, Agnes and Paul Willett. Funeral services at the James T. Ryan funeral home, 3117 Pa. ave. se., on Wednesday, March 27, at 8:30 a. m.; thence to Holy Comforter Church, 1357 E. Capitol st., where requiem mass will be offered at 9 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Congressional Cemetery.

WOODWARD, LILLIE A. On Monday, March 25, 1946, at Doctors Hospital, LILLIE A. WOODWARD, beloved wife of James Morris Woodward of 723 20th st. nw. Services at Gawler's chapel, 1750 Pa. ave. nw., on Wednesday, March 27, at 2 p. m. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

NAPOLEON and UNCLE ELBY

WE WERE CAMPED ON THE Bank OF THE CONGO. THE NIGHT WAS BLACK AND THROUGH THE DOOR OF MY TENT I AIMED MY HIPPOPOTAMUS GUN AND FIRED —

WIVES

From Page 1

Robin. Col. Wilbur S. Nye is stationed with the G-2 Section in Berlin, Germany, and Maj. George D. Rehkopf is with G-2 in Frankfurt. Colonel Nye graduated from West Point in 1902 and his son-in-law in 1942. The last time the two families were together was Thanksgiving.

The other duo is: Mrs. Dorothy Barnes, wife of Col. Elmer E. Barnes, on the staff of the commandant of the Berlin military district; and Mrs. Jean Barnes Baldwin, wife of Capt. Elmer G. Barnes, stationed in Berlin.

700 Requests Received

A War Department spokesman said the 700 requests to have families sent to Europe were the only ones received so far. He added that the 24 rejuests were the only ones made by enlisted personnel.

The spokesman explained that requests are made by the men to the theater commander, approved, given priorities, and then sent to the War Department so that the families may be notified.

"Everything is on the up and up," he insisted to a reporter. "Not one Army man who will stay in Europe on occupation duty has had his request for his family denied him. Of course, who sails first depends on how long the man is willing to stay overseas. After this first jaunt in April, many others will follow in short order.

"Now about the enlisted men," he continued. "Well, the truth is that most of the GIs don't want their wives to join them. They would rather not volunteer to stay over, because they are in a hurry to get discharged. Also all GIs, except the three top grades, must pay their families' transportation to the port of embarkation, and a lot of the men don't feel they can afford the expense.

No Housing Problem

"Tell the wives they won't have a single housing problem," he said. "The Army is taking care of everything for them."

Mrs. Ethel P. Martin, of 4370 St. Barnabas rd. se., and her son, Leonard, jr., 7, will join Maj. Leonard D. Martin, who is stationed with the Quartermaster Corps in Frankfurt, Germany. Major Martin, who was in Washington just before Christmas, was stationed here for three years with the Quartermaster General. His wife hopes to take their car to Germany when she sails the middle of April.

Mrs. Laura C. Sibert, of 2535 Wateside dr. nw., will join the chief of G-2, Brig. Gen. Edwin Sibert, in Frankfurt, Germany. She will be accompanied by their daughter, Cary, 18. The general was home in September.

Mrs. Florence B. Frachter, of 418 N. George Mason dr., Arlington, Va., will leave a job as substitute teacher in District public high schools to join her husband Lieut. Col. William P. Frachter in Berlin. Colonel Frachter is chief of the war crimes branch, legal division, in the Office of Military Government. During his 14-month tour of duty overseas, he has secured a house for his wife in Dahlem, a residential section of Berlin. He has asked her to bring him a collection of books.

Mrs. Roderick Allen, of 4025 Macomb st. nw. will join her husband Maj. Gen. Allen in Frankfort where he is chief of training for the ETO. She will be accompanied by their children Nancy C., 10; and Gail R., 8, and will take the family automobile. General Roderick last saw his family in August.

Mrs. Ann C. Heasty, of 1620 29th st. nw., will take her daughter Roberta, 2½, with her when she joins her husband Lieut. Col. Charles F. Heasty in Berlin. Colonel Heasty is executive officer to thethe staff secretary in Brlin. Mrs. Heasty, a native of Washington, has not seen her husband since November.

Mrs. Isabella B. Luckenbach, of 3409 Ashley Terrace nw., will proceed to Berlin to join Lieut. Col. Everett A. Luckenbach, personnel chief of the American Military Government there. He was home in January.

Mrs. Ethel R. McDonald of 2618 S. Lynn st., Arlington, Va., will be repeating a journey made under similar circumstances more than 25 years ago when she joins her husband, Col. John W. McDonald in Frankfurt, Germany, After the last war she joined him during the occupation of the Rhineland.

Colonel McDonald is serving with the liquidation and manpower board under Maj. Gen. Levin Allen. Mrs. McDonald will leave a public relations job in the Pentagon.

Mrs. Isabel Wentworth of 2880 S. Abington st., Arlington, will join her husband, Col. Richard Wentworth, in Frankfort, Germany, where he is on the general staff of G-2. Colonel Wentworth left here a year ago after spending a previous year with the planning division of Army Service Forces.

Mrs. Jane Pluck Howard of Kennedy-Warren Apartments, will join her husband, Brig. Gen. Edwin B. Howard, who is with the intelligence division in Vienna, Austria. She saw him last December for a a few days on his first trip home in nearly four years. In 1941-42, General Howard was stationed at the Army War College here.

Mrs. Lorna Downs Bevans of 218 Raymond st., Chevy Chase, Md., will join her husband, Maj. Gen. James M. Bevins, attached to the headquarters staff in Frankfort, Germany. Mrs. Bevans will send her daughters Marilyn, 18, and Barbara, 14, to school in Switzerland. Marilyn now attends Chevy Chase Junior College and Barbara, Leland Junior High School.

Mrs. Mary G. DeGuire, of 1534 East-West hwy., Silver Spring, Md., joins Lieut. Col. Merlin L. DeGuire in Heidelberg, Germany, where is is being given a new ordnance assignment.

She will take with her their children, Jan Marcia, 8, born when the couple was stationed in Panama, and Merlin L., jr., 2. Jan will attend grade schools in the American military establishment in Heidelberg. General DeGuire was stationed here five years before going overseas last April 1.

Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Ewen, of 1707 Columbia rd. nw., is planning to join her husband, Capt. John M. Ewen, in Vienna, Austria, where he is an Air Corps graphic display officer. Captain Ewen was stationed heer temporarily with the War Department before going overseas three years ago. Mrs. Ewen, formerly a student at George Washington University, is now employed at the Treasury Department.

Mrs. Frances Virginia Renshaw, of 2006 Patterson rd., Hyattsville, Md., will join her husband, Col. Willard S. Renshaw, chief of military personnel of the United States zone in Frankfort. Her two children, Dale Delores, 11, and Willard S. jr., 4, also will make the trip.

Mrs. Beryl K. Powell, of 807 S. Overlook dr., Alexandria, Va., will join her husband in Frankfurt, where he is attached to the general staff corps. The couple, both from Oregon, moved to Arlington, Va., two and one-half years ago, when Colonel Powell was stationed here. They last saw each other 18 months ago when he was sent overseas.

Mrs. Luella Magruder, of 608 N. Lincoln st., Arlington, Va., who says she is "tired of living by myself," will join her husband, Maj. Gen. Carter Magruder in Frankfurt, where he is on the staff of General Joseph McNarney. The Magruders moved to Arlington five years ago when he was stationed here.

Mrs. Minta Springer, of 907 S. Washington st., Alexandria, Va., will go to Berlin where her husband, Comdr. Frank G. Springer, is naval architect with the Office of the Naval Advisor. Mrs. Springer is now shopping with an armlong list sent by her husband and at the same time trying to train someone to take her job as home service secretary for the Alexandria Red Cross. She has not seen her husband for a year.

Native WashingtonianMrs. **Elizabeth A. Woodrum**, of 14 Montgomery ave., Takoma Park, Md., informed that her name was on the list to go to Nordholz, Germany, next month, said she would probably await the birth of child late this summer before making her departure. She will go to join her husband, First Lieut. Olin C. Woodrum, assigned to the night flying group near Bremen. Mrs. Woodrum is a graduate of Central High School and Emergency Hospital school of nursing.

Mrs. Charlotte S. Matthias of 3101 S. Buchanan st., Arlington, Va., is headed for Bad Nauheim, Germany, to join her husband Col. Norman A. Matthias, who is serving as engineer for the continental base section of the Army. Mrs. Matthias says she is taking a "good supply of vitamins," even though she is going to the "biggest and best health resort in the world, next to Hot Springs, Ark." The Matthias sons, Norman A. jr., 15, and Judson S. 14, will go to school in Switzerland. It has not been decided whether Elizabeth C. Matthias, 10, their sister, also will go to Europe.

The first law school in the United States was established in Litchfield, Conn., in 1784.

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666
✓ Works Great and works fast
✓ Has satisfied millions.
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HOUSING

From Page 1

dustry. The labor force will have to be tripled, the Government said.

The new Civilian Production Administration order put into effect yesterday requires advance approval from CPA for construction of each new store, factory or dwelling.

Expensive Homes Hit

Officials said that "not much material" would be left for the more expensive homes costing more than $10,000. Priority on materials go to homes costing less than $10,000 and renting for $80 or less.

CPA offices will be established in 71 cities by Thursday, officials stated. An advisory committee of prominent citizens will work with each CPA field office, and will review each project "in the light of the peculiarities of the local situation."

Permits Completion

The CPA restrictions permit completion of construction already under way provided that "any of the materials which are to be an integral part of the structure have been incorporated in it on the site."

Approval is required on the following classes of projects:

1. Construction or repair work in excess of $400 on houses, including farmhouses, intended for occupancy by five families or less.

2. Jobs costing more than $1000 on hotels, apartments or other residential buildings designed for occupancy by more than five families; on stores, offices, garages, theaters or similar commercial establishments; on churches, schools, hospitals and similar buildings and on farm buildings other than dwellings.

Factories, Plants

3. Work costing more than $15,000 on factories, plants or other industrial structures used for manufacturing, processing or assembling, including motion picture sets, commercial airport structures or carrier terminals, utility structures, refineries and research laboratories.

4. All other construction in excess of $200.

BEAT

From Page 1

ing their "arbitrary and dictatorial" conduct of the meeting.

Kirchner said he went to the rostrum to protest when Hardman ordered Turner to strike out several paragraphs from the minutes of the previous meeting without submitting the action to the floor.

He said Turner struck him eight times and Hardman struck him once. Kirchner said he was unable to strike a blow in return.

Both Hardman and Turner testified yesterday as defense witnesses took the stand.

The defense version of the fight was that Kirchner rushed to the rostrum in a "belligerent, threatening and menacing manner and struck Turner first.

There the seven women's names in the Hall of Fame: Emma Willard, educator; Alice Freeman Palmer, who was president of Wellesley College at 26; Harriet Beecher Stowe, author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin"; Charlotte Cushman, actress; Maria Mitchell, discoverer of the first telescopic comet; Frances E. Willard, organizer of the Women's Christian Temperance Union; and Mary Lyon, educator.

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It's hybrid, assured quality. Get it at all better grocers.

If You Get Up Nights You Can't Feel Right
If you have to get up 4 or more times a night, your rest is broken and it's no wonder if you feel old and run-down before your time. So if you Get Up Nights or suffer from Bladder Weakness, Painful Passages, Backache, Leg Pains, Nervousness, Rheumatic Pains, Circles Under Eyes, or Swollen Ankles, due to non-organic and non-systemic Kidney and Bladder Troubles, you should try Cystex (a physician's prescription). Usually, the very first dose of Cystex goes right to work helping the Kidneys flush out excess acids and wastes which may have caused your trouble. So take Cystex exactly as directed and watch for quick help and a rapid increase in pep, more youthful feeling and joy in living. Cystex must satisfy completely or money back is guaranteed on return of empty package. Don't suffer another day without trying Cystex—3 Guaranteed sizes, 35c, 75c, $1.50 at druggists.

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A bottle of Vicks Va-tro-nol is mighty handy to have around the house because this double-duty nose drops... Quickly Relieves sneezy, sniffly, stuffy distress of head colds. Makes breathing easier. Helps Prevent many colds from developing if used at the first warning sniffle or sneeze.
This Double-Duty Nose Drops should save you much misery. Works fine! Follow directions in the package.
VICKS VA-TRO-NOL

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PEOPLE OF EXACTING TASTES
CALL FOR "THREE FEATHERS"
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RIGHT NOW, Ford dealers not only are displaying but *delivering* new cars to Ford buyers! As the Ford Motor Company already has built more postwar cars and is consistently producing more than any other maker, we feel every confidence in assuring you that you will get a new car more quickly by placing your order promptly with your Ford dealer. ● ● As increasing numbers of Ford cars are being delivered, motorists with orders on the Ford dealers' lists are steadily moving up to their own delivery day. Deliveries are being made strictly on the basis of first come first served, with two important exceptions:

1. *We have definitely reserved a substantial percentage of cars to provide for men who served with the armed forces of the United States.*

2. *When an emergency need for a new car exists (as with doctors and nurses), we determine priority on the basis of the now abolished, but publicly accepted OPA priority lists.*

● ● We believe these delivery policies to be in your interest. We shall exert every care to see that the procedure works fairly for all. Believe us—the '46 Ford is away out in front in everything—and well worth waiting for!

Ford

YOUR FORD DEALER

Cobb to Race Again On Salt Flats in '47

Wendover, Utah. (U.P.)—Racing driver John R. Cobb, British holder of the world's land speed record, notified friends here that he would definitely race on the nearby Bonneville Salt Flats in 1947.

Cobb's new assault on the speed record will be made as part of the Utah Centennial Celebration. The burly London wool broker set the present record of 368.85 miles per hour in 1939.

The Washington Post

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Eugene Meyer, Editor and Publisher

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Rates to Foreign Countries not listed will be furnished upon request.

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TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4200.

Wednesday, March 27, 1946

Postage On Food

The Post Office Department, it seems to us, should make a concession to the millions of hungry people abroad by lowering the postal rates on food parcels to Europe and Asia. The present rates are a formidable barrier, when compared with what it costs to send a similar package to a serviceman overseas. Food parcels to individuals in France, for instance, go at the rate of 14 cents a pound, or $1.54 for the 11-pound maximum. The same parcel could be sent from Washington to an Army or Navy man in France for only 30 cents. The reason is that, as originally set up for security purposes, on packages to servicemen the sender pays postage only to the port of embarkation—New York or San Francisco, as the case may be—and from there mail is handled by Army or Fleet Postoffices. Considering the urgency of the food situation, it seems to us that a similar rate could well be established for food parcels. We urge that the Postmaster General take whatever action is necessary. If a temporary reduction in rates will help reduce starvation by inducing more people to send food packages abroad it will be well worth the cost.

Municipal Center

Now that the wartime emergency is rapidly lifting it does appear that the District government might reasonably expect to occupy its own building. In a mood of generous cooperation the local authorities permitted Federal agencies to move into the new Municipal Center in the early days of the war, cramping the District departments for which it was built into a fraction of the space they need. Now, with the resumption of peacetime activities, expansion has become imperative and room for that expansion should obviously be made available in the District's own building.

As a matter of fact, the Veterans Administration which occupies a large part of the Municipal Center had promised to vacate it last January. But it is said that the Public Buildings Administration has not yet provided the VA with space into which to move. Apparently the VA has not seen fit to take such space as has become available, preferring to keep together all of its units that are now housed in the Municipal Center. We can readily understand this problem, but at the same time the pressure on the District Health, Police and Welfare Departments has become acute. The Health Department, for example, is unable to hire new specialists whose services it desperately needs because it literally has no place in which they could work. Almost the entire department is cramped into quarters on the sixth floor that were designed to serve only as laboratories. Welfare and the police are similarly handicapped.

We think the time has come for the Commissioners to apply sharp pressure to the Public Building Administration and the Veterans Administration to relinquish the Municipal Center for local functions. Even when District agencies have reoccupied all of the 200,000 square feet of space now in use by Federal workers they will still need more. The fact that the Municipal Center offers more attractive quarters than some of the other buildings now becoming vacant is no excuse for continued Federal occupancy. It was built with District funds for District use and it should be converted to such use with all the speed consistent with orderly transfer of the Federal agencies to which wartime courtesies were extended.

Cruelty To Humans

Concurrently with the present howl against vivisection, Representative Lemke has reintroduced a bill to prevent experiments on living dogs in the District of Columbia. To us this bill seems dangerous. Overplayed sentimental considerations are being allowed to obscure fundamental facts. The Lemke bill opens the door for inhibition and restriction of the scientific experimentation essential to medical progress.

Numerous misconceptions abound regarding vivisection. In the first place, the connotation of the word has changed since it was first introduced. Today most vivisection consists of injecting an animal hypodermically with serum or disease germs so that the results may be observed. There is no surgery involved in 90 per cent of the cases. Secondly, no one's pets are involved. Experimentation takes place on animals bred for the purpose. Third, relatively few dogs are used in comparison to the number of guinea pigs, rats, mice, monkeys and other smaller animals. Finally, there is no deliberate cruelty, no sadism involved. Vivisection is performed generally under the most humane conditions possible, for the express purpose of saving human life.

Important medical discoveries which have benefited nearly the entire human race have been developed through vivisection experiments. Among these discoveries have been antitoxin for diphtheria, the vaccine for typhoid and paratyphoid and the insulin treatment for diabetes, to mention just a few. Vivisection experiments are virtually the only method by which many future curative medical discoveries can be tested. Instead of dwelling on over-sentimentalized "cruelty" to animals as in the Lemke bill, it would be better to pay some attention to the cruelty to humans that would result if vivisection were prohibited.

Marshall or Go-Between

The return of General Marshall to his own country is the occasion for a review of his accomplishments in China. These have exceeded all expectations. When the President, in an inspired moment, appointed him special envoy to Chungking, the extreme hope was that he would be able to arrange a truce between the rival armies owing allegiance respectively to the National government and to the Communists. This he has done. But General Marshall was not content with this achievement. He has brought together the two main elements in distracted and war-weary and inflation-torn China on a plan for the unification of China. The job called for the exercise of those great talents of tact and diplomacy which General Marshall displayed as our wartime Chief of Staff.

The success of General Marshall is the more marked because he had had very little experience of China or the Chinese. To be sure, he was once stationed in Tientsin, but barrack life overseas does not allow of much opportunity to explore the life or the civilization of the surrounding people. Some of these posts are little bits of transplanted America. And Tientsin was not only an Army post; the life around it was foreign-run, since Tientsin was a concessioned area. No, General Marshall's success was not due to experience of China. It was due to a universal quality in Marshall's make-up which makes him at home in a leadership role calling for the amalgamation of contrary points of view.

It so happens, however, that General Marshall's attributes jibe with the requirements of dealing with the Chinese, as neither General Stilwell's nor General Hurley's did. The people of China have such a strong sense of sweet reasonableness that they had no lawyers in their midst till the Westerner brought in his institutions. Instead, the Chinese relied upon "go-betweens," who were respected members of the community, capable of judgment and impartiality. With their help the Chinese were able to dispense with the legal fraternity that in our more formal society has been found to be indispensable. General Marshall has been serving as such a "go-between." He arrived in China, of course, with a reputation which gave him immediate standing with the Chinese. But this standing assured him only of title as a go-between, and it is his actual work as mediator that in three months has put him in a position in China which, in our knowledge and reading, is unique in Chinese history.

General Marshall has won the trust of Chiang Kai-shek to such an extent that the generalissimo is impatient to have him back without delay. We hope he will return. He would be the first to say that all he has done is a starter. It is, indeed, only a partial, perhaps even a fragile, foundation for the reconstruction of China, and it still requires his aid to improve upon it. What he can still do in China will be of immeasurable service to the pacification of the Far East, which must always occupy a front place in our foreign policy. Perhaps the Chinese want to give General Marshall more power in Chinese tasks, but we feel that he has the delicacy to know how far he should go in aiding the integration of China under purely Chinese auspices. This characteristic is not the least constituent of his statesmanship. He has the right to ask the Administration to help him complete an assignment which has no superior in the President's disposition.

Atom Control

Science, which brought about the release of atomic energy, has now proposed a means by which it may be controlled. Only the barest outline of this means, details of which are contained in a report made confidentially to the Senate Committee on Atomic Energy by Undersecretary of State Dean Acheson, has as yet been revealed to the public. The report as a whole should be published without delay. It was prepared under State Department auspices by a special study group headed by the chairman of the Tennessee Valley Authority, Mr. David E. Lilienthal, and including one of the outstanding scientists in the wartime atomic bomb project, Dr. J. Robert Oppenheimer. Application of the means of control proposed by this committee remains a problem of statesmanship; that is, a political problem. The public, therefore, has every right to know the control potentialities which are available and to judge the efforts made to realize them.

It is possible, according to the State Department group which studied the problem, to "denature" fissionable materials so that they cannot be used as explosives without major modifications of plant and equipment. It is proposed, therefore, that the mining and production of uranium and thorium, the only natural elements which can readily be transformed into atomic explosives, be absolutely controlled by an agency of the United Nations and that this agency license use of them to any country, in a "denatured" state only, for peaceful purposes. This method of control involves a minimum of interference in the internal affairs of participating countries and makes possible genuinely effective surveillance. It should go far toward allaying international distrust. It constitutes, indeed, a richly hopeful contribution to world peace. Here at last is an assurance that, with wise statesmanship, the development of atomic energy can be reserved for the benefit rather than for the destruction of mankind.

The knowledge that such a means of control exists makes more imperative than ever the enactment of sound legislation for atomic energy development in the United States. And it makes more urgent than ever the transfer of authority over this development from military to civilian hands. For atomic energy remains, so far as the military is concerned, simply a weapon. We must begin to think of it and prepare to harness it as motive power for industry, as benevolent heat for our cities, as a healing agent for medicine. And we must make ready, of course, to adapt our own policies respecting atomic energy to the international control without which its benefits can never be realized.

It is obvious that if we are to persuade other nations to embrace the method of control which our scientists have proposed, we must impart to them some of the "secrets" to which we have been clinging so tenaciously. They are mortally dangerous secrets, bound to be discovered in any case. A sharing of them as soon as the system of control now said to be feasible is agreed upon will afford us more security than we could ever enjoy through a precarious exclusivity. We have a fateful choice to make—the old, old choice between isolationism and internationalism. Atomic energy is a force so elementary and so potent that it must knit the world together into unity or blast it asunder.

Cardinal von Galen

At the beginning of the war the name of Count Clemens August von Galen, Roman Catholic Bishop of Muenster, was scarcely known outside Germany. Before the end of the war it had become almost as much of a symbol as the name of the Protestant Pastor Niemoeller, and for much the same reasons. Each, in defense of his religion, had openly attacked the power of the Nazis and had invited their vengeance upon himself.

For various reasons Hitler never felt himself secure enough in power to send Bishop von Galen to a concentration camp, as had been done with Niemoeller, or to issue the order for his death that Himmler is said to have demanded. Thus, throughout the war, the bishop remained perhaps the most effective internal enemy of the regime. He found ways to expose to the world the wholesale "mercy killings"; that is, the systematic slaughter by the Gestapo of thousands of the incurably sick or insane patients in German hospitals and of the senile and hopelessly maimed. He was the first to give the outside world an inkling of the moral effect of the RAF bombings in western Germany. From the pulpit and by pastoral letter he protested the persecution of his followers and even dared to denounce Heinrich Himmler by name. But, irreconcilable anti-Nazi that he was, Count von Galen was in no way anti-German, and though it was doubtless only the defeat of Germany that saved him at last from Himmler's vengeance, he nevertheless spoke with great bitterness about the death of civilians in the American bombardments and of the destruction of the great medieval churches and cathedrals.

Among all the new cardinals from all parts of the world assembled at the great public consistory at Rome a few weeks ago it was Galen who received the greatest applause. But although he was a man of immense stature and of seemingly rugged physique, the strain of the past few years had evidently weakened him. And, as in the case of the aged Cardinal Glennon of St. Louis, the honors paid to him on his elevation to the Sacred College were almost certainly among the immediate causes of his death.

Swiss Move

Although Switzerland was one of the first nations to recognize the Soviet Union, the Berne government, and an important section of the Swiss people, never concealed their suspicion of Russia. After the assassination of a Russian official on Swiss soil in 1924, a break in Swiss-Soviet relations occurred, and this was not repaired until last week. The initiative for the resumption in relations came from Switzerland. More than a year ago the Berne government made known its desire to exchange envoys with Russia. This followed the refusal of Russia to attend the International Aviation Conference in Chicago because of the presence at that meeting of representatives of Switzerland, Spain and Portugal.

But the Swiss olive branch to the Kremlin met with a brusque rebuff. Nonetheless the Swiss government persisted, realizing that in view of the highly important role which Russia now plays in the world, it was essential that normal relations between that country and the Swiss federation be restored. A new approach to the Soviet Union was made by way of the Russian representative at Belgrade. This proved successful. After being informed by the Swiss that they had "modified their previous attitude toward Russia to the extent that it was unfriendly," Russia agreed to end the break in relations. The action is to be applauded.

SHAD BLOW

It never takes to the tidy way
Of lawns and hedges. It will run
From neater bushes, and will sprawl
Across a tumbled wall,
And flower in a patch of sun
Beside an overgrown old brook,
It hides by day.

But on an April night in lowly
Bogs where cows come down to drink,
And peepers cry, there it will gleam
In the wash of moonlight, pale as snow,
Shy as snow, frail as snow.
Like something in a dream
There is the whisper, "Holy, holy."

BIANCA BRADBURY

Relief In Sight

EISENHOWER URGES EXTENSION OF DRAFT ACT, ADDED INDUCEMENTS FOR ENLISTMENTS
U.S. ARMY 1946
THE JOB STILL TO BE DONE
©1946 THE WASHINGTON POST

Letters To The Editor

Communications must carry the writer's name and address though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters of less than 200 words will be given preference. All letters are subject to condensation.

"Virgin Islands"

I was gratified indeed to read your editorial, "Virgin Islands," in The Post March 22. It seems to me that the main issue in the current hearings on Judge Hastie's nomination for the governorship of the Virgin Islands is to decide whether the nominee is well qualified for the position for which President Truman has selected him.

My views on this appointment were clearly expressed at the hearings, where I appeared in an unofficial capacity and as an interested citizen. The Virgin Islands have no representation in our Congress, and I would like to see the day when they are given the opportunity to be heard on Capitol Hill through their officially elected representative.

It is unfortunate that the name of Governor Tugwell of Puerto Rico had to be dragged into the hearings on Judge Hastie's appointment. Aside from the irrelevancy of the matter, a move of this sort would tend to confuse the issues at hand and also to convey an erroneous impression. Governor Tugwell, who has had a big majority of the people's backing in Puerto Rico at all times during his incumbency as chief executive of the island, was not present to defend himself of the charges.

J. T. PINERO.
Resident Commissioner
from Puerto Rico.
Washington, March 22.

Mr. Wallace's Purge

I have become increasingly disturbed over the emerging line in recent reactions to Secretary Wallace's proposal to oust party bolters, and I particularly address myself to Mr. Mattingly's letter of March 22. This line seems to be that by proposing party discipline one is guilty, at best, of undermining the "right of conscientious minority dissent" and at worst of espousing Communist or Fascist doctrines of "purge discipline."

Party caucuses were developed early in our history as peculiarly fitted for the task of achieving party responsibility in the most democratic manner—through majority rule. Under present irresponsible conditions a small group of legislators under the mantle of the Democratic Party—and representing only a fraction of the Nation's voters—can defeat the very platform on which the Democratic Party was elected by a majority of voters.

This country is currently in desperate need of party responsibility. Mr. Wallace suggests reinstitution of the old party caucus technique. *The Post* supports the La Follette-Monroney Congressional Reorganization Committee proposals for establishing a sort of legislative board of directors. I am heartily in support of *both* proposals. Both are thoroughly democratic and are urgently needed if the legislative stalemate under which we have been laboring is to be broken.

AGNES S. WOLF.
Washington, Mach 22.

Recentralization

The recently announced decision to check the recentralization of Government offices should be reviewed, with consideration given to the following points:

1. Breach of faith, inasmuch as the moves were announced as temporary emergency measures.

2. Some employes of offices which had been moved will be without housing because of temporary arrangements made in contemplation of postwar return.

3. Housing in Washington will be left vacant because of a "safety-first" policy of permanent employe home-owners whose date of return is indefinite.

4. Elimination of agencies no longer necessary and logical reductions in personnel should reduce the pressure in the Washington area, whereas industrial and commercial activities should make the housing shortage more serious in other places.

5. The chain of evictions resulting from the recentralization could be a blessing in disguise. Occurring at a time when agencies are studying their personnel from the standpoint of a change from "emergency" to "merit" considerations, it would accelerate the return to other fields of marginal employes.

READER.
Arlington, Va., March 24.

"Conservation" Lunch

If what Fay Evans (pictured on page 3 of *The Post* of March 22) is eating is a "conservation" luncheon, it would be interesting to know what she eats when she really lets herself go. The picture looks more like a full dinner for a farmhand.

ELSIE C. HARKINS.
Chevy Chase, Md., March 22.

Feeding The Allies

Even with the most supreme effort on our part, thousands who aided in the struggle against nazism will starve in the near future. The problem of prime importance is not whether democracy can be taught the German people on a thousand calories a day, but how many of these starving millions can we aid to survive until the coming harvest.

In the last six years the Germans were well taken care of while the peoples of other nations on the Continent did with very little and waited for the day of liberation that they surely thought would turn the tables. If it is a question of who is to suffer and who is to be saved, why do we still even think of supplying food to the German people? Let us give aid to those who helped in our struggle, then—and only then—if there is any left over let the Germans have it.

FIRST LIEUT. A. L. VETERE.
Washington, March 23.

Feed the Allies first!

GEORGE A. RUSSELL.
DOROTHY G. RUSSELL.
Arlington, Vt., March 21.

A 65-Cent Minimum Wage

Because of my own work in labor research I was able to withstand, while in the Navy, the rather heavy propaganda barrage that would have had us all believe that all workers at home were making fabulous sums of money.

One of the first things I did upon returning to my work two months ago was to check the accuracy of my general impression. I had made a very serious error in theorizing that substandard wages had been wiped out. Three out of every five workers still were earning less than 85 cents per hour, and those earning less than 65 cents could still be counted in the millions was almost unbelievable. In light of present living costs, it meant that too many men and women were thinking more of breadlines than of nylon lines.

It was satisfying, therefore, to find that real progress had been made in the campaign to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act so as to provide at least for a 65 per cent minimum and a 75 per cent minimum in 1950. The recent vote of the Senate Education and Labor Committee, establishing such minimum and widening the coverage of the Act, was, I hoped, a forerunner of swift approval by both houses of Congress. Last week's actions of the Senate, however, have dispelled such hopes.

That a 65-cent wage is necessary to maintain a bare subsistence level in light of today's price level is so obvious as to require no elaborate proof. Where such a wage is earned by the third or fourth wage earner of a family, it might be considered adequate to cover the extra financial costs of maintaining the individual. But where such a wage is received by the head of a family, or even by a single person living alone, the arithmetic of the situation is just too obvious. Since wages in our economy bear no direct relationship to size of family or need, consideration must be given to the most common type of wage earner—the head of a family. What can 65 cents per hour, or $26 for 40 hours of work, provide for a family that includes even one child?

I feel particularly strong about the hundreds of thousands of veterans who joined the armed services without any prior work experience, and who acquired family responsibilities during the war. Such men are for the most part offered minimum wages until they acquire "experience." In the armed services, even a lowly private or an apprentice seaman did better on a monthly basis in cash payments (base pay plus family allotment) than that which a 65-cent wage would provide.

During the past weeks many hundreds of thousands of organized workers have secured wage increases. In most cases such increases have been around 18 or 19 cents. It does not detract one bit from the reasonableness and justice of such increases to point out that for the most part these increases are going to workers already in the higher brackets.

Our present economy can certainly stand a 65-cent minimum. In 1938, a country with a national income of 64 billion dollars set a minimum wage of 40 cents. Today, with a national income of 160 billion dollars, we should have no difficulty in maintaining a 65-cent minimum. Looking at it another way, a 40-cent minimum was voted in a year when the average for all manufacturing employes was about 63 cents. Today that average is about $1.03. The average earnings having risen by 40 cents, the minimum should certainly be brought up by at least the 25 cents required to establish a 65-cent minimum.

During the war, the War Labor Board declared that all wages below 55 cents should be considered "substandard." Add to this the 18½-cent average increase received by workers in the major industries and you have a substandard level of 73½ cents.

Veterans unable to find suitable employment today are granted a $20 *weekly in unemployment benefits.* Is anything less than a 65- or 75-cent wage an incentive to accept employment? Small wonder that such a large proportion of veterans are on the unemployed rolls today.

The conclusion is inescapable that 65 cents represents the lowest minimum that should be set for the Nation. Not only the veteran deserves this consideration. Any man and woman employed today should not have to toil for wages that cannot provide for the barest essentials of living. Let us take at least this modest step in narrowing the differentials that exist today in the incomes of our people. We are not faced here with a problem of inflationary dangers or of fancy economic theories. As Senator Wayne Morse declared in a famous case before the National War Labor Board, of which he was then a public member, "American labor should not be asked to subsidize industry by working for wages below the level of health and decency."

HYMAN H. BOOKBINDER.
New York City, March 20.

Washington Calling

By Marquis Childs

Admiral's Line

BETWEEN PRESIDENT Truman and the admirals who run the Navy, something very like a feud is going on over unification of the armed services. It is an extraordinary spectacle, this tug-of-war between the Commander in Chief and the Navy's top brass.

When the President declared unequivocally for unification of the Army, Navy and Air Forces in a common Department of Defense, the debate was supposed to end. He asked the admirals and the generals to accept this as policy, at least until Congress had time to act one way or the other.

Outwardly, the admirals have kept silent. But, as one official in the White House put it, they have gone underground. Their propaganda among members of Congress has continued unabated.

It was against this background that the President was so eager for the confirmation of Edwin W. Pauley as Undersecretary of the Navy. That phase of the Pauley nomination never came to light during the bitter controversy that ended with the withdrawal of Pauley's name after it was obvious he could not be confirmed. What lay behind the President's stubborn determination to put Pauley over has never been explained.

In the first place, he wanted someone in the Navy Department who would be absolutely loyal to him. Pauley, the President believed, would be able to resist the blandishments and the persuasions of the admirals.

Secondly, the President believed that Pauley would have the ruthlessness, the drive and the capacity to push through unification in spite of the opposition of the men who wear the stars. He had been impressed with Pauley's performance as head of the reparations mission to Moscow. On this point the President had the hearty support of W. Averell Harriman, then Ambassador to Russia. Harriman, newly appointed Ambassador to England, admires Pauley's drive and ability.

When Pauley was defeated, it was in one sense a defeat for unification. Or at any rate, the going will be tougher for unification.

The admirals have become extraordinarily bold. They do not hesitate to go to their allies on Capitol Hill to circumvent the expressed wishes of their Commander in Chief.

They have, of course, very important allies. One is Representative Carl Vinson of Georgia, chairman of the House Naval Affairs Committee, who has become through the years a kind of honorary admiral. He wears the uniform in spirit if not in actuality.

Chairman of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee is Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts. Walsh is 73 years old. He is tired and indifferent. For this reason, he tends to follow the line of least resistance.

The latest battle in the war between the White House and the Navy is over the size of the Navy's appropriation. The Navy's maneuvering in this matter has riled the President more than almost anything else that has happened during his year in the White House.

Over the Navy's postwar position and the amount of money it would take to finance it, the President spent a great deal of time. He devoted more care and thought to it than to any other budgetary problem.

The Navy had asked for $6,250,000,000. The President, with the aid of his staff in the Bureau of the Budget, cut this back to $3,900,000,000. Later, it was raised to $4,250,000,000.

The last figure represented the total the Commander in Chief believed adequate to maintain the Navy at a proper peacetime level. This computation was based on the relationship of the Navy to the other branches of national defense.

Immediately, a backstairs quarrel began. Budget Director Harold Smith insisted that, if Secretary of the Navy Forrestal and the admirals were to go directly to Congress to ask for the original sum, the whole system of presidential budget-keeping would be jeopardized. Other departments would take this as a percedent and would run up to the Capitol with their own requests. Forrestal finally agreed not to testify for more money.

However, Admiral Chester W. Nimitz, Chief of Naval Operations, did go before the perfect congressional sounding board. That was not the Appropriations Committee but Vinson's Naval Affairs Committee. Nimitz made it sound as though the cut had been a bookkeeper's cut.

That is the present propaganda line of the clique of admirals who run the Navy. The President is hopping mad and the issue sooner or later will come to a showdown.

Surplus Materiel

Perhaps the 165,000 men that the Army claims it will be short by July 1 are those guarding the surplus materiel overseas. Why not give such materiel away or send it back? We will be lucky in the end to realize one tenth of its value and that one tenth will be used up in cost of maintenance of the men guarding it.

LOUISE C. ADLER
Washington, March 24.

Daylight Saving

Does it occur to anyone that we could go to work an hour earlier without disturbing our smooth-working time system? Can we not save the necessity of adjustment by transportation systems, and the inconvenience to rural areas whose concerns are tied up with more cities and towns than ours? We should achieve the same results.

JULIA C. WATSON.
Washington, March 22.

Foreign Policy

By Sumner Welles

The First Line Of Our Security

THE CONTROVERSY raised by Mr. Churchill's speeches has fixed attention on the military aspects of American security. It has led public opinion to concentrate primarily upon our armed strength, and upon the related problems of our defense.

The security of the United States depends upon innumerable factors. It depends in part on our internal unity, on the striking power of our air, naval and military forces, on our ability to find safeguards for new scientific inventions, on our productive capacity, on the raw materials available to us, and on the strategic position of our territory.

But obviously, the security of the United States will be determined first of all by the policies of other peoples. It depends upon the desire of other peoples to seek their security and their prosperity in the same way in which we seek our own safety and well-being. It depends upon the willingness of other peoples to cooperate with us in creating the kind of peaceful world order to which we are now pledged.

The future safety of the United States will be insured by the success of the United Nations. The success of that organization will be advanced in proportion to our ability to achieve close and friendly understandings with other peoples and convince them, whenever necessary, of the desirability in their own interest of working with us toward that common goal.

It is precisely in that field that the Government of the United States has so often failed during the last year.

Wendell Willkie used to speak of the "reservoir of good will" which the United States had available to it throughout other parts of the world. That reservoir, unfortunately, is very rapidly being drained dry.

There has arisen an extraordinary confusion of thought with regard to Mr. Churchill's recent speeches. There has been a concerted effort to make it appear that the former prime minister was urging the creation of a military alliance of the English-speaking countries, of an exclusive character, for the purpose of dominating the rest of the world.

Naturally, the United Nations Charter would not be worth the paper it is written on if any member state, or any group of states, were to attempt to dominate all other peoples. Mr. Churchill has made it entirely clear that what he is so eloquently urging is an increasing cooperation of the English-speaking democracies for the purpose of advancing the objectives in which they believe and which are set forth in the United Nations Charter.

We are inclined to overlook the significance to us of the fact that the English-speaking democracies all believe that the establishment of a world order based upon law and justice, rather than upon force and domination, offers the most certain method of furthering their own welfare.

The British Empire—even though Mr. Churchill will not be there to preside over its liquidation—has reached its end. Mr. Attlee, by his pledge of complete independence to India, has proclaimed the termination of the age of imperialism.

But the British Commonwealth of Nations, that federation of English-speaking democracies, will continue to survive as a bulwark for a decent world order, provided the United States collaborates with it, within the framework of the United Nations.

If, because of current misrepresentations and recriminations, we fail so to cooperate, we will thereby lose one of our most effective means of strengthening the first line of our security.

The key problem of our foreign policy has been to establish a friendly working relation with the Soviet Union which would progressively strengthen the U. N. In that endeavor we have so far wholly failed.

But in our supplementary policies, which should have been designed to increase our opportunities of obtaining the support of other nations for our objectives, we have failed almost as completely.

OUR RECENT POLICIES in Latin America have been incredibly stupid as well as humiliatingly unsuccessful. Our procedure in western and central Europe and in the Near East has been almost as inept.

American public opinion should be demanding from this Government some coherent program of foreign policy which will refill the reservoir of good will toward the United States.

It should insist on the elimination of all those factors which have been directly responsible for the tragic mistakes which have been committed in so many aspects of our foreign policy, and which have contributed so greatly to the reduction abroad of the influence and former prestige of this country. It should urge the appointment, at this most critical moment, to high diplomatic missions abroad of men who have the knowledge and experience, as well as the ability needed. It should make it clear that it realizes that the safety of this Nation depends upon the foreign policy which is now carried out in the name of the United States, and upon the skill with which that policy is executed in the field.

For it is to its foreign policy that the United States must look for the first line of its security.

The Federal Diary

By Jerry Kluttz

18.5 Pct. Wage Boost Recommendation Likely

PAY: The House Civil Service Committee tomorrow is expected to accept the recommendation of its chairman that Federal workers be given a flat wage increase of 18.5 per cent.

The chairman, Representative Jennings Randolph of West Virginia, yesterday revealed he would seek to override the Jackson subcommittee on two counts, pay and top bracket salaries.

The Jackson group recommended a flat 17 per cent increase for per annum workers. Randolph would raise it to 18.5 per cent. He would also approve $12,000 and $14,000 salaries to Federal administrators. The Jackson subcommittee would limit these proposed higher grades to a few high-aliber scientists who are working on defense projects.

Randolph has the proxy of Representative Mankin of Georgia, and Representative Miller of California, and other committee members have pledged him support. In fact, Miller said he would make it 20 per cent "so we could make a better bargain with the Senate committee."

The chairman said he hadn't made up his mind on an effective date. The subcommittee recommended the raise be made as of July 1. Miller would make it retroactive to January 1 like the postal pay bill.

A committee member who asked not to be quoted said he would propose that an April 1 date be written into the bill. Further, he predicted its approval.

Randolph said an 18.5 increase "would raise the level of Federal salaries to a point 47.3 per cent above the January, 1941 level." Even so, he added, the Federal worker will lag behind the average private employe by 1.3 per cent.

On top administrators, he said the Government had neglected them. Down through the years, he said, they have not had their due. "And if we want efficiency," he warned, "we must have capable managers and we must reward our managers at least as well as we are prepared to reward our scientists and engineers."

The chairman said he would take his fight to the floor of the House if his committee turns him down, a most unlikely action.

The subcommittee recommendations will be presented to the full committee tomorrow by Representative Henry Jackson of Washington. Jackson has been working hard to get through a good bill without a fight and his plan was a compromise.

Incidentally, several members yesterday took a skeptical view of the plans to mass lobby members of Congress by CIO's UFWA. They are frankly fearful it will lose votes for the pay bill.

WAR: It is planning to centralize all its map work at the Army Map Service on MacArthur blvd. near Dalecarlia. New additions to the service are being completed and equipped. Several hundred employes from St. Louis an dother cities where map offices were established during the war will be moved here.

INTERIOR: In all the hullaballoo over moving employes back here, two activities at Interior have been overlooked. The Grazing Service, which had headquarters in Salt Lake, is to be moved back here. Only about 25 to 50 people are involved. An the Reclamation Bureau is moving 25 people a month here from Denver until a total of 137 is reached.

CIVIL SERVICE: It will be able to hire 300 employes temporarily to work in its retirement division, provided it gets the money approved by the House Appropriations Committee.

The UFWA said yesterday that its charges of race discrimination by USES in referring workers to Federal jobs had been confirmed by Civil Service Commissioner Arthur S. Flemming. The union said Flemming had written USES to demand that discrimination cease and that he would investigate soon to see if it had been done.

The President's order specifically bans discrimination in Federal jobs. The USES is accused of referring white applicants in the vast majority of cases to Federal agencies.

INTERNAL REVENUE: It would have the money to hire 7000 additional employes under a recommendation of the House Appropriations Committee. The committee approved a $16,350,000 deficiency appropriation which would permit an increase of bureau personnel from 56,300 to 63,000.

TOUGH: The committee cracked down on agencies that fail to live within their annual appropriations. It said that it intends to see hereafter that all agencies observe the anti-deficiency law. The committee ordered the Budget Bureau to report quarterly on every agency that is overspending, the reasons for it, and the names of the responsible officials.

Campus Queen Named

Shepherdstown, W. Va., March 26.—Miss Barbara White of Charles Town, W. Va., a senior at Shepherd College here, was formally acclaimed "campus queen for 1946" at a dance here last night sponsored by two fraternities.

Off the Record

By Ed Reed

"That's Borchert, the human cannonball—he insisted he be discharged that way!"

Matter Of Fact

By Joseph and Stewart Alsop

Don't Crow Too Soon

THE UNITED NATIONS Security Council has been deliberating for two days. In the Council chamber, with its discreet but immense apparatus of publicity, one feels the concentration of the hopes of the world. All men seem to be watching. But the most significant aspect of the meeting is still the divergence of information and opinion between the general public and the informed experts of the delegations.

This appears clearly on points both small and large. For example, the objective of Soviet policy in Iran has been widely stated to be oil, and nothing but oil. Adherents of this view have now assumed that Soviet policy has been reversed because the Soviet Union has been assured of access to Iranian oil. But the truth is that assurance of such access was given at Yalta to Foreign Commissar Molotov by former Foreign Minister Anthony Eden and former Secretary of State E. L. Stettinius.

The record of the Yalta meeting shows that Stettinius and Eden jointly informed Molotov that Britain and the United States were prepared to use their good offices in securing for the Soviet Union normal oil concessions in Iran. Molotov replied with a long tirade against the Iranian law, forbidding the granting of oil concessions until foreign troops were withdrawn from Iranian soil.

This law was motivated not by a Soviet request for an oil concession, but by the Soviet desire to have the so-called "concession" include virtual cession of northern Iran. Molotov then broke off the conversation with the statement that there were more important matters than oil. Since the Soviet government has known since Yalta that Britain and the United States desired the Soviet oil requirements to be met, it is necessary to assume that "the more important matters" Molotov mentioned were such things as Soviet control of the Iranian government.

Again, it is now being widely bruited about that the reports of Soviet troop movements in northern Iran have been greatly exaggerated, and are probably British propaganda. Once more, nothing could be further from the truth. These reports were originally based on the dispatches to the State Department of the American vice consul at Tabriz, Robert Rossow, whose movements were eventually confined by the Russians at bayonet point.

Rossow's dispatches, moreover, were fully confirmed and even amplified by the observations of an American military observer, Captain Garaine, who saw considerably more than Rossow. According to Garaine, Rossow's estimate of Russian reinforcements in northern Iran was, if anything, too low. He based this opinion on such facts as the presence at a single Russian headquarters of 15 heavy tanks, 60 medium tanks and a great park of heavy and light artillery—surely more than would be required to guard Russian communications in Iran from the inroads of a thieving peasantry.

More important still, the effort is now being made to suggest that there has not, after all, been any great change in Soviet policy or that the change began weeks ago. This assumption is flatly contradicted by the events of the Moscow visit of the Iranian Premier, Qavam es Sultaneh. The aged, slippery Qavam from first to last at Moscow asked for only two things: first, withdrawal of Russian troops from Iranian soil, and, second, Russian concurrence in a settlement of the Azerbaijan revolt which would not undermine the integrity of his government. On both points he got a flat turndown.

Instead, every device of pressure, persuasion and intimidation was employed to make him accept three Russian demands.

The first demand was that the Iranian government "invite" Russian troops to remain in Iran. The second demand was that the Iranian government recognize the virtual autonomy of Azerbaijan and admit Azerbaijanian deputies to the Majlis. The third demand was that the northern Iranian oil concession, carrying with it all the same special privileges which had been previously asked for, be granted forthwith.

The total of these demands implied surrender of Iranian independence. Qavam refused them. Furthermore, he refused a final Russian request to place his name on a joint communique, stating that the Moscow conversations had been carried on "with good understanding" and would "continue" in Tehran. In his refusal, Qavam stated clearly that the conversations would not continue, as far as he was concerned, until he had received assurance of the withdrawal of Soviet troops.

WHAT IS THE meaning of all these seemingly unrelated facts? This should be obvious. Soviet policy in Iran embraced objectives which could not be negotiated.

It was a policy of threatened aggression. It came, in the end, into open conflict with the policies of the western powers, and that conflict brought a clash perilously close. The Soviets used every device of the war of nerves to induce the western powers to avoid the clash by changing their policy. Such signs as the action of the House and Senate Military Affairs Committees to extend the draft, in the end convinced the Soviets that the western powers' nerves would not be shaken. And so, at the last moment, Soviet policy was hastily altered under pressure of the western powers' strong front. In fact, there was a showdown, the implications of which are not diminished because the showdown took place before the Security Council meeting.

Nor is this by any means the final showdown in the opinion of qualified observers on the various delegations. These men assume that the Soviets will continue to try to gain control of the Iranian government by preventing settlement of the Azerbaijanian problem even after their troops have withdrawn.

Furthermore, both American and British policy-makers on highest level still fear trouble in other areas. This is clearly indicated by the present intention of the two governments to inform Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia officially that British and American troops will remain in Italy, and will be stationed at Trieste, until the Trieste border dispute is settled at the peace conference. In short the "patience and firmness," which are the keynotes of the policy of Secretary of State Byrnes, are likely to be needed for a long time to come.

McIntyre Reelected

Westernport, Md., March 26 (AP).—The re-election of Mayor J. Milton McIntyre was assured today after midnight tabulations showed him leading his opponent, Joseph P. Guy, groceryman and former town commissioner, 536 to 249, with 800 votes counted out of 937 cast.

'Pro-Soviet' Charges

McCormack Writes to Rep. May

A new development came yesterday on the heels of the House Military Affairs Committee's refusal to continue hearings in its investigation of alleged "pro-Soviet" sympathizers in the Government.

Alfred McCormack, chief of State Department intelligence, called upon Chairman Andrew J. May (D., Ky.) to "either withdraw the charges or make a proper investigation of the facts."

McCormack, who had asserted the inquiry was aimed at him and his employes, sent the following letter to May:

Dear Chairman May:

I have your letter of the 25th in which you inform me that your committee refuses to give me and my associates a proper hearing on charges that you have made against me and them.

In your letter you state that your committee is going to pursue "the objective it has been seeking," which to readers of the press reports can only mean that you will seek to eliminate from the State Department the 15 "pro-Soviet sympathizers" who I am alleged to have brought into the department from military intelligence, as well as myself.

Concerned for Associates

I am not concerned with my own tenure in the department. I came into it with no commitment except to set up the intelligence unit and get it organized, and with the intention of returning to private life as soon as that was done, and I expect to be taking that step before long.

My associates, however, are in a different position. Most of them are much younger than I and have an interest in permanent Government service. They are highly capable people, who have proved their worth in the Army and in private life, and it would be advantageous to the Government to retain their services. If, therefore, the charges against them are false, as they are, it is the public duty of your committee to withdraw them.

It is no answer to say your committee lacks jurisdiction to make a fair and adequate investigation of the charges. If that were so, then you should not have published the charges in the first place. The atmosphere in Washington today is all too full of slanderous charges and discreditable rumors about public officials. There can be no greater deterrent to honorable and capable men in private life, whose services the Government wants and needs, than the circulation of such charges which are obviously without basis.

The persons whom I have brought from military intelligence into the State Department now number 20, including 3 colonels, 5 lieutenant colonels, 5 majors, 5 officers of company grade (including 1 Wac) and 2 civilian women. They include a man who entered the Army at 43 and pioneered in developing combat intelligence for our Air Forces; men who earned their battle stars in combat in Italy, in the Philippine and Okinawa and with the Air Forces in Europe; the chief Japanese specialist of G-2; the Army's senior and one of its junior staff representatives with the joint intelligence committee; an officer who had charge of maintaining security of communications at the Yalta and Potsdam conferences, and the former chief representative of G-2 in the Central Pacific Theater.

Cite American Backgrounds

Almost all these persons trace their American ancestry back at least three generations. One is tenth in line of direct descent from the second Governor of the Plymouth Colony; one stems from the Lees of Virginia; another is a granddaughter of Theodore Roosevelt. They come from 10 different States, mostly from small cities and towns, and from typical American backgrounds.

Four of the 18 officers were in Government service before the war, two were self-employed, three were lawyers, two were with the Public Administration Service, one was in the Army and one in college, two were teachers (at Harvard and VMI) and three were in private business (working for a Chicago mail order house, a New York City Savings Bank and a firm of engineers). Two of the lawyers were with the New York firm headed by John W. Davis, the third with the Cleveland firm of the late Newton D. Baker.

All these officers have outstanding records in the Army. The total of awards received by them includes at least seven Legions of Merit, three Bronze Stars, 19 Battle Stars, four War Department Citations and innumerable commendations, in addition to decorations from the British, French and Belgian governments.

Your committee has called these people "objectionable personnel." You have impugned their characters by circulating charges made by rumor mongers and malcontents, whose grievances have no better basis than their own incompetence. You now wish to close the matter on a jurisdictional technicality.

I submit that it is your public duty, as well as an obligation of honor, either to withdraw the charges or to make a proper investigation of the facts.

Very truly yours,
ALFRED McCORMACK.

The Gallup Poll

Public Approves Active Role For U. S. in World Affairs

By George Gallup

Director of American Institute of Public Opinion

Princeton, N. J., March 26.—With the United Nations organization meeting in New York against a somber international backdrop, one fact stands out. The American voters are not retreating back to isolationism in their thinking. An overwhelming majority believe that this Nation's best interests lie in taking an active part in world affairs.

Veterans of World War 11 are even more markedly in favor of this country's world affairs than other citizens.

The Midwest, so often characterized as isolationist, is as overwhelmingly in favor of the idea of internationalism as the rest of the country.

Thus, despite the troubled world situation, the threat that history will repeat itself, that Americans, disillusioned and disappointed with postwar quarrels among the victors, will retreat into isolationism has as yet shown no sign of developing.

Field reporters questioned voters in all walks of life, in all parts of the land, as follows:

Do you think it would be best for the future of this country if we take an active part in world affairs, or if we stayed out of world affairs?

The results today:

Believe we should take active part in world affairs	72%
Believe we should stay out of world affairs	22
No opinion	6

After World War I, returned soldiers were portrayed as bitter and strongly isolationist. There is little such sentiment among veterans of World War II. This group, even more than nonveterans, is convinced that the good of the United States lies in taking an active part in world affairs.

The vote of World War II veterans on the issue:

Believe we should take active part	80%
Believe we should stay out of world affairs	17
No opinion	3

All surveys on the question have found no evidence that the Midwest is a stronghold of isolationism. Today's findings reveal that sentiment in the Midwest is overwhelmingly in favor of participating in world affairs as it is in each of the other principal sections of the Nation.

The vote by sections:

	Take active part	Stay out	No opin.
New England and Middle Atlantic	71%	25%	4%
East Central	74	20	6
West Central	71	23	6
South	69	23	8
Mountain States and Far West	77	18	5

Grin and Bear It

By Lichty

"—And after those atom bomb trials, Admiral, I suppose the Navy will let you out!"

Pennsylvania Orders Va. Fugitive Extradited

Harrisburg, Pa., March 25 (AP).—Governor Edward Martin ordered today the extradition of tRober Wright to Virginia to answer a charge of escaping from the Virginia State Penitentiary on February 2.

Martin made no statement in approving the extradition of Wright, who is being held in the Moyamensing Jail in Philadelphia. He was arrested in Philadelphia early in February.

"If I am sent back I will be afraid for my life," Wright said in a statement presented by his attorneys at an extradition hearing held before Deputy Attorney General George W. Keitel last week. Wright's lawyers opposed his return to Virginia.

Mental Test Ordered For Slaying Suspect

Abingdon, Va., March 26 (AP).—Judge Walter Robertson in Washington County Circuit Court yesterday ordered George Louis Cox, 21, on trial for slaying of Mrs. Mary Elizabeth McSwain, committed to Southwestern State Hospital, Marion, for 60 days for mental observation.

Defense counsel and the prosecution agreed to the committal.

Mrs. McSwain, 26, mother of two children, was found dead just off Highway 19, 3 miles north of Abingdon, on February 13.

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

THAT the Truman Cabinet is not looking for war in the near future, despite warlike talk, was indicated at a secret session of the Senate Military Affairs Committee last week.

When Secretary of State Byrnes and Secretary of War Patterson testified in favor of an extension of the Selective Service Act, the figures they presented on planned strength of the Army and Navy were exactly the same as those presented early in January. In other words, they proposed an Army of barely over a million men by July of 1947.

The Senators had expected that because of the complicated international situation a larger Army would be asked for, but the War and State Departments made no such request. When one Senator asked how it happened that there was no "emergency" planning, Secretary Byrnes refused to answer. He passed the question to Secretary Patterson, who also did not reply.

Wallace Speech Censored

IT WASN'T supposed to be known outside the Cabinet, but Henry Wallace's speech at the Jackson Day dinner was censored—by President Truman himself. Wallace had one line in his speech which he thought would answer Republican critics. It read:

"Abraham Lincoln was not a member of our party. But he was certainly a fellow traveler."

Truman thought such a reference to the martyred Lincoln might be misunderstood and cut it out. Wallace was glad to concur.

British Want War

BRITISH tories were pleased as punch over Winston Churchill's Fulton, Mo., speech—for several reasons.

They think it is now less likely that Britain will get its loan from this country, and they do not want the loan. Tory leaders would prefer to work out their own problems by closing an economic ring around the sterling bloc nations and using tabbed currency so they could only import goods from England. This was the same plan Dr. Hjalmar Schacht devised for the Nazis.

Men's Suits

IT still looks like a long wait before veterans can get the clothing they need. The Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion will soon bring out a report on mens' clothing showing a need for 40 million suits this year but production plans for only about 28 million.

The report will also show that first quarter production has been only about five million, and officials of the Civilian Production Administration are worried sick that even the goal of 28 million suits for 1946 will not be met.

There is no sign yet that the increase in prices granted this month by OPA will mean more men's suits. There are indications, however, that large stocks of suits are being held off the market.

Capital Chaff

TWO movie companies are bidding for "Saints and Strangers," the new best seller written by George Willison of the Democratic National Committee . . . Former Democratic Senator Clarence Dill of Washington is being urged for one of the vacant assistant secretaryships of the Interior Department . . . Jim Landis, former American Minister to Egypt, may be headed for a new important Administration job soon. . . . New Mexico's Governor Jack Dempsey decided after two talks with President Truman that he would not oppose Senator Dennis Chavez in the New Mexico Democratic primary . . . OPA Administrator Paul Porter turned out to be the top entertainment attraction at a buffet dinner Bob Hannegan threw for President Truman the other night. Porter sang and danced the song he wrote during the '44 presidential campaign, "Don't Change Horses in the Middle of the Stream." . . . The OPA will speed up the lifting of pricing restrictions on certain items soon, including heavy machinery, printing presses, laundry machines, etc. . . . Even the chauffeur at the Soviet Embassy shuns company. He carefully parks on the opposite side of the street from other diplomatic chauffeurs when his chief visits the State Department.

John L. Lewis

FOR years John L. Lewis has been one of labor's top negotiators. Usually he has his facts cold. Last week, however, while arguing safety precautions with Harry Moses, an important Pittsburgh mine operator, he said:

"Why, Harry, your father is a good illustration of why we need these safeguards. Everybody knows him as a veteran coal man, and we've all seen him limping around for 50 years because of a mine accident. So how can you sit there and deny us the safeguards to prevent the same sort of thing from happening to other miners?"

"John," replied Moses, "I don't know where you got your information about my father—but it wasn't so good. I'll tell you how he hurt his leg. It wasn't in a coal mine, it was playing baseball. He broke his leg sliding into second."

NOTE: Bureau of Mine Officials heartily indorse Lewis' demands for better safety precautions in the mines.

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Marine's Prison Term Changed To $500 Fine

Frederick, Md., March 26 (AP).—Instead of facing an 18-months jail term, Marine Pvt. Donald H. Bange, 19, of Union Bridge, Md., was under sentence today to pay a $500 fine after Associate Judge Patrick M. Schnauffer upheld in Frederick County circuit court the verdict of magistrate's bench convicting the Marine of manslaughter.

In upholding the conviction handed down by Magistrate Edward J. Smith, Judge Schnauffer said yesterday he was changing the sentence because he thought justice would be better served by permitting Bange to serve out his enlistment.

Bange was convicted last November after the car he was driving struck and killed Elizabeth Ann Naill, 16, of Clemsonville, Md. When he appealed the decision, the case went before Schnauffer.

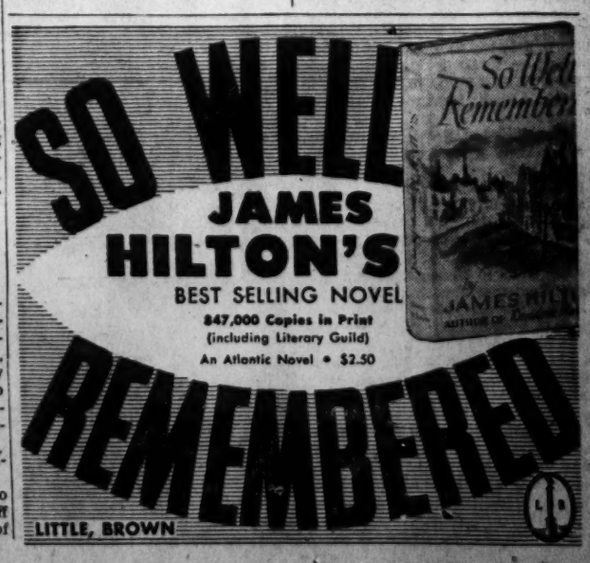
2 Maryland Generals Receive High Awards

By the Associated Press

The War Department announced yesterday the award of the Distinguished Service Medal and the Legion of Merit to Brig. Gen. Preston Corderman, of Hagerstown, Md., and award of an Oak Leaf Cluster to the Legion of Merit to Brig Gen. Thomas B. Cartron, 2d, of Baltimore.

Antietam Battlefield To Conduct Tours

Antietam, Md., March 26 (AP).—Paul G. Younger, superintendent of Antietam Battlefield and the Sharpsburg National Cemetery, announced that arrangements have been made to conduct groups of visitors over the battlefield. He said some road resurfacing would be done on the battlefield this season but that no special improvements aside from maintenance would be undertaken at this time.



Month's Output Equals Best Prewar Pace

Manufacturers' shipments in January were estimated yesterday at nine billion dollars by the Commerce Department, which said practically all the goods were for civilian use.

The total represented a decline of 100 million dollars from the previous month, and the department said "much of this decline is directly attributable to work stoppages that hampered production in many major manufacturing industries."

Nevertheless, it said, after allowing for additions to value by price increases, total January shipments approximately equalled the monthly average of 1941, the best peacetime year, and were considerably above the 1939 and 1940 rates.

Principal gains were registered by paper (15 per cent), chemical (7 per cent), textile (4 per cent), and apparel (5 per cent) industries.

Inventory accumulations mounted during January, continuing a six months' trend. Inventory holdings of durable goods industries rose by $40,000,000 and non-durable goods industries by nearly twice that amount.

Business Briefs Of D. C. Interest

C. & O. Net Declines

The Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Co. reported yesterday a net income of $16,379,847 for 1945, equal to $2.14 a common share, compared with $27,340,995 or $3.57 a common share in the preceding year.

Carl E. Newton, the retiring president, declared in his annual report that this lowest per share earning for many years was due principally to heavy write-offs of capital investments in wartime facilities.

At the same time, Newton reported that "practically everything the road buys costs more than before the war," and added:

"To sustain railroad earnings, rate-making authorities will undoubtedly recognize these increased costs of transportation."

Gas Light Board Reelected

Stockholders of Washington Gas Light Co. reelected all directors at the annual meeting Monday afternoon. They are Albert W. Atwood, Everett J. Boothby, Robert C. Owers, Christopher H. Pope, Marcy L. Sperry, Sidney F. Taliaferro and Corcoran Thom. Directors will meet today for election of officers.

Credit Men to Hear Covey

Edwin L. Covey will address members of the Washington Association of Credit Men at a dinner meeting Friday in the Lee-Sheraton Hotel. As chief of the bankruptcy division of the United States Courts, Mr. Covey is general supervisor of the 430 referees in bankruptcy. His subject will be "The Trend of Postwar Liquidation."

Southern's Gross Slumps

Gross revenue of Southern Railway in February dropped to approximately $17,367,000 from $22,570,000 in the like 1945 month, Ernest E. Norris, president, announced yesterday.

However, Norris pointed out, the decline in net operating income and net income was much less severe. He reported net income estimated at $1,580,000 in February, against $1,941,037 in February last year. Net income for the first two months this year was placed at $6,315,000, equal to $2.17 a common share, compared with $3,522,616, or $2.33 a share in the corresponding 1945 period.

Personnel Notes

Daniel W. Bell, president of American Security & Trust Co., has been elected a director of Security Storage Co.

C. Rider Brandau has been named Baltimore District sales manager of Lukens Steel Co. and subsidiaries.

Brig. Gen. Leland W. Miller, former Chief of Staff of the Eighth Air Force Service has joined the Hoosier Air Freight Corp. as director and administrative adviser.

New Committee Named

Members of a nomination committee for the Washington Chapter, American Savings and Loan Institute, are Miss Henrietta D. Howard, William H. Rippard, Preston W. Hunt and Donn B. Thomas. The institute's annual banquet and graduation will be held in the week of June 10, according to Secretary Anne Fague.

Earnings Statements

Timken Roller Bearing Co. reports net income of $5,379,511 for the year ended December 31, 1945, equal to $2.22 per common share, compared with $6,293,590, or $2.60 per share for 1944.

Net income of Republic Aviation Corp. dropped to $1,889,778 in 1945, equal to $1.92 a common share, from $5,141,440, or $5.23 a share in 1944, Alfred Marchev, president, announced.

Consolidated Retail Stores, Inc., and wholly owned subsidiaries report 1945 net profit of $841,601, equal to $2.06 a common share, against $660,771, or $1.48 a common share, in 1944.

United Gas Improvement Co. reports net income of $1,362,725 for 1945, equal to 55 cents per common share, compared with $1,047,514, or 39½ cents for 1944.

J. C. Penney Co. reports for 1945 net profit of $17,367,825, equal to $2.11 each on 8,231,952 common shares outstanding, compared with $17,159,357 or $2.08 a common share in 1944.

Packard Motor Car Co. and its subsidiaries reports consolidated net profits of $1,141,953 in 1945, compared with $4,117,910 in 1944. Net sales, billings and other income totaled $216,925,038 in 1945, compared with $455,692,753 in 1944.

Quotations on N. Y. Stock Exchange

By the Associated Press

Total stocks sales yesterday, 1,440,000 shares; previous day, 1,640,000; week ago, 1,052,290; year ago, 1,106,185; two years ago, 1,344,220; January 1 to date, 107,542,457; year ago, 97,396,338; two years ago, 59,968,694.

Dow-Jones Stocks

New York, March 26.—

	Open	High	Low	Close	Ch.
30 inds.	201.02	201.85	200.04	200.56	+0.01
20 rails	65.05	65.22	64.48	64.58	—0.15
15 utils.	41.76	41.91	41.41	41.61	+0.02
65 stks.	75.51	75.76	75.02	75.22	—0.04

Transactions in stocks used in averages today: industrials, 86,100; railroads, 47,290; utilities, 75,700; 65 stocks, 209,090.

	Sales, Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Chge
Abbott Lab	2	114½	114	114	—2½
ACF-Brill Mot	9	16⅝	16	16	—
Acme Sti	3	38	37⅞	38	+ ⅛
Adams Exp	30	21⅝	21	21	—
Addressog- Mult	4	37½	37¼	37½	+ ⅛
Admiral Corp	7	16⅞	16½	16½	+ ⅛
Air Reduction	23	54⅞	54	54	+ ⅛
Alaska Juneau	10	9⅝	9½	9½	—
Alleghany Corp	40	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜	—
Alleghany pf	6	58	57⅞	57⅞	—1¼
Allied Lnd Sti	8	45¼	44⅞	44⅞	—
Allen Industries	1	23¾	23⅞	23⅞	—
Al Chem & Dye	2	203⅛	202	202	—1½
Allied Kid	7	26½	26	26	— ⅛
Allied Mills	12	35¼	34⅞	35⅛	+ ⅛
Allied Strs	36	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛	— ⅛
Allis-Ch Mfg	14	52⅝	52	52	—
Alpha P Cem	1	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	—
Amal Lea Ser	1	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	—
Amerada Pet	5	151	150	150	—1
Am Ag Ch Del	2	42¼	42¼	42¼	—
Am Airlines	13	93½	92	92	—1¼
Am Bank Note	16	36¼	36	36⅛	+ ⅛
Am Bosch	2	23½	23⅛	23⅛	—
Am Brake Shoe	6	53⅝	53	53	—
Am Cable & R	29	14½	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
Am Can	9	98½	98¼	98¼	—1¼
Am Car & Fdy	12	64⅝	63⅝	63⅝	—
Am Ch & Cable	2	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞	—
Am Colortype	10	30⅜	29⅞	30⅜	+ ⅛
Am Color pf	1	74½	73¾	74½	+1¼
Am Crystal S	4	27⅞	27¼	27¼	—⅝
Am Distill	13	61¼	60⅝	60⅝	—
Am Encaus Til	9	10	9⅞	9⅞	—
Am European	1	18½	18½	18½	—
Am Export L	24	51½	50⅝	51	— ⅛
Am Gas & Pow	28	11¼	11	11	—
Am & For Pow	28	11¼	11	11	—
Am & F P $6pf	1	107½	107½	107½	—
Am&FP$7 pf	1	118¾	118	118	—
Am & F P 2 pf	27	37¾	36¾	36⅞	—
Am-Hawaii SS	1	51	51	51	—
Am Home Pd	9	101½	101	101¼	—
Am Home Prod	9	117⅞	117	117⅞	—
Am Ice	25	17¾	17¾	17¾	—
Am Internation	9	15	14⅞	14⅞	—
Am Investment	11	14¾	14½	14½	—
Am Locomot	24	37⅞	36⅞	37	—
Am Locomot pf	2	117	117	117	—
Am M & Fdy	29	44½	43½	44½	—
Am Met Prod	2	48¼	47½	48	+ ⅛
Am Metal	27	36¾	35¾	36⅛	—
Am News Co	5	48¾	48	48	—
Am Pow & Lt	73	17⅛	16⅝	16⅝	—
Am P & L $5 pf	2	112	111¾	112	—
Am P & L $5 pf	9	112	111¾	112	—
Am Rad &S t B	66	21¾	21	21	—
Am Roll Mill	48	34	32¾	33	—1
AmSafety Razor	4	49	47	47	—2
Am Seating	5	29⅞	29¾	29¾	+ ⅛
Am Smelt & R	22	68⅞	68¾	68¾	—
Am Snuff	6	47	45¾	46	—
Am Stl Fdrs	16	46	44½	45	—
Am Stores	10	33¼	33	33¼	+ ⅛
Am Sugar Ref	3	55	54½	55	+ ⅛
Am Sugar Ref pf	1	155	155	155	+1¼
Am Sumatra Tob	2	56	56	56	—
Am Tel & Tel	8	191½	191	191	—
Am Tobacco	2	91¾	91¾	91¾	—
Am Tob B	2	92	91½	91½	—
Am Type Fdrs	15	26½	26	26½	+ ⅛
Am Viscose	6	69	68⅝	68⅝	—
Am Wat Wks	57	25¼	24⅞	25	— ⅛
Am Woolen pf	2	105	104¾	104¾	—½
Am Woolen	100	49⅝	49	49⅛	—
Am Wool pf	11	149¾	146	149	+1¼
Am Zinc Lead	12	13⅛	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅛
Amoskeag Co	1	47¼	47¼	47¼	—
Anchor Hock Gl	23	15⅞	15½	15⅝	—
Anderson Clayt	25	53½	51⅝	51⅝	—
A P W Prod	7	9¾	9	9	—
Armour & Co	99	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
Armour pr pf	1	132	132	132	—
Armstrong Cork	5	58	57⅞	58	+1
Arnold Const	1	26½	26½	26½	— ⅛
Arnold Hoffman	1	23	23	23	—
Assd Dry Goods	11	59¼	58	58	—
Atch T & S F	5	105¾	104½	104½	— ⅛
Atch T & S F pf	4	118¼	118¼	118¼	—
Atl Coast Line	1	71	70¾	70¾	—
Atl G&W Indies	3	40½	39½	39½	— ⅛
Atl Refining	19	40⅛	39⅞	39⅞	—
Atlas Corp	10	26¾	26½	26½	— ⅛
Atlas Imp Diesel	1	34	34	34	—
Aviation Corp	62	12¼	12¼	12¼	—
Baldwin Loco	36	33¾	33	33	— ⅛
Balt & Ohio	25	24	24	24	—
Balt & Ohio pf	42	41	41	41	—
Bangor & Ar	3	25⅜	25	25	— ⅛
Barber Asph	30	42¾	40	41¾	+1¾
Barker Bros	1	54	54	54	—
Barnsdall Oil	55	63⅜	62¾	62¾	—
Bath Ir Wks	24	34¾	33¾	34	— ⅛
Bayuk Cigars	3	47¼	47¼	47¼	—
Beech-Nut Packing	11	61¼	60⅞	60⅞	—
Beech Aire	41	27½	25½	25½	—
Beiding-Hem	4	21¾	21	21	—
Bell Aire	13	30⅛	30	30	—
Bell & Howell	9	49¾	49	49	—
Bendix Aviat	16	53⅜	52½	53	— ⅛
Benef Ind Ln	4	30⅛	30¼	30⅛	—
Best & Co	14	39¾	39¼	39¼	—
Best Foods	14	27⅞	26⅞	26⅞	—
Beth Steel	26	105¾	104½	104½	—
Beth Steel pf	2	168	167	167	—
Bigelow-Sanf	1	66	66	66	—1
Black & Decker	1	49	40	40	—
Blaw-Knox	14	28	27¾	27¾	—
Bliss & Laugh	2	31	31	31	—
Boeing Airplane	58	34¼	34	34¼	—
Bond Strs	23	45	44¼	44¾	—
Borden Co	7	53⅞	53	53	—
Borg-Warner	6	52⅝	52	52	—
Boston & Maine	4	9¾	9½	9⅝	+ ⅛
Bower Roll Bear	54	54	54	54	+3
Braniff Airw	6	29½	29	29	—
Bridgeport Br	22	17⅞	17	17⅞	—
Briggs Mfg	22	30½	29	29	—
Briggs & Strat	3	62½	62	62	—
Bristol-Myers	11	60	58½	59	—
Bklyn Un Gas	4	33¾	33¾	33¾	—
Brown Shoe	2	36½	35½	35½	—
Brunswick-Bal	2	33¾	33¼	33¼	—
Bucyrus-Erie	31	21¾	21¼	21⅝	—
Budd Mfg	22	23¾	22⅝	22⅞	—
Budd Wheel	6	25	25	25	—
Buffalo Forge	3	37	37	37	—
Bullard Co	7	41	40	40½	+ ⅛
Bulova Watch	9	48¼	47½	48	+ ⅛
Burling Mills	13	43⅜	43¼	43¼	—
Burling Mills pf	1	111	111	111	—
Burr Add Mach	23	18½	18½	18½	—
Butler Terminal	9	12⅛	12	12	—
Butler Bros	11	30	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
Butte Cop & Z	14	8	7⅞	7⅞	—
Byers (AM)	19	30¼	29½	29½	—
Byron Jackson	2	33¼	32¾	32¾	—
Calif Packing	2	44	43¾	43¾	—1
Callahan Z-Ld	110	6	5⅞	5⅞	—
Calumet & Hec	29	10½	10⅜	10⅜	—
Can Dry G Ale	11	45	44½	45	—
Canad Pacific	43	20¼	20	20	—
Cannon Mills	1	66¾	66¾	66¾	+ ⅛
Capital Adm A	2	18¼	18	18	—
Carpenter Stl	3	48¼	48¼	48¼	—
Carrier Corp	26	29¼	28⅞	29	+ ⅛
Case (J I) Co	9	43½	43¼	43¾	—
Caterpil Tract	9	73½	72	72	—1¾
Celanese Corp	17	70⅝	69	69	—
Celanese 1st pf	2	107	107	107	—
Celotex oCrp	26	28¾	28½	28⅝	—
Cent Aguirre	6	27⅜	27	27	—
Cent Foundry	48	14¾	13⅞	13⅞	—
Cen Hud G&E	14	11⅞	11¼	11¼	—
Cent R R N J	1	18¾	18	18⅜	—
Cent Violeta	3	42½	40	42	+2
Cerro de Pas	8	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	—
Certain-teed Pr	62	19⅜	19	19	—
Chain Belt	2	35¾	35¾	35¾	—
Champ Pap & F	1	50	50	50	—
Ches & Ohio	3	59¼	58⅝	58⅝	—
Chi & E Ill	2	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	—
Chi & E Ill A	13	25¼	24⅝	25⅛	—
Chi Grt West	8	14½	13⅞	14	—
Chi Grt W pf	12	30¼	29½	29½	—
Chi Mail Order	13	41⅜	41	41⅛	—
Ch M SP & Pac	29	30	27⅞	28	—
Ch M SP & P pf	20	77¾	77¼	77¼	—
Chi & NW	15	41	40¼	40¼	—
Chi & NW pf	3	73¾	73¾	73¾	—
Chi Pneu Tool	21	30¼	29⅞	29⅞	—
Chick Cot Oil	1	20¼	19⅞	20¼	+ ⅛
Childs Co	21	8	7⅞	7⅞	—
Chrysler Corp	39	130¾	129¾	130	—
CIT Finan	29	55⅛	54⅝	54⅝	—
City Ice & Fuel	4	33½	33½	33½	—
City tStores	13	27¾	26⅝	26¾	—
Clark Equip	1	66	66	66	—1
Cleve Graph Br	2	65	65	65	—1
Climax Molyb	39	37⅞	37¼	37½	+ ⅛
Clueett Peabody	2	56½	56	56	—
Coca-Cola	2	198	198	198	—2
Colgate-Palm-P	10	50¼	50	50⅛	+ ⅛
Collins & Aik	2	53¼	53	53	—
Colo Fuel & Ir	13	19¼	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
Col P & Ir pf	10	22¼	21⅞	21⅞	—
Colum Brcast A	5	43¾	43¼	43⅜	—
Colum Brcast B	2	42½	42½	42½	—
Colum G & El	263	12¼	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
Col G&E 6% pf	1	110¼	110	110¼	+ ⅛
Colum Pict	4	28	27¾	27¾	+ ⅛
Colum Carbon	6	39⅞	39¼	39½	+ ⅛
Comi Credit	28	53	53½	53½	—1
Comi Solvents	24	21	20⅝	20⅝	—
Comwith Edis	65	35¼	34⅞	35	— ⅛
Comwi & South	441	4½	4⅛	4⅛	—
Com & South pf	5	127	126¼	126½	—
Conde Nast	2	56	55¼	55¼	—
Congoleum-Nair	13	35¾	34¼	34¼	—1¼
Consol Cigar	2	43¾	42½	42½	—
Cons Coppermin	121	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	—
Cons Edison	18	34¾	34¼	34¾	—
Cons Edison pf	1	108½	108½	108½	—
Cons Laundries	2	18	18	18	—
Cons Nat Gas	8	49¼	48¼	49	+ ⅛
Con RR Cuba pf	4	40	39¼	39¾	—
Cons Vultee	50	29⅜	28¾	29	—
Container Corp	9	45⅞	45½	45½	—
Cont Bak	10	16⅜	16	16	—
Cont Can	20	45⅜	44¾	44¾	—
Cont Can pf	1	112½	112½	112½	—
Cont Diam Fib	1	15¾	15¾	15¾	—
Cont Ins	9	58	56¾	58	+1¼
Cont Motors	59	19¼	18⅜	18⅜	—
Cont Stl new	6	23½	22⅞	23⅛	—
Cooper-Bess	11	25⅜	25	25⅜	—
Cooper-Bess pf	50	54	53⅝	53⅝	—1⅜
Copperweld Stl	15	20¼	19⅞	20	+ ⅛
Copwell Stl pf	1	55	55	55	—
Corn Products	13	65½	65½	65½	—
Cornell-Dub-El	5	24¼	24	24⅛	—
Corning Glass	8	36	35⅝	35⅞	—
Cory Inc	3	10¾	10⅝	10⅝	—
Coty Internat	3	6⅛	6	6⅛	—
Crane Co	21	41	40⅛	40⅛	—
Crea mof Wh	2	32½	32½	32½	—
Crosley Corp	1	37¼	37¼	37¼	—
Crown Cork&S	8	54⅝	53¼	54	+ ⅛
Crown Ck pf	1	53	53	53	—
Crown Zellerb	24	35⅞	34⅝	34⅝	—1¾
Crucible Steel	5	47½	47	47	—
Crucible Stl pf	2	109½	109	109	—
Cuban-Am Sug	22	26¾	25¼	26	+ ¼
Cudahy Pack	4	46	45½	45½	—
Cuneo Press	2	40	39½	40	+ ⅛
Cunning Drug	1	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝	—
Curtis Publishg	25	21¾	20¾	21⅛	+ ⅛
Curtis P pr pf	2	75	75	75	—
Curtiss-Wright	114	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	—
Curtiss-Wr A	66	25	24½	24½	—
Cutler-Hammer	5	38	37⅞	37⅞	+ ⅛
Daveza Stores	2	26½	26⅜	26½	+ ⅛
Davison Chem	4	26¼	26	26¼	+ ⅛
Decca Records	3	68⅛	68	68⅛	+ ⅛
Deere & Co	9	49¾	48½	48½	—
Deere & Co pf	4	40	39¾	40	+1
Deisel-Wem-Gil	1	35½	35½	35½	+ ⅛
Del & Hudson	3	42¾	42¼	42¼	—
Del Lack&West	36	13½	12⅞	12⅞	—
Detroit Edison	13	27½	27½	27½	—
Devoe & Ray A	10	33⅜	33	33	— ⅛
Diamond Match	5	45	44½	44½	—
Diam Match pf	2	45	45	45	—
Diam T Motor	8	30¼	29½	29½	+ ⅛
Dist Corp-Seag	4	89	88½	88	+ ½
Dixie Cup	6	45⅛	44½	44⅝	+ ⅛
Dr Pepper	2	45⅜	45⅜	45⅜	+ ⅛
Doehler-Jarvis	14	28¾	28¾	28¾	+ ⅛
Dome Mines	10	25⅞	25¼	25¼	+ ⅛
Douglas Aircraft	20	108¼	102½	104	—4¼
Dresser Indust	17	27¼	27	27¼	—
Dunhill Int	6	31	31	31	—
Duplan Corp	5	36½	36	36⅛	+ ⅛
du Pont de N	2	199½	199½	199½	+3
Eagle-Pich	9	23⅜	23	23⅜	+ ⅛
Eastern Air L	3	119½	117	117	—2¼
East S Stl	3	41⅝	40	41⅝	+ ⅛
Eastman Kodak	3	247	244	244	—2
Eaton Mfg	2	65⅜	64⅞	65⅜	+ ⅛
Edis Bros Strs	9	34	33¾	34	+2
Ekco Prod	1	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	—
Elastic Stop N	15	12⅛	12	12	—
El Auto-Lite	6	72	72	72	—
Elec Boat	28	30⅜	30	30	—
El & Mus Ind	16	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞	—
El Power & Lt	63	24	23¾	23¾	—
El P&L 16 Pf	2	157½	157	157⅜	—
El P&L $7 pf	9	171	170	171	+1½
El Storage Bat	4	53	52½	53	—
ElPaso Nat Gas	4	52⅝	52⅜	52⅝	—
Emerson El M	32	24½	23½	24⅛	+ ⅛
Emer Rad & Ph	3	23¾	23½	23½	—
Eng Pub Service	27	38⅞	37⅞	38⅛	+ ⅛
Equit Off Bldg	68	4½	4¼	4¼	—
Erie RR	44	18	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
Erie RR pf A	6	31	29⅞	30⅛	+ ⅛
Eureka Wms	4	18½	18½	18½	—
Evans Products	4	28⅛	28	28	—
Ex-Cell-O	1	53½	53½	53½	—
Exchange Buffet	1	9½	9½	9½	—
Fairbanks Morse	5	70¾	70	70¼	+ ⅛
Fajardo Sugar	8	30	29¾	29¾	—
Farnsteel & Rad	36	16⅛	15¾	16⅛	+ ⅛
Fed Lt&Traction	25	15¼	15¼	15¼	—
Fed Mng&Smelt	2	49	48½	48½	—
Fed Mogul	1	29	29	29	+ ⅛
Fed Mot Truck	4	15¾	15½	15⅝	—
Federat D Strs	20	67⅝	65⅞	65⅞	—
Ferro Enam	9	31¾	31	31⅜	+ ⅛
Firestone T & R	17	80	79½	80½	+ ⅛
First Nat Strs	4	65½	65	65½	+ ⅛
Flintkote	27	39⅝	38⅜	39⅜	+ ⅛
Florence Stove	2	51	51	51	—
Florida Pow	28	18½	18½	18½	—
Follansbee Stl	8	18	17⅞	17⅞	—
Food Fair Strs	4	51¾	51¼	51¼	—
Food Machinery	2	88½	88½	88½	+1
Foster Wheeler	5	43¾	43¼	43¼	—
Fruehauf Trail	12	40	40	40	—
Gabriel Co	13	12¾	12¾	12¾	—
Gair (Robert)	140	11⅛	10⅞	10⅞	—
Gair(Robert) pf	11	20½	20½	20½	—
Gamewell Co	8	24½	22⅞	24	+1⅛
Gardner-Denver	13	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	+ ⅛
Gar Wood Ind	16	6⅜	6⅛	6⅛	—
Gaylord Cont	10	5⅝	5½	5⅝	—
Gen Am Aviat	27	18⅞	18⅜	18⅜	—
Gen Am Trans	4	43½	43¼	43¼	—
Gen Baking	12	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜	—
Gen Cable	6	13⅜	13	13⅛	—
Gen Cable A	2	41	40½	41	+1
Gen Cigar	6	81	79½	80½	+ ⅛
Gen Elec	47	48	47½	47⅝	—
Gen Foods	16	53	52	52½	+ ⅛
Gen Mills	5	47¾	47	47¾	—
GenMills 5% pf	2	134	133	133	—
G Mills3¾% pf	2	116½	115½	115½	—3
Gen Motors	88	73⅞	73¼	73¼	—
Gen Outdr Advt	15	26⅝	26	26	+ ⅛
Gen Prec Eq	36	36	35½	35½	—
Gen Pub Service	15	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	—
Gen Pub Util	143	20½	20⅜	20⅜	—
Gen Signal	4	42	41¾	42	+ ⅛
Gen Real & Ut	30	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	—
Gen Refract	5	29¾	29½	29½	—
Gen Shoe	2	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	—
Gen Tel	42	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜	—
Gen Time Inst	3	40	40	40	—
Gen T & Rub	4	43¾	43¼	43¼	—
Gillette Saf R	71	37⅜	36½	36⅝	—
Gillette S R pf	1	105½	105½	105½	—
Gimbel Bros	20	58	54	55½	—
Glidden Co	4	43¾	43	43¼	—
Goebel Brew	34	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	—
Gold Dust Corp	9	39¼	39	39¼	—
Goodrich (B F)	13	84½	83½	83½	—
Goodr (BF)pf	4	103½	103½	103½	—
Goodyear T&R	35	71	70	70	—
Goodyear T&R pf	1	107	107	107	—
Goth Hosiery	2	40	39¾	39¾	—
Graham-P Mot	83	12⅜	12¼	12⅜	—
Granby Con M	2	9¼	9	9¼	—
Grand Union	26	29¾	29½	29½	—
Granite City Stl	7	23	22½	22½	—
Grant (W T)	6	39	38⅛	38⅛	+1
Gt Nor Ir Ores	15	19	19	19	—
Gt North Ry pf	6	59½	59	59	—
Gt West Sug	20	32¼	31¾	31⅞	+ ⅛
Green (H L)	1	87	87	87	—
Greyhound Corp	14	37⅞	37	37⅛	—
Grum Airc En	14	47⅞	47	47⅞	—
Guantan Sugar	8	11⅞	11¾	11¾	—
Gulf Mob & Oh	11	25¼	25	25	—
Gulf Mob&Oh.	7	23⅞	23⅝	23⅝	—
Gulf Oil	64	63½	63	63½	—
Hall (WF) Pr	4	32	31⅞	32	+ ⅛
Hamil Watch	6	24	23¾	24⅛	+1
Hat Corp Am	26	25¾	25¼	25¾	—
Hart Sch & M	2	48	47½	47½	—
Hat Corp Am A	6	13¾	13½	13½	—
Hayes Indust	7	14¾	14½	14½	—
Hazeltine Mfg	12	21¾	21½	21⅝	—
Hazel-Atlas Gl	3	143	135	142	+ ⅜
Hecht Co	8	39¾	39½	39¾	+1
Helme (GW)	3	83	82⅞	83	—
Hercules Motors	3	35	34½	34½	—
Hercules Pow	3	137	135¼	135¼	—1¾
Hershey Choc	1	84	84	84	—
Hewitt Rub	13	31¾	31¼	31½	—
Hinde & D Pa	4	36¾	36¼	36¼	—
Hires C E	4	35	33½	33½	—
Holland Furn	2	65½	65½	65½	—
Hollander & S	1	25	25	25	—
Holly Sugar	1	30¼	30¼	30¼	—
Homestake Min	6	51¾	51¼	51¾	—
Houd-Hershey	8	24¾	24½	24½	—
Household Fin	9	32½	32	32½	+ ⅛
Houston L & P	88	37⅛	36⅞	37	—
Houston Oil	17	26⅞	26⅜	26⅜	—
Howe Sound	3	51	50¾	51	—
H

House Receives Bill to Finance Tax Roundup

The House yesterday received from committee a measure financing a drive against tax evaders.

The tax crack-down funds are proposed in a $233,179,153 bill to help Federal agencies get through the current fiscal year.

For the tax drive, started last year, the Appropriations Committee recommended $16,135,000, which it said would help the Internal Revenue Bureau run down approximately 40,000 leads on tax evasions.

Additional tax assessments of $172,587,000 were made during the first six months of the present fiscal year as a result of the current drive against evaders, the committee was informed.

The new allotment would boost to $176,650,000 the Internal Revenue Bureau's funds for the present year and contemplates employment of 7416 additional personnel.

The bill also carries $181,269,469 for recently enacted pay-raise legislation and $6,580,000 to pay the United States' contribution to the working capital fund of the United Nations.

In addition the committee recommended funds for the employment of approximately 166 persons on the permanent United States staff of the U. N.

Emmitsburg to Get New Shoe Industry

Emmitsburg, Md., March 26 (AP).—Construction of a ne w$65,000 shoe plant will be started within the next few weeks, L. E. Beaudin, owner, announced and completion is expected by August 10. The plant was brought to Emmitsburg through the efforts of the local Lions club. One of three branches to be constructed, the Emmitsburg plant will employ between 225 and 250 persons, Beaudin said.

Mrs. Roosevelt Is Godmother

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

VISITS HER NAMESAKE—Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt smiles down at her godchild, Anna Eleanor, held by her mother, Mrs. Hershey Martin, the former Mayris Chaney of San Francisco. Mrs. Roosevelt arrived on the West Coast yesterday to act as godmother at the 2-month-old infant's christening today. Mrs. Martin, former traveling companion of Mrs. Roosevelt, named her daughter for the widow of the late President

Two Indictments Involve Frauds

Indicted by the District Grand Jury yesterday were James J. Fitzpatrick, 42, address unknown, who was charged with false impersonation of a police officer and blackmail. Police said Fitzpatrick was using blackmail in an effort to extort $480 from a Georgetown resident.

Heinz Max Leipman, 40, alias Dr. R. Lesser, of New York City, was charged on eight counts of forgery and uttering. He was accused of receiving morphine sulphate pills from a District drugstore by forging prescriptions.

Gardenign Talk Slated

Dr. Arthur Magoon of the Department of Agriculture will speak on "organic" gardening at a meeting of the Hyattsville Horticulture Society tomorrow at 8 p. m. at the home of Mrs. Eva C. Chase, 5305 Riverdale, rd., Riverdale, Md.

10 Per Cent Income Tax Cut Proposed

Representative Knutson (R., Minn.) yesterday proposed cutting individual income taxes by 10 per cent in 1947—but only on condition that there is a five-billion-dollar reduction in Federal budget forecasts.

Knutson, ranking minority member of the Ways and Means Committee, told the House that a 10 per cent cut in normal and surtax rates would total $1,400,000,000 next year.

"This, added to the anticipated deficit shown in the budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1947 of $3,600,000,000, will just about offset the $5,000,000,000 reduction in expenditures upon which the tax relief proposed to be granted is condifioned," he said.

The bill he introduced also would reduce the existing limitation on the public debt from 300 billion dollars to 250 billion dollars and provide for successive reductions.

Knutson asserted, "The people stagger under too great a tax burden because we are spending too much money on Government."

He said President Truman's budget message stated that civilians on the Federal payroll were to be reduced to two million by June 30 "but now we are told the Federal demobilization has come to a standstill with the total at 2,400,000."

Hitler's Coat, Pants Stolen From Auto

Oslo, March 26 (U.P.).—A visitor from Denmark reported to police today the theft of his automobile containing two historical momentoes which he valued at $2000 and had been scheduled for public exhibition in Norway. The momentoes—Hitler's coat and pants.

War Bride Shows The Aussie Way

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

NEW TECHNIQUE—Mrs. June Liabo, an Australian war bride, introduces to Chicago a new baby-carrying method. Her nine-month-old son, Paul Roland Liabo, sits in an Australian strung over the mother's shoulder

The boliviano is the unit of currency in Bolivia.

Indians form 54 per cent of the population of Bolivia.

OPA Insists Tie-In Sales Still Illegal

By the United Press

The OPA issued a general warning to business firms yesterday that it has not lifted its ban on tie-in sales, despite the Supreme Court's reversal of a conviction obtained against one offender.

The high court on Monday ordered a new trial for Kraus & Bros., Inc., New York City poultry dealers who were convicted on an OPA charge of requiring butchers to buy chicken feet and skins with their Thanksgiving turkeys.

OPA general counsel Richard Field said the chicken feet incident occurred during the 1943 Thanksgiving season and that the regulation covering it was amended subsequently to outlaw any sale in which the buyer has to take an additional item he doesn't want.

Field said the amendment regulation has not been tested yet in Supreme Court and that OPA intends to enforce it until a ruling is issued.

In the Kraus case, the Supreme Court held that the conviction could stand only if the tied-in chicken feet and skins were held worthless, and it ordered a retrial in the New York district court to settle that point.

OPA officials said specific prohibitions against tie-in sales were written into all major regulations after the first Kraus trial, although not because of it, when the practice became prevalent.

"At the present time," said Field, "food, apparel, rent and most important consumer goods are covered by price regulations that either forbid tying agreements by name or forbid sellers to make any sale conditioned upon the purchase of goods which the purchaser does not want, regardless of the price at which the unwanted goods are sold."

Worst Meat Shortage Seen If Cattle Ceilings Remain

In the next six months, city dwellers face the worst meat shortage yet and unless something is done, butcher shops may be completely bare, H. M. Conway, research director of the National Livestock Producers Association, said yesterday.

He told the House Agriculture Committee that removal of all price ceilings and subsidies on livestock on June 30 is one way to head off the most acute scarcity in history. Under present regulations, feeders simply cannot make a profit on heavier, better-grade cattle, he said.

The testified that price ceilings are generally "ignored" throughout the country, anyhow. He claimed that remvoal of controls would send the price of higher grade cattle up only 15 per cent—"no high than the consumer is now paying on the black market." At the same time, the price of poorer grades would drop, he said.

He said that since the war is over, "there is a general disregard for control measures."

He suggested June 30, as the date to remove price controls and end subsidies because the heaviest market season for feeder cattle is in April, May, and June. If producers knew ceilings were coming off, "they would rush to sell their low-grade cattle—the bulk of the Nation's supply," he added.

Joe Montague, general counsel of the Texas and Southwestern Cattle Raisers Association, also urged discontinuance of subsidies.

Auto Victim Succumbs

Hagerstown, Md., March 26 (AP).—William Litten, Brunswick, Md., automobile dealers, died early today at the Washington County Hospital of injuries suffered last Friday night when the car he was driving crashed into a culvert on Route 40 near Funkstown, Md.

Junior Citizens Group Proposed

Formation of a junior organization patterned along their own lines was suggested as one means of curbing juvenile delinquency by the Georgetown Citizens Association last night at their monthly meeting in St. John's Church Parish House.

A committee will report further on the matter at the next monthly meeting when Capt. Rhoda Milliken, head of the Women's Bureau, will be the guest speaker.

Among other matters coming to attention of the meeting was the proposed daylight savings time for the District, which they approved by resolution.

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Mr. Senator:

HOW WOULD YOU LIKE IT IF YOUR CONSTITUENTS VOTED TODAY TO CUT YOUR PAY CHECK TO $22 A WEEK?

A little hard to take . . . ?

Well, it is just that amount that some of your colleagues are asking you to vote for today as adequate pay for a large section of your constituents. Tossing aside all testimony of impartial experts that even $26 a week (65 cents an hour) will purchase less than three-fourths of a bare, minimum standard of living, they ask you to vote against S.1349—the 65 CENT MINIMUM WAGE BILL. They ask support for the minority amendment calling for 55 cents an hour or $22 a week.

$22 a week—Do you want to face the workers among your constituents and say, "I thought $22 a week was enough for you and your family to live on. And if you can't, well . . ."

They know and you know a vote for $22 a week is playing ball with the sweatshop employers who profit from starvation wages.

They know and you know $22 a week is insufficient and will force millions down the endless road of malnutrition, poor housing, inadequate clothing, followed by inevitable ill-health.

Will you send your constituents down that road today?

May we remind you, Mr. Senator, of the words of Supreme Court Justice Hughes, who once said, "What the workers lose in wages, the taxpayers are called upon to pay. The bare cost of living must be met."

Mr. Senator, 25 million workers and their families are counting on you to stand by them in their struggle to exist. Will you?

NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS WHICH HAVE ENDORSED THE BILL

American Association of University Women
American Veterans Committee
Consumers Union
Council on Social Action of the Congregational Churches
Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America
Independent Citizens Committee of Arts, Sciences and Professions
Methodist Federation for Social Service
National Association for the Advancement of Colored People
National Catholic Welfare Conference, Social Action Department
National Citizens Political Action Committee
National Conference of Union Labor Legionnaires
National Consumers League
National Council of Jewish Women
National Council of Negro Women
National Farmers Union
National Federation of Settlements
National Lawyers Guild
New Council for American Business
Pioneer Women's Organization
Public Affairs Committee of the National Y.W.C.A.
Union for Democratic Action
United Council of Church Women
Veterans League of America

NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR A FAIR MINIMUM WAGE
130 THIRD ST. S.E.
WASH. 3, D. C.
FRanklin 7828

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Frank P. Graham, Vice-Chairman
Mary Anderson, Treasurer
Elizabeth S. Magee, Secretary

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EFFECTIVE SUNDAY, MARCH 31

Through Sleeping Car Service

Coast-to-Coast

Every Day

Passengers Between Washington, Baltimore and Pacific Coast May Make Trip Without Change at Chicago

COMMENCING SUNDAY, MARCH 31, the Pennsylvania Railroad in cooperation with the Chicago & North Western Railway, Union Pacific Railroad and Southern Pacific Lines, will operate through Coast-to-Coast sleeping car service between Washington, Baltimore and San Francisco. A sleeping car containing one Drawing Room and 12 Sections will depart daily in each direction.

Westbound, leaving Washington at 10:50 P.M., (E.S.T.); Baltimore 11:43 P.M., on The Golden Arrow to Chicago, the through car will travel from Chicago to San Francisco on the San Francisco Overland Limited, arriving 9:20 (P.S.T.) on the fourth morning.

Eastbound, leaving San Francisco 7:00 P.M. (P.S.T.), the through car will travel on the San Francisco Overland Limited to Chicago and on the Manhattan Limited to Baltimore and Washington, arriving at the Capital 7:20 (E.S.T.) on the fourth morning.

Schedules, rail and Pullman fares are shown in the accompanying tables.

Two through sleeping cars between New York, Philadelphia and Los Angeles; and one between New York, Philadelphia and San Francisco, also, will be placed in daily operation in each direction on March 31. A third through sleeping car between New York, Philadelphia and Los Angeles will go into service June 2.

DAILY THROUGH SLEEPING CAR SERVICE

The Golden Arrow — San Francisco Overland Limited — Daily — Read Down — Example		WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE and SAN FRANCISCO via Pennsylvania Railroad and OVERLAND ROUTE — No Extra Fare		San Francisco Overland Limited — Manhattan Limited — Daily — Read Up — Example	
Sun.	10:50 PM	Lv Washington, D. C.	PRR(EST)Ar.	7:20 AM	Thurs.
"	11:43 PM	Baltimore, Md.	" "	6:15 AM	"
Mon.	1:21 AM	York, Pa.	" "	4:34 AM	"
"	2:55 AM	Lv. Harrisburg	" "	3:15 AM	"
"	5:45 AM	Altoona	" "	12:40 AM	"
"	8:40 AM	Pittsburgh	" "	9:30 PM	Wed.
"	12:45 PM	Crestline, O.	" "	5:18 PM	"
"	2:00 PM	Fort Wayne, Ind.	" (CST)Ar.	1:58 PM	"
"	8:15 PM	Lv Chicago (C&NW)	C&NW " Ar.	8:30 AM	"
Tues.	7:45 AM	Omaha, Neb.	" "	9:30 PM	Tues.
"	11:30 AM	Grand Island	Un.Pac. "	5:30 PM	"
"	2:25 PM	North Platte	" "	2:13 PM	"
"	6:45 PM	Cheyenne, Wyo.	" (MST)	8:45 AM	"
"	8:50 PM	Laramie	" "	6:40 AM	"
"	11:50 PM	Rawlins	" "	3:40 AM	"
Wed.	2:40 AM	Green River	" "	12:45 AM	"
"	7:30 AM	Ogden, Utah	" "	8:00 PM	Mon.
"	10:20 PM	Reno, Nev.	So.Pac.(PST)	5:05 AM	"
Thurs.	5:20 AM	Sacramento, Calif.	" "	1:05 PM	Sun.
"	8:35 AM	Oakland Pier	" "	7:45 PM	"
"	9:20 AM	Ar. San Francisco (Market St. Ferry)	" " Lv.	7:00 PM	"

Through Sleeping Cars
Washington to San Francisco (12 Sections, 1 Drawing Room)
San Francisco to Washington (12 Sections, 1 Drawing Room)

Through First-Class Rail and Pullman Fares Between Washington, Baltimore and San Francisco
(Subject to 15% Federal Tax)

Rail Fare		Drawing Room		Berths	
One Way	3 Mos. Round Trip	For Two Or More	For One*	Lower	Upper
$96.76	$145.40	$83.20	$59.25	$23.75	$18.05

*Single occupancy of Drawing Room requires 1¼ rail fares.

Consult ticket agents for reservations

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Serving the Nation

This Morning

—With Shirley Povich

Clearwater, Fla., March 26.—There's not much prospect that the other American League clubs will give the pennant back to the Indians, who last owned it in 1920. Manager Lou Boudreau himseilf dismisses the Cleveland club as a pennant factor. When asked which club might win it he said curtly, "Not mine."

POVICH

He doesn't think the Indians belong in the same company with the Yankees, Red Sox and Tigers. He doesn't think the Indians can score enough runs. No power hitting. He says, "Do you know where we can find an outfielder who can hit some fences?"

The Indians are, indeed, without at least one power hitter for the first time in 15 years, over most of the span. Hal Trosky and Jeff Heath represented a long-distance batting punch that could break up ball games. But the Indians won no pennants and Boudreau cut them both loose in a rebuilding plan to acquire more speed and trust to his luck to pick up more power later.

He hasn't picked up that power yet. George Case, obtained from the Nats in the Heath deal, is no hefty swinger and in fact he has been in a hitting slump all spring.

Gene Woodling, who is playing centerfield is tabbed as one of the rookie prizes of the year, but he is no power hitter. Hank Edwards normally qualifies for the outfield job, but Boudreau in his desperation plans to alternate him with husky Pat Seerey, who is "good hit, no field."

Boudreau is making a concession at first base, too, in an attempt to give the Indians something more in their batting order. He has relegated Mickey Rocco, one of the league better-fielding first basemen to the bench and has stationed Les Fleming at the position. Fleming can't carry Rocco's glove as a defensive first baseman, but he can hit.

Rocco is the bait with which Boudreau hopes to gain a hitting outfielder from the Browns or the Athletics. Those two clubs are oddly situated with respect to first baseman. The deal they made last winter, George McQuinn of the Browns for Dick Seibert of the A's, was on the contingent basis that both players report to their new clubs. McQuinn is now with the Athletics, but Seibert fouled the deal by accepting a St. Paul radio broadcasting job and McQuinn thus must revert to the Browns unless a new deal is worked out. The Browns, however, are said to prefer Rocco, who hits well in Sportsman's Park, and may be induced to give up an outfielder, of which they have a surplus, to the Indians.

The A's are obligated to make repayment to the Browns if they retain McQuinn.

Except at first base, where Fleming is a doubtful quantity as a fielder, the Indians are well-rigged in the infield. Boudreau, himself, is the guarantee that their shortstopping will be better than all right and at third base, Ken Keltner, the league's best, has made his peace with the business management and signed.

Second base is in the capable hands of Ray Mack, who can't hit much, but who can make those double plays and do the other things required of a good second baseman. Dutch Meyer, for whom the Tigers once paid $40,000 and later sold to the Indians for peanuts, was last year's second baseman and perhaps a better hitter than Mack, but he is now regarded as a mere wartime fill-in for Mack.

Where Boudreau thinks his Indians will be much improved is behind the bat. The club's No. 1 catcher this season won't be Frankie Hayes, who won fame as an iron man with the most consecutive games ever caught in the majors. Hayes, however, is more famous than competent behind the bat. He seems doomed to the bench this season.

The man who is moving in as the Indians' regular catcher is a rookie from Baltimore, Sherman Lollard, who was the hottest article in the International League last season. Lollard whacked into league pitching for a .364 average, including a generous sprinkling of long blows, and every baseball man who has watched him says he can't miss. There's one flaw. He doesn't throw too well.

It's when you scan the Cleveland pitching staff that you gain more respect for the Indians. Boudreau honestly thinks he can throw a big four at the opposing clubs that is better than any other team can muster. They are Bob Feller, Allie Reynolds, Steve Gromek and Red Embree.

Feller, who since he came back from the wars has been closely scrutinized by critics perhaps eager to report that he isn't the same great pitcher of former years. Still is. His curve ball is now the leagues' best, they say, and there never was any doubt about his fast one.

Steve Gromek has been commanding increasing respect in the last two seasons, and with Allie Reynolds carried the load last year. Now comes Embree, the fellow who Boudreau thinks has almost as much stuff as Feller. Embree has a record of four wins and four defeats before he joined the service last season, but closer inspection shows that he led the league with an earned-run average of 1.91 per game. The Indians' pitching is more than all right, but it may have to be better than that.

The Sports Patrol:

Subway Alumni Due to Join In Tribute to Knute Rockne

By William Tucker

New York, March 26 (U.P.).—The subway alumni will climb off the cars as usual next Sunday but for once they won't scramble for the exits.

Fifteen years ago, come Sunday, Knute Rockne took off on a plane for California to consult with the movie people on the forthcoming production "The Spirit of Notre Dame." Something happened over the general area of Cottonwood Falls, Kan. The plan went down and the Rock with it.

More than 60 Notre Dame clubs over the country will commemorate the day with a special mass and get-together ceremonies. A great many uninvited guests will be there also and they will be welcome because Rockne and Notre Dame football are a lot bigger than the student body. There's where the subway alumni come in.

It was a bright spring afternoon at South Bend, Ind., March 31, 1931. Joe Petritz, then a junior at Notre Dame handlin gthe school's publicity, was pushing a wheelbarrow across the campus collecting clothing for a Knights of Columbus benefit.

Freshman Screams

A freshman ran up to him screaming: "The radio just said that a plane crashed in Kansas and Rockne was on it."

Petritz dropped the wheelbarrow and rushed to the campus bookstore where there was a pay telephone station. Students crowded around him and while Joe was trying to place a call the operator interrupted and said there was a call for himself coming through.

It was the United Press, calling from Chicago, with the news that according to an unconfirmed report Knute Rockne had been killed in a plane crash.

Practically the entire student body had gathered around the hushed telephone booth. Petritz' call was interrupted and while he was waiting he noticed that most of the boys around the telephone booth wore sweaters bearing the monogrammed "ND."

The call went through and Petritz started reeling off the obit. He told about how the Rock came to these shores from Voss, Norway, when he was 5 years old. He told about the first great experiment in the forward pass, from Gus Dorais to Knute Rockne. He told how the Rock hated to lose a game, and how the little bald Norwegian sat like a man at a deathbed when his quarterback, Frank Carideo, got knocked out in scrimmage.

He talked on and suddenly the U. P. man broke through and said: "It's true, Joe. Rockne died in a plane crash in Kansas. We just got the flash."

Petritz hung up and looked around at the people huddled up close to the telephone booth. Frank Carideo was up front, as a good quarterback should be. Beside him were Marty Brill, Marchy Schwartz, Moon Mullins, Tom Conley andd Tommy Yarr.

"It's true, fellas," Petritz said. "The Rock got killed in a plane crash in Kansas."

Everybody there was crying but not a tear was shed. They were trailing 99 to 0, but they walked out for the second half. The Rock never made his date for "The Spirit of Notre Dame" but the production is still going strong and it always will.

Navy Nine Good As '45, But Faces Stronger Rivals

Annapolis, Md., March 26 (AP).—Coach Max Bishop says his 1946 Navy Baseball team, whih opens its season here Saturday, will be "about as good as last year," but he expects the Tars to face stiffer competition.

The mentor will send a veteran nine against West Chester (Pa.) Teachers College in the opener.

"The pitching ought to hold up very well and should be a little sounder that last year," he said. "As for fielding, it'll be virtually the same boys and if anything, they should have improved."

Bishop added, however, that it would be difficult for the current edition of diamond talent to match last year's record of 12 victories against 3 losses.

"Oour opponents may all be expected to send down stronger outfits than they did last year," he explained.

Nats Rally in 8th to Edge Buffalo, 8 to 7

The Middies Literally Put Their Foot Into Spring Football Practice

Associated Press Photo

KICKING MANEUVERS—Navy's football squad puts an accent on kicking in the belated spring practice at Annapolis. The Middies are currently drilling under their new coach, Capt. Tom Hamilton

A Day for the Hurlers

Tigers' Overmire, Trucks Blank Red Sox on 3 Hits

Lakeland, Fla., March 26 (AP).—Lefthander Frank (Stubby) Overmire and Fireballer Virgil Trucks hurled the Detroit Tigers to a 4 to 0 shutout victory today over the Boston Red Sox in an exhibition baseball game in which two of Boston's three hits were infield scratches.

Overmire yielded two hits and gave one walk in the first six innings. Ted Williams' infield hit was the only safety off Trucks, who fanned all three Red Sox batsmen in the eighth inning.

Boston (A)	000 000 000—0	3	2
Detroit (A)	000 210 10x—4	9	2

Wagner, Johnson (5) and Conroy, Doyle (7); Overmire, Trucks (6) and Swift.

Cards Edge Yanks

St. Petersburg, Fla., March 26 (AP). Del Rice's tenth-inning single following another one-baser by Marty Marion and a sacrifice by Lou Klein, gave the St. Louis Cardinals a 1-0 victory over the New York Yankees in an exhibition game today.

It was the first shutout defeat inflicted upon the American Leaguers in 36 games this spring and also the third Card triumph over the Yanks who have beaten the Redbirds four times.

Rookie righthanders Fred Martin and Matt Surkont held the Yankees to five hits. Martin gave up but two singles in six innings, with Surkont, who hurled the last four frames, getting credit for the victory.

The Yankees pitching was almost equally as good. Randy Gumpert blanked the Redbirds with four hits during his seven inning tenure, while Ken Holcombe gave up but two in three rounds.

New York (A)	000 000 000 0—0	5	1
St. Louis (N)	000 000 000 1—1	6	0

Gumpert, Holcombe (8) and Niarhos; Martin, Surkont (7) and Rice.

Dodgers Win, 10-6

Bradenton, Fla., March 26. (AP).—The Brooklyn Dodgers hammered Herb Karpel and Carl Derose for 18 hits and defeated the New York Yankees B team today, 10 to 6 today. Karpel, the first Yankee pitcher, yielded four hits in the opening inning and the Dodgers scored five runs, aided by an error and a pass.

Brooklyn (N)	501 120 001—10	18	0
New York (A) "B"	200 004 000—6	10	2

Nothe, Roy (7) and Franks; Karpel, Derose (5) and Garbark.

Toronto Tops A's

West Palm Beach, Fla., March 26. (AP).—Toronto of the International League defeated the Philadelphia Athletics, 4 to 1, today, the A's getting only four hits, all singles.

Toronto (Int.)	010 110 010—4	9	2
Philadelphia (A)	000 100 000—1	4	2

Mulach, Smola (6), Karpuk (8) and Astroth, Crompton (7); Savage, Mossar (4), Caligari (6) and Rosar; DeSautels (4).

Phils Beat Braves

Miami Beach, Fla., March 26 (AP). The Philadelphia Phils got to Boston Braves pitchers, Al Javery and Earl Reid, for 10 hits today to take a 5-to-2 victory over the Braves.

Boston scored two runs in the first on a walk, two singles and a foceout. The Phils came back in the third to deadlock the game on singles by Pitcher Tommy Hughes and Outfielder Ron Northey and a double by Second Baseman Danny Murtaugh.

Philadelphia added two more in the fourth on two singles, a double and a forceout. Doubles by Frank McCormick and All Peterman in the eighth gave the Phils another run. It was the Phils' fourth victory in a six-game series with the Braves.

Boston (N)	200 000 000—2	7	1
Philadelphia (N)	002 200 01x—5	10	0

Javery and Poland; Hughes, Raffensberger (5), and Seminick, Peterman (6).

Cooper Expected

Miami, March 26 (AP).—Walker Cooper, the New York Giants' high-priced catcher who still is in the Navy, told Manager Mel Ott by telephone today that he was working out at Lambert Field, St. Louis, and would be in condition to play by April 9.

Cooper expects to be discharged on or about April 2 and then will spend one week training with the Jersey City Club at Jacksonville, Fla., while the Giants travel north.

Reds, Tribe Split

Cleveland, March 26 (AP).—Rookie Pitchers Johnny Hetki and Howard Fox of the Cincinnati Reds combined today to hurl a 1-hit, 8 to 0, shutout over the Cleveland Indians in the second game of an exhibition double-header after the Tribe took the opener, 10 to 3.

Paul O'Dea made the only Cleveland hit, a single, off Hetki who hurled five innings of the game. Fox took over in the sixth inning and held the Indians hitless the rest of the way.

Cincinnati (N)	002 100 000—	3	7	1
Cleveland (A)	401 012 02x—10	14	1

Konstanty, Wittig (7) and Lakeman; Embree, Johnson (6) and Hayes, Lollar.

(Second Game)

Cincinnati (N)	010 030 130—8	11	0
Cleveland (A)	000 000 000—0	1	3

Hetki, Fox (6) and Lamanno; Harder, Black (5), Podgajny (7) and Hegan.

Lewis Borrows Plane, Coaches Nats From Air

Winter Haven, Fla., March 26. A sporty, two-motor job zoomed out of the East and circled the playing field three times at a 300-foot altitude in the fifth inning of the Washington-Buffalo exhibition game today.

Lewis

Fan - interest in the game ceased and play halted as spectators and athletes watched the one-man flying circus. They saw a large capsule with parachute attachedfloat from the plane and land just beyond the outfield. Small boys raced for it. It was a message addressed to the Washington bench the latest thing in modern coaching strategy, Manager Ossie Bluege read.

"Tell our guys to bunt on that Buffalo third baseman. He's playing too far back."

It was signed "Buddy Lewis." The veteran of 354 missions over the hump in India had hornswoggled a plane in nearby Orlando and was having some fun with his Washington colleagues.—Povich.

Bell Paid, Must Explain Monday's 'Sit-Down' T. K. O.

Jimmy Bell was paid in full for his losing effort in Monday night's feature fight against Jackie Cranford at Uline Arena, but the local Negro heavyweight still must explain his seventh-round sitdown to the D. C. Boxing Commission Friday at 12:30.

Bell, a 2-1 prefight favorite, said he was sick and couldn't carry on and Referee Charley Reynolds counted him out on his stool between the sixth and seventh rounds.

Dr. Clark Halstead, who examined Bell after the fight and found no irregularities, Norman Saunders and John Frye, Bell's corner attendants and Reynolds will appear before the commission.

Md. Ring Group Suspends Moore

Baltimore, March 26 (AP).—Lightweight Archie Moore, of New York, who failed to appear for a 10-round feature here last Monday against Heavyweight Buddy Walker, of Columbus, Ohio, is under indefinite suspension by the Maryland Boxing Commission.

The commission announced its verdict yesterday after Moore failed to show up at a hearing to explain his absence from the ring a week ago.

James J. Johnston, of New York, Moore's manager, was absolved of blame in the matter when he explained to the boxing group that he had sent transportation money to the fighter to travel from California to Maryland and was unaware that Moore did not intend to go through with the bout.

Key Veterans Bolster Navy's '46 Track Hope

Annapolis, March 26 (AP).—Barring unforeseen accidents Navy's 1946 outdoor track team will have veteran lettermen in most of the point-gaining key spots, Coach Earl Thomson said today.

Some individual luminaries, such as Hurdler Clyde Scott and Sprinter John Van Velzer, will be missing, but what the team may lack in concentrated power will be compensated for by overall balance.

Whether this will enable the Sailors to repeat the successes of last year—when they won three major track championships—remains to be seen, but Coach Thompson does not conceal the fact that he expects a good season.

The highlights of the Middies' 1946 campaign will include the Penn Relays at the end of April, a big heptagonal track meet at Princeton May 18, and the I-C 4-A windup at Annapolis May 25.

Capt. Bill Cash Back

Until that time, much may happen and weaknesses such as a present dearth of milers—can be ironed out, Thomson said.

The lettermen who contributed heavily to the 1946 victories and who will return include:

Capt. Bill Cash of Paris, Ky., present national collegiate 400 champion, will be Navy's fond hope in that distance. (And very hard to beat, according to his mentor.) Art Bigley will back him up, and his performance as relay team anchor man this winter points to him as a 440 threat. Not quite so strong, but still a good enough veteran combination are Brancon Carlon and Floyd Cuff, who placed third and fourth, respectively, in the IC4A 880.

Jim Pettit—an halfback for the 1945 grid team—and Bob Strickler are the Middies' mainstay for the abbreviated springs. Strickler placed second in the 100-yard dash in last year's IC4A.

Johnson Shines

Dick Johnson is being groomed to inherit Clyde Scott's place at the hurdles.

The defending broad jump champion (IC4A and heptagonal titlist) is Fred Bouwman, who will be on hand during the Navy spring campaign. Cy Waldrop, basketball center, who last year cleared the high jump at 6 feet, will compete in that event.

Newbold Smith and Frank Sopensen in weights conclude the list of veterans available.

Stephens, Browns Get Nowhere in Surprise Meeting

Anaheim, Calif., March 26 (AP).—Shortstop Vern Stephens and the St. Louis Browns are as far apart as ever, principals said today after an unexpected conference.

"They wouldn't come up a dollar,' 'said Stephens of yesterday's confab with President Richard Muckerman and General Manager Bill DeWitt of the Browns. Stephens declared he also refused to lower his demand of $17,500. The club's offer, he asserted, is $12,000.

"This was the last attempt we'll make to get together with Stephens here," DeWitt commented. "The Browns leave California Thursday morning. After that it's up to Stephens."

DeWitt called attention to an American League rule under which he said Stephens would become ineligible if not signed within 10 days after the opening of the season. If Stephens signed later, he would have to apply to the commissioner and the league president, DeWitt said.

Dodger to Enter Army

Daytona Beach, Fla., March 26 (AP).—Clyde King, 21-year old ex North Carolina University right-handed pitcher, left the Brooklyn Dodger camp today for his home for a brief visit before donning a military uniform. King, previously 4-F, was inducted recently under the lowered physical requirements.

Ifs, Ands and Buts

Higbe, Owen Make Dodgers A Late Threat in National

By Leo H. Petersen

New York, March 26 (U.P.).—The Dodgers, under Branch Rickey's emphasis on youth program, are building the future, but along the way they aren't conceding any National League pennants, even the 1946 one.

Rickey, who only a few short weeks ago despaired of championship days for Brooklyn again until about 1948, now gives the Dodgers a fighting chance for the coming season. So does Skipper Leo Durocher.

What changed Rickey's mind was word that Pitcher Kirby Higbe and Catcher Mickey Owen will be out of the service in time to open the season with the club. Higbe figures to be the No. 1 man on the Dodger pitching staff while Owen will be the head man behind the plate—if he isn't traded for Pitcher Max Lanier or Third Baseman George Kurowski.

Key Men Back

Higbe and Owen were key men in the Dodger pennant winning days of 1941. So were Pete Reiser, Hugh Casey, Pee Wee Reese, Billy Herman and Cookie Lavagetto, all of whom are resuming their careers which were interrupted by the war.

"Reiser and Reese alone make my club 25 per cent stronger," Durocher claims. They are the men he is going to build around. Herman and Lavagetto are past their prime, but if they hold up for another season and if Casey attains his prewar form, the Dodgers couldd make a lot of trouble for the Cardinals and other pennant-minded National League teams this year.

There still are such old standbys as Dixie Walker, Curt Davis, Augie Galan, Ed Stanky, Goody Rosen and Hal Gregg, plus three rookies who are tagged as among the more promising major league yiungsters —Pitcher Joe Hatten, Outfielder Gene Hermanski and Infielder Stan RRojek. Another key man is Pitcher Ed Head, who was in the service and who has been hurling with his oldtime skill this season.

Reese Definite

Right now, Reiser, Walker and Hermanski figure to form the regular outfield with Galan, who also can play the infield and Rosen, in reserve. Durocher is committed with going along with Hermanski,

See DODGERS, Page 13, Column 1

Lanier-Owen Deal Denied By Breadon

St. Louis, March 26 (AP).—Sam Breadon, owner of the St. Louis Cardinals, today scoffed at an Eastern report that the Redbirds would trade Pitcher Max Lanier for the Brooklyn Dodgers' catcher, Mickey Owen.

"I know nothing of any deal," Breadon said on his return from a visit to the Cardinals' spring training camp at St. Petersburg, Fla.

"And furthermore we certainly wouldn't consider a trade that would send Lanier to the Dodgers for Owen."

The Redbirds, weakest in the catching department, are looking for a backstop but as Breadon observed, "We're not interested in any second raters. Ken O'Dea is going to be all right and Del Rice is developing fast.

"I never saw a man do a better job of handling throws on incoming runners. He rides 'em home like Bob O'Farrell used to do."

Breadon also discounted possibilities for any immediate deals involving Whitey Kurowski, the Cards' lone holdout.

"Kurowski is not on the market and we are not negotiating. Sure, we've had inquiries about him, but no definite offers."

Yankees Cut 4 Rookies

St. Petersburg, Fla., March 26 (AP).—Four names were lopped off the New York Yankee roster today with the announcement that Southpaw Pitcher Willis Baker and Cather Charles Silvera had been optioned to Kansas City in the American Association, while Righthander Johnny Maldovan and Catcher Bill Dieninger were returned to Newark in the International League.

Passing Out Circts Tickets

STAR DOES HIS BIT—Wilbur Moore, Redskin football player, distributes tickets to members of the Schoolboy Patrol who will be among the 4500 boys from the Metropolitan area attending the fifth annual Shrine Circus, April 8-14, at Uline Arena. Moore, named by the Shriners as honorary commander in chief of the Schoolboy Patrol guests, gives little Henry Hung, a Chinese boy, some pointers on hurling the pigskin, while Lynn Morse (left) and Ralph Robertson, with circus tickets, look on approvingly

5-Run Spree Atones for Bad Hurling

By Shirley Povich
Post Reporter

Winter Haven, Fla., March 26.—Neither the Buffalo Bisons nor the 17-hit pitching of Sid Hudson and Bill Kennedy could defeat the Nats today. They staged a five-run eighth inning to win the ball game, 8 to 7, with the important help of Bruce Campbell.

Veteran Outfielder Campbell belted a home run to deep right field with Eddie Lyons on base for the last two runs in that eighth and the Nats needed them both when Kennedy gave up four runs to the Bisons in the eighth and ninth.

Pitching Almost Atrocious

The pitching performance of Hudson and Kenedy was just this side of atrocious with respect to hits permitted but they did tighten sufficiently to leave 17 Buffalo runners on bas. Kennedy was the worst offender. He gave up 11 hits in the last six innings.

Buffalo all but tied up the ball game in the ninth when they scored a two runs and had the tying run on second base with two out. One former Washington outfielder, Eddie Boland, put Buffalo back in the game with a two-run homer to right field in the ninth, and another former Nat outfielder, Walter Chipple, took Buffalo out of the game by watching a third strike for the final out.

The Washington team that played today was a mixture of the A and B squads with Gerry Priddy and Catcher Al Evans the only regulars in addition to Hudson. They made 14 hits, of which Campbell and Binks got three and Priddy, Evans and Hudson two each.

Hudson Experiments

Hudson experimenting with a curve ball and slow stuff, was wild and issued three walks, six hits and three runs in the three innings he worked. Buffalo held a 3-2 lead going into the seventh when the Nats tied the score against Pitcher Pete Angell on an unearned run. Campbell's fly was muffed by Boland for a three-base error and Binks drove him home with a single to right.

In the big eighth, Berry Priddy led off with the longest blow of the game, a tremendous triple over the head of Center Fielder Boland. Evans scored him with a single to left to put the Nats in front, and a bit later Cozzi was safe on Catcher Pollock's error. Lyons singled to center for two more runs and then Campbell smacked his homer.

Lyons was playing third base today in Bluege's latest experiment with that position . . . He was unimpressive afield, but he made two smart hits with men on bases . . . Today's performance by Kennedy was his first bad one since the Nats set up camp in the South . . . The Nats have now split even with Buffalo in two games . . . Tomorrow, Bluege will muster a tea mfrom among the healthy members of his squad and go to Cocoa, Fla., for a game with the Nats' Chattanooga farm club.

Washington	AB	H	O	A	Buffalo	AB	H	O	A
Lyons,3b	5	1	3	2	Berry,ss	5	3	3	4
Campbell,rf	5	3	1	0	Lerchen,cf	4	2	3	1
Goebbr,lf	5	1	3	0	Boland,cf	1	1	0	0
Binks,cf	5	3	0	0	Rapp,rf	1	0	1	0
Sanford,1b	4	0	8	0	K'necky,rf	3	1	0	0
Priddy,2b	4	2	2	3	McHale,1b	6	3	14	0
Evans,c	5	2	6	1	Bero,3b	2	1	0	1
Cozzi,ss	4	0	4	2	Rogers,3b	2	1	1	3
Hudson,p	2	2	0	2	Chipple,lf	6	0	3	0
Kennedy,p	1	0	0	0	Markland,2b	4	0	2	2
					Tavacheck,c	3	2	9	0
Totals	30	14	27	10	Pollock,c	2	1	0	0
					Bush,p	2	0	0	0
					Angell,p	2	1	0	0
					*Mordarski	1	1	0	0
					†Ravish	1	0	0	0
					Totals	44	17	27	11

*Batted for Bush in fifth.
†Batted for Lerchen in seventh.

Washington	0 0 1 1 0 0 1 5 0—8		
Buffalo	1 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 2—7		

Runs—Lyons, Campbell (3), Priddy, Evans (2), Cozzi, Berry (2), Boland, Rapp, McHale (2), Rogers. Errors—Bero, Priddy, Lerchen, Pollock, Cozzi. Runs batted in—McHale, Binks (2), Tavacheck (2), Hudson, Evans, Lyons (2), Campbell (2), Pollock (2), Boland (2). Two-base hits—Bero, McHale. Three-base hit—Priddy. Home runs—Campbell, Boland. Sacrifices—Cozzi, Kennedy. Double play—Cozzi to Priddy to Sanford. Left on base—Washington, 9; Buffalo, 17. Base on balls—Hudson, 3; Kennedy, 4; Angell, 2. Strikeouts—Hudson, 1; Kennedy, 4. Hits—Hudson, 6 in 3; Bush, 2 in 2; Kennedy, 11 in 6; Angell, 5 in 4. Wild pitches—Bush, Angell. Winning pitcher—Kennedy. Losing pitcher—Angell. Umpires—Winters, Hubbard. Time of game, 2:15.

Md. Race Officials Meet Today to 'Iron Out Problems'

Baltimore, March 26 (AP).—With Maryland's spring racing season scheduled to open next Monday at Bowie, the State Racing Commission will hold a conference tomorrow to "iron out all possible problems."

Track officials and representatives of trainers and horsemen's organizations were invited to attend the meeting called by Chairman George P. Mahoney.

"It will be recalled that several tracks elsewhere in the country have encountered difficulties recently in their normal operations," Mahoney said.

"The commission felt that it would be advisable to iron out all possible problems before the season opens in Maryland."

He said the discussion would include the use of a mobile laboratory for taking on-the-spot saliva tests of horses running on Maryland tracks.

Bainbridge Grid Aide To Coach Trojan Backs

Bainbridge, Md., March 26 (AP).—Lieut. Roy (Bullet) Baker, assistant football coach at Bainbridge Naval Training Center last year and former University of Southern California star, left yesterday for a discharge.

Baker, who scored the first touchdown in the Trojans' 14-3 victory over Penn State in the 1923 Rose Bowl game, will return as Southern California backfield coach. He is a former aide to Ray Flaherty, one-time coach of the Washington Redskins.

34 Collect $1122 'Double' at Tropical Park

Statesman Triumphs In Feature Race

Hropical Park, Fla., March 26 (AP).—Members of the Florida State Guard turned out to see the handicap named in their honor here today and were treated to plenty of excitement. A horse named Statesman—a good hunch—won the headline event and earlier on the card, the daily double paid $1122.40, highest of the meeting.

Statesman, flying K. A. O'Connor's silks, scored his third straight triumph as he led home M. B. Goff's Skytracer by two lengths to pay the talent $5.20. P. R. Hinton's Boyplin was third, another five lengths behind. Statesman, timed in 1:44 1-5 for the mile and a sixteenth, was the second successful choice in a row, but prior to that 11 censecutive favorites had met defeat here.

The sport was attended by a crowd of 8248.

Only 34 winning tickets were sold on the double, which consisted of Tetramore, $22.50, and High Ego, $12.70. The latter was a "good thing," being played down heavily in the late wagering, and a $2 win parlay would have netted about $1000 less than the daily double payoff.

The well-backed Skytracer and the Fleet Bel Reigh vied for early command in the handicap. Beldine, after stumbling leaving his stall, soon joined the front pair. The trio raced themselves into defeat while Nick Wall was waiting to strike with Statesman. The latter spurted with a rush on the outside at the final turn and, collaring the leaders, pulled clear with ease.

DODGERS

From Page 12

although he has been in a hitting slump.

Reese is the only infielder sure of his post. First base is a battle between Jack Graham, who, according to Durocher, lacks only spirit to become a standout player, and Ed Stevens. Ed Stanky, the scrappy little second baseman, Herman and Rojek are fighting for the second base post with Herman also getting achance to show what he can do at third, where Lavageggo probably will hold forth.

Don Padgett and Dixie Howell figure to spell Owen back of the plate if Mickey isn't traded.

Hal Gregg, ace of the Dodger mound staff during the war, is expected to team with Hatten, head and Higbe as the big four of the pitching corps, with Davis, Vic Lombardi and probably Ralph Branca getting spot assignments. Les Webber, Art Herrington, Leroy Pfund, Tom Seats and Casey will round out the staff with Casey probably being used mostly in relief—a job he had mastered in prewar days.

Tropical Park

1—⅝; $2000; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Black Fantasy ....106 | Billie's Choice 106
Hopeful Reward ....113 | Mercury 118
Lisson ....106 | Sunnip 109
Bullfinger ....118 | Michigan Smart 113
†Lord Win ....113 | †Wise Decision 113
Perfect Charge ....107 | Ballyrag 112
Pendragon ....116 | Due Sport 118
Lancet ....112 | Float Away 109
†Buonomo and E. J. Tabellario entry.

2—¾; $2500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Fifth ....111 | Lost Control 109
Kayaking ....104 | Fire Kabo 111
Marie J. ....109 | Ever Message 116
Tigrell ....109 | Sicot 104
Fire Ahead ....114 | Flying Giant 116
Darby Duncan ....114 | Super Marines 118
Transflint ....104 | Valdina Malden 116
Heyoria ....111 | Western Front 117

3—1 1-16; $2500; 4-year-olds up; class D.
Herefehit ....116 | Winter Rules 115
Harriet Sue ....119 | Lady Hairan 102
W. H. Kelly ....121 | Poissy 108
Civil Liberty ....107 | Thor 113
†Goodrob ....121 | Free Transit 118
Chicago Dr. ....110 | Westwood Belle 110
Don Miller ....110 | Edemgee 112
Ogham ....116 | †Viva Teddy 119
†Edgehill Stable entry.

4—1 1-16; $2500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
†Calaprox ....118 | Mister Chat 113
Walter's Boy ....114 | Sweep Swinger 116
†Castleman ....121 | Unconditional 114
Director ....113 | Sheer Luck 108
Bolo's Choice ....113 | Transfran 111
†J. Trent entry.

6—4 1-2; $5000; 2-year-old fillies; stakes.
Miss Snip ....111 | Making Merry 111
Sylvia Dear ....115 | Fille d'Orlean 111
Picardy Belle ....115 | Flying Bimy 111
†Dainty Red ....115 | Philly Ann 115
†Jeannie Pie ....111 | Naughty Baby 111
Proud Ruler ....115 | Lookout Jester 111
†Mon's Mary ....115 | Secret 110
†W. Veneman entry.

6—¾; $3000; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Good Blood ....109 | Blue Wings 112
Count Did ....105 | Chipamink 112
Okana ....107 | Windmill 114

7—Ab. 1 1-4; $2500; 4-year-olds up; class D.
Attendant ....106 | Stage Bond 107
Cross Bayou ....105 | Toolmaker 115
Devils Island ....107 | Meadow Maid 107
Air Power ....110 | Smoke Puff 106
Pacolet ....114 | Quaker 111
Devaltue ....115 | Layout 101
8—1 1-16; $2000; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
First Girl ....112 | Sly Manner 113
†Somewhere ....107 | Foment 111
Top Sergeant ....119 | †Dutchill B. 114
Good Mercy ....110 | Chickore 110
War Quest ....109 | Omashane 104
Bell Call ....110 | Bold Front 114
†J. N. Kelly and P. Bieber entry.

TROPICAL PARK (Fast)
1—Wise Decision, Lord Win, Float Away.
2—Super Marines, Valdina Malden, Marie J.
3—Chicago Dr., Harriet Sue, Ogham.
4—Director, Castleman, Unconditional.
5—Dainty Red, Secret, Fille D'Orlean.
6—GOOD BLOOD, Count Did, Windmill.
7—Quaker, Air Power, Devil's Island.
8—War Quest, Foment, Chickore.
—Louisville Times (AP).

OAKLAWN (Good)
1—Owen C., Royal View, Dacota.
2—Ever Flying, Wheat, Topic.
3—Espiritu, Plentituff, Flying Louise.
4—Dick Stickney, Keanneck, Wisktiger.
5—EXTREMUS, Timocracy, Olga S.
6—Hurl Hom Hari, Hit It, Coley Bay.
7—Bellsbore, Border Voluble, Snazy.
8—Isle Feble, Little Wasp, Mr. X.
—Louisville Times (AP).

Oaklawn Park

1—⅝; $1200; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Cake Gravy, 115 (Keene) 7.50 4.40 3.30
Miss Tipper, 110 (Pierson) 5.20 3.10
Anxiety, 107 (Hooper) 3.80
Mia Maria, Silver Toy, Canigo, Chicona.

2—⅝; $1200; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Genial Sam S., 113 (S'lock) 6.00 3.40 2.60
Arielita, 108 (Prehm) 5.70 4.40
San Gallahad, 113 (Eads) 4.50
Let's Fly, War Spy, Dixie's First, Star Thorne, Agronomist.

DAILY DOUBLE PAID $31.50.

3—⅝; $1200; maiden 2-year-old fillies.
Sista77, 118 (Pierson) 11.60 7.00 3.40
Walkup, 118 (Scoma) 14.40 6.10
Rembird, 118 (Craig) 3.00
Propitious Pal, Perfect Miss, Nell Noll, Dinarsade, Mid Victory, Kenwood Blitz.

4—⅝; $1200; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Odd Pair, 113 (Robertson) 26.60 10.60 6.40
Private Howie, 112 (Skorenski) 4.60 3.20
Lookout Rascal, 110 (Danhauer) 4.70
Border Scout, Pari King, Mongrew, Mental Banker, Silver Ace, King's Mount, *Baby Snuff, *Mutinous. *Field.

5—¾; $1200; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Bois Babe, 107 (Skorenski) 24.00 8.90 3.90
Amalka, 107 (Carr) 4.60 2.70
I Luv Bridge, 113 (Camp) 2.50
Gomel, Youroff, Eliza Jane, My Blitzen, Leaping Moose.

6—1 1-16; $1200; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Lucky Greenock, 107 (Keene) 5.10 3.20 2.60
The Sheriff, 116 (Rogers) 5.90 3.90
Baby Gold, 107 (Adams) 3.10
Paducah Question Miss, Doodlebug.

7—1 1-16; $1200; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Robins Pet, 100 (Keene) 5.40 3.90 3.00
Fleecy Edge, 113 (Hartwick) 4.40 3.30
Milk Flip, 112 (Skorenski) 3.60
Jacks Pride, Grand Rush, Tangower Lee, Tennessee.

8—1 1-16; $1200; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Wicked, 116 (Lang) 9.50 3.90 3.60
Gray Bottle, 101 (Hartwick) 3.20 2.90
Whippet, 108 (Adams) 5.60
Lady Tyrant, Knight Capoy, Josephine Mistack, Fosway, *Brown Slave, Day and Night, *Miss Emmalee, Little Minx. *Field.

I See by the Papers — By Bill Ruble

Tropical Park Racing Charts

TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1946.
WEATHER CLEAR. TRACK FAST.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2000. For 2-year-olds; claiming price $2500. Start good. Won driving; place easily. Went to post at 2:04. Off at 2:06. Winner, b. f. (3) by Tetrarchal—Bar More by Spanish Play. Owner, J. Trent. Trainer, J. Trent. Value, $1400, $300, $200, $100. Time, 1:12⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
TETRAMORE	(Sullivan)	108	9	5	3²	2²	2²	1¹½	$10.25
COMICAL DEE	(Layton)	107½	8	3	1hd	1½	1¹	2¹	3.30
MISS PUNKS	(Truschka)	104	10	7	8¹½	5hd	5²	3²	8.50
CONCISE	(Seabo)	106	5	9	7hd	8²	4½	4¹	2.55
WISE CHILD	(P.A.Smith)	106	2	6	4¹	4²	3hd	5²	7.65
ROSEMERE DEE	(Hanes)	96	7	2	6¹½	7hd	7²	6²	81.55
BRUNON	(Keane)	107	6	10	10²	10¹	10⁴	7½	36.05
GRAY LASS	(McMullen)	106	11	1	2hd	6hd	9hd	8²	9.95
JIM'S SISTER	(Roberts)	108	1	8	9²	9²	8hd	9²	46.70
TINTARY	(Wall)	108	3	4	2½	3½	6hd	10⁴	4.55
SPUN YARN	(Delara)	110	4	11	11	11	11	11	39.25

TETRAMORE, $22.50, $9.30, $6.70; COMICAL DEE, $6.50, $3.70; MISS PUNKS, $5.90.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2000. For maiden 3-year-olds. Start good. Won handily; place easily. Went to post at 3:37. Off at 3:37. Winner, ch. g. (3) by High Strung—Epolets by St. James. Owner, R. Ankenbauer. Trainer, H. Trotsek. Value, $1500, $400, $200, $100. Time, 1:10⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
HIGH EGO	(May)	120	8	2	1²	2¹²	1²	1¹½	$5.35
DARBY DOVER	(Layton)	115	7	4	2¹	1hd	2²	2²	1.55
LAST TOWER	(Young)	115	4	8	3²	3¹	3⁴	3⁴	12.95
BABOMAC	(Scotti)	110	5	5	5½	4²	4⁴	4⁴	56.85
ZESTFUL	(Buxton)	110	6	10	9¹	8¹	6¹	5hd	6.85
INVENTION	(Licausi)	115	10	7	6hd	5hd	5²	6¹	11.65
FLASHATAN	(Truschka)	110	11	1	8hd	6½	8½	7²	36.65
ALTAIR	(Dodson)	115	3	12	12	9²	9¹	8hd	4.50
JODELLE	(Kosycki)	110	2	11	10½	7¹	7hd	9²	16.95
GOGOLBURY	(Dewese)	120	12	3	11½	11¹	10¹	10⁴	20.80
BIG CREEK	(R.J.Martin)	115	1	6	4½	10¹	11²	11³	59.75
CAPITAL GAIN	(Delara)	120	9	9	7hd	12	12	12	87.45

HIGH EGO, $12.70, $6.10, $4.50; DARBY DOVER, $3.10, $2.70; LAST TOWER, $4.90.

Daily Double—Tetramore and High Ego, paid $1,122.40

THIRD RACE—One and one-eighth miles. Purse, $2000. For 4-year-old colts, horses and geldings; claiming price $2000. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 3:06. Off at 3:06½. Winner, b. g. (9) by Diavolo—Cairn by Colorado. Owners, Mr. and Mrs. M. Weil. Trainer, M. Weil. Value, $1400, $300, $200, $100. Time, 1:55⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	½	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
DEVIL'S CRAG	(McGowan)	114	8	7	8hd	7¹	4¹	3²	1¾	$6.80
YANK BOMBER	(Jacobs)	119	5	6	5½	4²	2¹	2½	2hd	2.45
COPPERMAN	(Licausi)	114	4	2	4¹	3¹	1¹	1hd	3¹	3.80
HASTY BROOK	(Keane)	114	11	10	9⁴	8hd	7¹	4²	4²	11.45
HIGH ROLLER	(Scotti)	114	9	9	6²	6½	5hd	7hd	5¹½	13.20
PROSPECT BOY	(Seabo)	119	10	11	10½	10⁴	9hd	9⁴	6¹½	9.00
ROY H. S.	(Truschka)	114	6	8	7hd	9⁴	8⁴	8¹	7½	2.85
NEOTRIST	(Delara)	119	7	4	1hd	1½	3²	5hd	8²	48.35
JACK DOVE	(Morrisey)	119	3	3	2²	2¹	6hd	6hd	9⁴	34.70
RESTORATION	(Brennan)	119	2	1	3½	5½	10⁴	10⁴	10³	117.35
TWILIGHT CALL	(Adair)	118	1	12	11	11	11	11	11	66.00

DEVIL'S CRAG, $19.60, $9.00, $4.80; YANK BOMBER, $4.40, $3.70; COPPERMAN, $3.40.

FOURTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles. Purse, $2500. For 4-year-olds and up; claiming prices $4500 to $4000. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post at 3:38. Off at 3:38. Winner, gr. g. (7) by Belfonds—Luna Mics by High Cloud. Owner, J. Sands. Trainer, J. Sands. Value, $1650, $500, $250, $100. Time, 1:53⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
BELMIKE	(Garza)	113	6	3	1hd	4¹	1²	1²	1²	$11.75
IRON WORKS	(Layton)	113	5	4	3²	3½	4½	2hd	2½	15.05
STAR WHIZ	(R.J.Martin)	112	4	10	10	9½	8¹	3¹	3²	3.05
INDIAN GIVER	(Valdes)	114	7	9	9²	10	6²	4hd	4hd	27.30
ROSE CANYON	(McGowan)	112	1	1	7½	6hd	5hd	6²	5²	4.55
BOTTOM RAIL	(Keane)	110	10	5	11½	4½	2²	5hd	6½	4.85
SQUADRON GIRL	(Licausi)	108	3	8	6hd	7½	10	7½	7¹	4.85
TUMULT	(Chaffin)	113	8	7	5²	5½	9½	8⁴	8¹⁰	35.95
GALLANTRY	(Truschka)	107	9	6	2½	2hd	3½	9²	9¹⁰	6.60
ECOLIRE	(Buxton)	111	2	3	3²	3½	7hd	10	10	12.60

BELMIKE, $24.30, $14.50, $7.50; IRON WORKS, $15.90, $9.00; STAR WHIZ, $4.20.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2500. For 4-year-olds and up. Start good. Won handily; place driving. Went to post at 4:08. Off at 4:08½. Winner, br. c. (4) by High Strung—Lady Gallivant by Hourless. Owner, A. F. Wall. Trainer, B. B. McIntire. Value, $1650, $500, $250, $100. Time, 1:10⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	½	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
HI GALLANT	(Layton)	108	3	3	1hd	1¹	1²	1²	$1.25
HAIL VICTORY	(P.A.Smith)	108	2	6	2hd	2hd	2½	2¹½	1.30
PRIVATE JOE	(Delara)	110	6	2	3hd	4²	4¹½	3hd	24.65
TROUBLE BANDS	(McGowan)	106	4	5	2½	2¹½	2hd	4²	5.20
SANTA CANDIDA	(Renick)	103	5	7	7	6²	5²	5²	24.30
BIG PARTY	(Roberts)	108	1	4	5¹	5hd	6¹⁰	6¹⁰	17.55
EASTER BONNIE	(Witmer)	103	7	1	6²	7	7	7	47.95

HI GALLANT, $4.50, $2.40, $2.40; HAIL VICTORY, $2.60, $2.70; PRIVATE JOE, $3.60.

SIXTH RACE—The State Guard Handicap. One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $3500. For 3-year-olds and up. Start good. Won easily; place same. Went to post at 4:39. Off at 4:39½. Winner, ch. g. (4) by Silver Horde—Spread by Display. Owner, K. A. O'Connor. Trainer, D. Yates. Value, $2050, $900, $350, $200. Time, 1:44⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
STATESMAN	(Wall)	108	1	1	5²	5²	4²	1½	$1.60
SKYTRACER	(Dodson)	113	3	2	1hd	1hd	1½	2¹	2.60
BOY-PLIN	(McGowan)	108	5	6	6²	6²	5²	4³	8.45
UMPYDAN	(Gonzales)	112	7	4	4²	4½	6²	6²	4hd	8.10
BEL REIGH	(Truschka)	116	4	3	2½	2½	3hd	5²	3½	6.50
BELDINE	(Seabo)	115	6	5	3¹½	3²	3½	3hd	6³	5.30
CHANCEGAIN	(Buxton)	110	2	7	7	7	7	7	7	13.15

STATESMAN, $5.20, $3.00, $2.40; SKYTRACER, $4.00, $3.00; BOY-PLIN, $4.60.

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles. Purse, $2500. For 4-year-olds and up; claiming price $6000. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post at 5:09. Off at 5:09⅓. Winner, br. g. (6) by Halcyon—Rockdove by Friar Rock. Owners, McCaffrey and Byer. Trainer, N. L. Byer. Value, $1650, $500, $250, $100. Time, 1:53⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
DOVE SHOOT	(Adair)	119	4	7	8¹⁰	8¹⁰	6²	1hd	$10.25
OUR VICTORY	(Truschka)	109	6	4	4¹	3¹½	1½	2¹½	2.95
PIN EDEVIL	(R.J.Martin)	105	8	8	7²	7²	3¹	4³	3ns	4.60
POMPAGLE	(Roberts)	119	3	3	1hd	1hd	2hd	3½	4²	5.60
COME EAST	(Licausi)	106½	5	5	2½	2hd	4²	5²	5²	12.15
OUR ALL	(Scotti)	110	2	2	3hd	4hd	8¹⁰	8¹⁰	6²	29.95
PURITAN	(Strange)	119	1	1	5½	6½	7²	7²	7²	13.60
BONNIE GOLOS	(Oliver)	108	7	9	9	9	9	9	8½	11.50
JOE SPAGAT	(Dodson)	115	7	6	6²	5hd	5hd	6hd	9	2.95

DOVE SHOOT, $22.30, $10.60, $5.00; OUR VICTORY, $4.80, $3.30; PINK DEVIL, $4.00.

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles. Purse, $2500. For 4-year-olds and up; claiming prices $4500 to $4000. Start good. Won ridden out; place driving. Went to post at 5:39. Off at 5:40. Winner, ch. g. (9) by Archaic—Flag Dance by Pennant. Owner, H. Cantor. Trainer, B. J. Evans. Value, $1650, $500, $250, $100. Time, 1:53⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
DANCING ARCHIE	(Truschka)	114	6	8	8²	7²	4hd	3²	1³	$3.40
NIBBLE	(Basile)	115	3	1	1hd	2²	2²	1½	2¹½	3.05
WAR AGENT	(Delara)	115	2	3	2²	1hd	1hd	2¹	3¹½	6.95
BEAU'S NURSE	(Wall)	107	1	4	3¹½	3²	3²	4½	4¹	8.70
ROSE CAVE	(Layton)	113	8	9	9¹½	8¹½	8¹	7²	5²	13.15
FOXY REAP	(R.J.Martin)	107	10	6	5hd	6¹½	5½	5hd	6¹	7.35
BUS V. Z.	(Brennan)	117	7	10	10	10	9²	8²	7²	25.30
CHISLAM	(Licausi)	108	9	5	6¹	5½	6½	6½	8²	2.95
STORK OF PEACE	(Adair)	112	4	2	4²	4½	7½	9²	9³	64.45
ANZAC	(Chaffin)	113	5	7	7½	9²	10	10	10	37.45

DANCING ARCHIE, $8.80, $3.80, $3.20; NIBBLE, $4.20, $3.30; WAR AGENT, $3.70.

Oaklawn Park

By the Associated Press

1—⅝; $1200; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Khayyam's Kid ....112 | Fountain Grove 107
Royal View ....112 | Appointee 118
Hy Veil ....110 | Lochlea 118
Gay Thorn ....105 | Sunburst 113
Sweet Corn ....110 | Castoff 116
Owen C. ....105 | Charge 118
Never Fret ....112 | No Other 107
Rosfred ....107 | Wee Tony 112
Half Pint ....100 | De Sota 102

2—¾; $1200; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Lacy B. ....105 | Misty Eye 107
Post Luck ....107 | Tee Beau 115
Cash Basis ....112 | Wheat 115
Ever Flying ....116 | Maurice K. 115
Vinita Marshall ....105 | Bootless Day 110
Birrong ....110 | High Pat 112
In the Air ....107 | Isaqueen 107
Bolo Gray ....105 | Topic 107
Turkey Foot ....110 | Stony Brush 107

3—¾; $1200; 3-year-olds; allowances.
Prince Vito ....107 | Espiritu 118
Static Chaser ....115 | Flying Louise 115
Fly Out ....112 | Pert Mars 115
Gypsy Lee ....105 | Great Card 112
Tascosa ....113 | Plentituff 113
Whitchtack 118

4—¾; $1200; 3-year-olds; allowances.
Motivate ....107 | Persapiera 118
Wagon Boss ....113 | Kennock 110
Pouting Mae ....107 | Dick Stickney 113
Wass Walla ....107 | Wisktiger 113
Achaney ....118 | Judge Davey 115
John Sabo ....118 | Johsie 107

5—¾; $1200; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Olga S. ....113 | Clip Clop 115
Miss Militant ....110 | Timocracy 99
Extremus ....110 | Lady Golden 110

6—¾; $1300; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Sep D. ....111 | Cadet Dick 111
Risky Lad ....113 | Coley Bay 115
Tidecover ....113 | Roxy Brand 105
Hit It ....118 | Diego Red 113
Kamp's Reward ....108 | Hurl Hom Hari 113

7—1 1-16; $1200; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Tin Loon ....113 | Count Gold 105
Bellsboro ....108 | Second Love 120
Mary Mick ....107 | Crucible 110
Omus ....112 | Border Voluble 111
Snazy ....107 | Scouting 112
Ste. Frances 108

8—1-70; $1200; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Eniscorthy ....115 | Gay and Light 110
Little Wasp ....115 | Toy Top 110
Two Score ....111 | Mr. X. 116
Shining Chance ....110 | Seabread 118
Isle Feble ....115 | Son Wolf 115
Town Hall ....115 | Tip Sal 110

Bay Meadows

By the Associated Press

1—⅝; $1700; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Fire Engine ....112 | Angelwood 112
Glory's Girl ....103 | Solly T. 112
Steveston Bill ....112 | Hijabujay 112
Miracle Man ....112 | Ernest 112
Ultonian ....113 | Our Guess 107
Passion ....107 | Kempy 107
Pass By ....112 | Valdina Peer 112
Star Actress ....107 | Four Finger 112

2—¾; $1700; 3-year-olds; claiming.
Mynah's Moon ....112 | Black Face 112
Sejanus ....112 | Joe War 112
Native Prince ....112 | Chall Pass 111
Gold Hunter ....115 | Indian Plains 111
Strato Search ....103 | Adorable Torch 107
Xon ....116 | Merry Dick 112
Miss Lynn ....107 | Gay Retiree 107
Carmen K. ....111 | Spring Dandy 111

3—1 1-16; $1700; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Catch Question ....114 | Valdina Nymph 115
Pamphlet ....109 | Mossy Lake 112
Cargo Ship ....118 | Sky Lit 115
Army Song ....120 | Tow Rope 120
Nation's Hero ....107 | River Worth 115

4—Mile; $1800; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Highway Fifty ....116 | Boston Maid 113
Gramy ....113 | Ragged Rascal 112
Ever Will ....113 | General's Aide 111
Valiant Prince ....118 | Derby Diem 111
Long Ago ....113 | Seekonk 112
Hard Pone 123

5—Mile; $1800; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Relish ....111 | Timmy 108
Can-Jones ....118 | I'll Be Back 113
Rattle-De-Bang ....122 | Aprilia 105
Agent's Star ....111 | Real Sad 113
Pirate ....122 | Concatchme 118
Joe Burger ....118 | War Master 118

6—1 1-16; $1900; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Mantourist ....114 | Rhodes Flag 112
†Overland Trail ....122 | U. S. Salute 114
New Frontier ....114 | Ill Be 118
†Treendeck ....116 | Private Young 116
Wings ....116 | Tilting 113
The Plainsman 116
†Bliss and Sons and W. G. Gilmore entry.

7—¾; $7500; 3-year-olds up; handicap.
†Pride of Hyro ....118 | High Resolve 122
Unchallenged ....114 | †Golden Count 114
Greenbush ....106 | Menex 108
Stitch Again ....122 | Bill Sickle 118
†Zaca Rosa ....113 | Reaping Glory 118
†W. W. Crenshaw entry.

8—1 1-16; $1700; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Sweeping Manna ....118 | Gallant Rose 104
Mineral King ....112 | Mistake 104
Dandy Fox ....120 | Toro Play 106
Careful Agent ....112 | Bombermas 108
Count Arturo ....120 | Deantpass 110
Air Warden 120

Roosevelt Prospectus

Riders Need Batting Strength To Become Interhigh Threat

By Herb Heft
Post Reporter

Coach Herman Littman cleaned house over at Roosevelt yesterday. His baseball squad, cut from 75 to 35 a week ago, was sliced to 25 yesterday, as the Rough Rider coach sought to find the batting strength that might be hidden somewhere among his more promising candidates.

"I've been favorably impressed with our fielding, and our pitching should be better than average," said Littman yesterday, "but our hitting is the question mark. Some of the boys have shown potentiality, and if they can assert themselves by the time we open the season, we'll have a fair chance of making the playoffs," he added.

Not since 1943 have the Riders gained the first division, but the material on hand has shown such improvement that two of last year's regulars, Second Baseman Benny Weisman and Outfielder George Theophilos, were included in the latest cut. Only three regulars on this year's team are slated to be graduated in June, so prospects for next year are also bright.

Only one holdover from last season will regain his station in the Rider infield. He is slim, right-handed hitting Joe Friedman, who will be understudied by Frank Marcellino. Both are sophomores. At shortstop, the Riders have little Stanley Singer, a rookie to the team, but a senior. George Schulz is his substitute.

Freshman Jesse Houston brother of Jimmy, the Riders' cage star, will hold down second base. His hitting earned him the position over Billy Paugh and Lenny Fishbein. Lou Sledge, a sophomore, is another whose hitting may boost the Riders up the ladder. Lou is the first sacker, and his closet rival is Dave Goldsmith, a freshman, whose identical twin brother George, is battling for the catching post. In Dave's favor is the fact that he bats left-handed.

Bob Tolson, the only returning outfielder to make the team, will patrol centerfield and he will serve as team captain. Flanking him in left will be Irving Shear, and in right Chris Peratino. Shear will be the only left-handed hitter in the regular lineup. As outfield reserves, the Riders' have Dick Vogel, who is also a pitcher, and Jack Glick and Emory Ellis.

Heavy hitting Lou Limbere has returned to take care of Roosevelt's catching. He represents the biggest stick threat in the Rider lineup. His reserves will be Warren Siegel and George Goldsmith, both freshmen.

Littman will carry a five-man pitching staff, Bernie Mead and Rolland Woodfield, holdovers from laest year, and Vogel, George Polis and Marty Fagan. All but Woodfield have at least another year of eligibility, and Fagan is the only southpaw on the staff.

McGriff, Russell Winner Groomed For Vic Creelman

Vic Creelman, the New York flash, who was a big favorite of boxing fans here during the war, may fight the winner of Tuesday night's nine-round feature attraction between Jimmy McGriff, the local kayo king, and Domingo Russell, Gotham scrapper.

Recently discharged from the Navy, Creelman is remembered for his stirring sessions with Aaron Perry and Billy Banks.

Matchmaker Gabe Menendez announced that he was dickering with Tex Sullivan, Creelman's manager, and hopes to close out for the match as the grand finale of his indoor season next month. Creelman comes from a hot stable of fighters which includes Lee Oma, the heavyweight, and Georgie Kochan, the hard-hitting middleweight.

Both Irving Cohen, who pilots Russell, and Bob Hayden, McGriff's manager, are anxious for the shot, Menendez said.

Russell, who lost an eyelash decision to McGrFiff last February, has been training with Rocky Graziano who meets Marty Servo, the champion, Friday at the Garden, New York.

Argentine Meat Strike Ends, 50,000 on Job

Buenos Aires, March 26. (AP).—Fifty thousand workers returned to their jobs at Argentine meat packing plants today, ending a 25-day strike which paralyzed the industry. Plant officials said they expected shipments of meat to Europe would be resumed tomorrow.

Seventy-seven thousand tons of meat—42,000 canned and 35,000 frozen—were reported ready for immediate shipment.

Stirnweiss Hurt; Ball Hits Luckless Yankee in Mouth

GEORGE STIRNWEISS

St. Petersburg, Fla., March 27 (AP). — Misfortune continued to plague George (Stuffy) Stirnweiss, New York Yankee infielder, who was struck in the mouth with a batted ball today, although the injury was not considered serious.

Just out of bed after being sidelined five days with influenza, Stirnweiss was practicing to return to duty when the grounder, batted by Coach Red Rolfe, struck him in the face, cutting his mouth.

Pitcher Johnny Maldovin was added to the list of flu victims today and it was announced that Pitcher Carl Drews, who still feels the effects of a tonsil operation last month, may be sent back to New York.

Admiral Jonas Ingram, commander of the Atlantic Fleet, attended this afternoon's exhibition game between the Yanks and the St. Louis Cardinals.

Delaware Park To Open May 29

Wilmington, Del., March 26 (AP). Three $25,000 stakes will be offered at Delaware Park at the forthcoming racing meeting, opening May 29, Donald P. Ross, president of the Steeplechase and Race Association, announced today.

Events carrying the top stakes are the Kent, June 8; the Sussex Handicap, June 15; and the New Castle Handicap, June 29. Highest stake in each of the three formerly was $15,000.

Ross predicted $800,000 in purses would be distributed at Delaware Park in 1946.

Out Fishing . . .

With Jack Bell

With warm spring weather blessing anxious fishermen, there should be an early Chesapeake Bay fishing season—unless the weatherman goes completely crazy. Salt water fishermen are excited because of the early run of channel bass along the coast of North Carolina. Word is eagerly awaited of the first hook and line catch of the fish which takes place usually at Oregon Inlet.

The past warm spell has put salt-water fish on the "prod" all the way from North Carolina to New York. Reports coming in from Delaware Bay refer to an early run of striped bass—big ones five to 17 pounds. The fish have shown up in the small bay at the mouth of Indian River, Rehoboth Beach, and Woodland Beach 75 miles up the bay.

Our friend Ray Trullinger, outdoor editor of the N. Y. World Telegram, informs us that New York salt-water fishermen are now having a "fireman's holiday" catching flounders at Shinnecock, and in the

Mary Haworth's Mail

Office Boy, 17, Annexed as Social Companion By Married Woman Coworker Whose Husband Is Overseas, Now Likes Her So Much He's Worried

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I am a boy 17 years old, a senior in high school and for the last three years I have held a part-time job in a local office, working from 3 to 5 p. m. daily.

About a year ago I met a girl who works there. She is 22 and married and her husband is overseas. She is attractive and intelligent and during office hours we would hold lengthy conversations. Then one day she suggested that we go to the theater together, to see a certain picture, as we have similar interests.

At first she wanted to pay her own way, because she said we were going as friends and nothing more. I agreed on that point, but thinking it would be the only time we would ever go out, I insisted on paying her way. Since that date, many more have followed, but always on an honorable basis. I have never kissed her nor felt the urge to; and in my company, she always talks of her husband and how much she loves him.

Thinks of Her As Ideal Wife

MY PROBLEM is this: In the beginning she would suggest that we go out, because she said she was lonely. But now I find myself asking her to go out; and I am afraid that in time I may begin to like her more than I should. I know that she could never mean anything to me, because she is married. Wanting no man to covet my wife in my absence (if I were married), I choose to do likewise by her husband.

I must admit that I enjoy her company and if ever I marry, I know the girl would have to be her type. What can I do without hurting her feelings and still be her friend? Is there any real danger in our friendship? J. B.

A Poor Fish On the Hook

DEAR J. B.: This girl, 22, and married, is old enough to be your grandmother, insofar as comparative social seasoning goes. In relation to her, you are the poor fish on the fisherman's hook; and from the time you first caught her fancy with your earnest, manful, naive personality, she has been deliberately reeling you in.

The situation you depict, in which you are now courting her with increasing misgivings, is outrageous, pathetic and ridiculous. Take it from me, she isn't surprised at this turn of events. From or before the first movie date, she has knowingly contrived to bring you to heel as her wistful courtier.

Now she can lean back and let you take the reins in this futile dalliance; and play innocence personified if you begin to show signs of lovesick strain; or if her husband comes home to jeer or snort at her makeshift conquest.

Boy Is Worse Off Than Wife

WHEN you marry, I hope you have the good fortune to win a girl who actually is the fine person you mistakenly believe this subtly unfair wife to be. And for immediate advice: Face the fact that you've been a sucker and bow yourself out of her private life. Don't ask her for any more dates and don't yield to further suggestions from her.

As for hurting her feelings, don't fret about that. For a married woman in love with her husband, she has shown precious little concern for yours, in wooing your interest so assiduously. As for her plaintive loneliness, that's part of her bait. A thoroughbred doesn't mention heartache; so fie upon her for victimizing you through your sympathies.

Mark my word, you'll be lonelier by far for some time after beating a retreat,—until you have broken her grip on your imagination by adjusting yourself to substitute interests,—than she will be, or has been as a duration widow. Because after all, she has a husband to tie to imaginatively, a very important consolation in itself; whereas you have nobody, yet, to make answer to the love hunger just beginning to rise in your breast. M. H.

Mary Haworth counsels through her column, not by mail or personal interview. Write her in care of The Post.

Town Talk

By Eva Hinton

A BREATHLESS voice on the telephone the other morning belonged to a small, dignified, pretty young Washington matron. Besides being all these things, she is agile, too!

She said, "I was out in a backyard the other night jumping over fires, six of them, in an evening dress and high-heeled slippers!"

It was a Persian dinner party and the fire-jumping was part of last week's Persian New Year's ceremonies. The Persians jump over fires and leave their bad luck behind. But my friend stumbled and almost took her bad luck with her right into the fire.

The fires kept getting too hot and high and the American ladies in the party were sissies and insisted on waiting for them to die down before they felt it safe to leap over the coals.

The first thing vivacious little Mrs. Horace Smith said when I arrived at her cocktail party the other afternoon was, "I hope no one will mind, but we've left the crusts on all the sandwiches to help save bread!"

The sandwiches were delicious, the bread cut very thin, and everyone loved the crust. Another good way to save bread is to serve open-faced sandwiches and make them rather small, like the famed sandwiches at the 1925 F st. Club.

Colonel and Mrs. Smith were entertaining in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Fontaine Broun, who have visited Washington many times but have only recently come to live in the Capital, where Mr. Broun has joined a law firm.

The party was also a farewell to the house as the Smiths have sold it to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Southgate. Colonel and Mrs. Smith will move a little farther down on Woodland dr.

Two of the most popular guests at the party were Admiral John Towers and his chic and fascinating wife. The admiral, who is in command of the Pacific Fleet, is taking Mrs. Towers back to Honolulu with him. I hear their house is a dream and will soon make her forget the war years she spent working as an airplane welder in California while her husband was fighting the Japs.

THE damage done Japan by the heavy bombardment of the United States Army Air Force is dramatically shown in films made in Japan by famous British War Correspondent William Courtney.

Mr. Courtney's films are better than any newsreel I've ever seen, because they show not only great detail, but enough of a subject to make it understandable. Also they are made in beautiful color. His complete sequence of the signing of the Japanese surrender and the occupation of Japan by United States troops I'd go a day's journey to see again!

Mr. Courtney was made a member of the United States First Cavalry Division, the boys whose cocky sign, "You are entering Tokyo by courtesy of the First Cavalry Division, First in Manila, First in Tokyo," had to be guarded by them from marauding GI's of other occupying units.

Mr. Courtney, who is staying at the Mayflower until next week, showed his film at Mrs. Robert Low Bacon's last Sunday afternoon. He has promised to show another, including the evacuation of Japs from Korea, next Sunday evening at the Gifford Pinchots.

Ration Points

SUGAR: Stamp 39 now valid. Spare 9 valid through October 31, for home canning purposes only.

Martha Ellyn's Platter Chatter

Macaroni, Spaghetti In New Combination

WIN WITH A RING of cheese-flavored macaroni filled with hot creamed chicken. Serve with hot sliced carrots and garnish with parsley to add color appeal

Those middle-men foods—macaroni, spaghetti and noodles—will take on a new complexion now that they are made from Emergency Durum Wheat Semolina. Yes, the color of these products is slightly different from the usual one. The uncooked product is grayish-tan rather than a creamy, translucent color.

Other than the slight color variation, there seems to be no great difference between the regular kind and the new. These foods cook to the same delightful tenderness.

Protein-rich macaroni and spaghetti combine splendidly with other foods to make delicious Lenten dishes. One such dish is Spaghetti Shrimp Sherry. This might be your menu:

DINNER MENU

Spiced Tomato Juice Cocktail
Spaghetti Shrimp Sherry
Avocado-Grapefruit Salad
Rhubarb Tarts Coffee

The following recipe makes four ample servings. But if you are going to feed extra-hungry diners, better increase the proportions.

Spaghetti Shrimp Sherry

Add 1 tablespoon salt to 3 quarts actively boiling water. Gradually add 6 ounces long spaghetti and continue cooking until tender, about 12 minutes. Drain spaghetti and rinse. While spaghetti is cooking, melt 2 tablespoons margarine or butter in saucepan. Stir in 2 tablespoons enriched flour. Gradually add one 10½-ounce can of condensed mushroom soup, 1 cup water, ½ teaspoon salt, stirring until slightly thickened. Heat thoroughly. Fold in 2 cups of cooked shrimp, ½ cup cooked peas and ½ cup sherry. Heat thoroughly. Serve shrimp on mounds of piping hot spaghetti. Yield, four servings.

Left-overs yield dividends in good nutrition and flavor, too. For those times you have a cup of left-over cooked chicken, you can cream it and serve it with a macaroni cheese ring.

For those persons who like a bit of meat, a spaghetti dish made with frankfurts, vegetables and seasonings will answer the call. This is the recipe for preparing such a dish:

Spaghetti With Savory Frankfurts

Add 1 tablespoon salt to actively boiling water. Gradually add spaghetti and continue cooking until spaghetti is tender, about 12 minutes. Drain and rinse spaghetti. While spaghetti is cooking, melt 3 tablespoons butter or margarine in skillet. Add ½ cup sliced onion and ¼ cup diced green pepper. Cook until brown, about 7 minutes. Add 3½ cups cooked tomatoes (one No. 2½ can), 1½ teaspoons salt, 3 whole cloves, 1 bay leaf, 1 tablespoon sugar. Let simmer for 20 minutes. Fold in the cooked spaghetti. Pour one-half of the spaghetti mixture into an oiled 1½-quart casserole. Split 6 frankfurts and fill them with 1 tablespoon pickle relish in each. Place 3 of the frankfurts on spaghetti mixture. Cover with remaining spaghetti mixture and top with remaining frankfurts. Bake in moderate oven, 350 degrees, about 20 minutes. Serve piping hot. Yield, four servings.

A sturdy luncheon dish is made of macaroni, peas, hard cooked eggs and Julienne meat. This is the recipe:

Macaroni Salad With Julienne Meat

Add 1 tablespoon salt to 3 quarts actively boiling water. Gradually add 4 ounces elbow macaroni and continue cooking until macaroni is tender, about 10 minutes. Drain and rinse macaroni. While macaroni is cooking, combine ½ cup salad dressing, 1 teaspoon prepared mustard, 2 tablespoons chili sauce and 1 teaspoon salt. Cut cooked cold meat such as ham in slivers. Fold in the meat, 3 diced hard cooked eggs, 1 cup cooked peas and the cooked macaroni. Chill well. Serve on salad greens. Makes 4 servings.

Green Pleads for OPA, Lashes Baruch's Plan

By the Associated Press

William Green, American Federatio nof Labor president, yesterday coupled an appeal for continuation of price controls with a demand for a Government hands-off policy in labor disputes.

The labor leader objected vigorously to Bernard M. Baruch's call for a one-year ban on strikes and lockouts. He also lambasted the Government's new economic stabilization policy, as "contributing to industrial discontent."

Green appeared before the House Banking Committee to denounce "profiteers" and call upon Congress to "avert the chaos which the premature abandonment of price controls would inevitably bring."

Begs OPA Extension

Prolong the life of OPA for another year without crippling amendments, he said, and continue rent ceilings even longer.

On OPA and rents Green and Baruch were in accord. On this score President Truman also got support from housewives, with representatives of 20 organizations claiming membership of over 10 million women calling for extension of OPA.

But on Baruch's call for a moratorium on strikes and lockouts, Green declared: "This would encourage hostile employers to take advantage of labor."

Moreover, he told the committee, the Government's new "patchwork" economic policy says "I'll increase prices if you'll increase wages," and he added: "This does not help the working man. It is economically unsound."

Bergaining now amounts to "shadow boxing," he said, because "there's a new philosophy to reply on Government" for settlement of labor-management disputes.

Green said "profiteers" are trying to destroy price controls, adding:

"The people are tired of emergency and they are tired of control. But they are also frightened. They are frightened by the brazen display of financial and political pressure exerted upon their Government in a reckless and irresponsible drive to destroy price control and profit from its destruction at the expense of the mass of the people."

Caroline F. Ware, speaking for the women's groups, told the committee in a statement that it is imperative that "Congress act promptly and decisively to demonstrate its determination to protect the people from economic disaster."

France Will Not Raise Spanish Question Now

Paris, March 26 (INS).—France last night assured the United States and Britain that she does not intend to bring up the Spanish question at the present session of the UNO Security Council.

HOT FLASHES

If the functional "middle-age" period peculiar to women causes you to suffer from hot flashes, nervous tension, irritability—try famous Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve such symptoms. Pinkham's Compound is one of the best known medicines for this purpose. Also a grand stomachic tonic!

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The Gentler Sex . . .

By Malvina Lindsay

America May Regain Its Roots in Era of Streamlined Homesteads

THE THOUGHT of coming home to a round house instead of a square or oblong one, is at first shocking, interesting or advanced, according to your point of view.

But the circular living machine, of aluminums, and glass, exhibited here recently by a housing company as science's latest contribution to family life, means far more than this. It promises, more than simplified and economical living, an added leisure for housewives.

It is prophetic of a social change that all housing of the future will have to meet. Oddly, this shiny, streamlined structure whose shape, like that of the airplane and the atomic bomb, grew inevitably out of its functions, may restore some of the social values of the old homestead, which are needed if the Nation is to regain its roots.

Since the passing of the homestead, which had room for large families, and in which people usually lived uninterruptedly their first two decades, American families have been on the march. In the cities, families make an average of about six major moves a generation. A young married couple may start in an apartment, then when the earlier babies come, move into a small house. More babies come, and if the father has prospered, a move is made to a larger house, probably in a "better" neighborhood.

As the children get larger, they want rooms of their own, and space in which to entertain their friends. Or possibly the neighborhood is getting run down. The family follows its more prosperous friends to a "better" addition, and into a house with two bathrooms. The children marry, the parents have to give up the big house and move to a smaller one. Eventually they may land back in an apartment.

THUS THE CIRCLE is completed, leaving a trail of aging houses and run-down neighborhoods, which become eventual slums. The process is economically wasteful. The children lead unstable lives, treking from one neighborhood to another, constantly changing schools and friends, and having no feeling or memory of belonging to any community.

The Dymaxion house designer, who has spent about 20 years trying to adapt his dwelling to the average family's needs, believes his invention will enable families to take root and live most of their lives in the first communities they choose, as was done in the days of the old homestead. For as family needs demand, an entire story may be added to this assembly line house. Or, the original house may be traded in, like a motor car, on a newer and more up-to-date model, or on a larger

dwelling as children come along, or in-laws move in. (The latter possibility is something to think about, as the prolonging of life expectancy means that elderly relatives will augment the size of families) Or, if the family contracts in later years, the large model house can be traded in for a smaller one.

This will make for more stable and better kept communities, and more permanent neighborliness. It also should make for larger families among those middle income groups where there is population decline. For the house can be made to fit the family, rather than the family the house, as has usually been the rule.

IF THIS ROUND, revolutionary dwelling becomes important in the housing picture, it also will mean that American living standards will go up a notch. Now they include, or at least aim at, an automobile and a radio, and frequently a refrigerator and other electric aids. But frequently these luxuries belong to families who live in mean, crowded houses. Dwellings on a scientific par with radio and motor car have usually been too expensive for the average family. But if homes can be turned out by mass production, operated economically, serviced, kept up, and traded in as are motor cars, the American family's surroundings will greatly improve.

Also this house may portend the coming of what its designer, R. Buckminster Fuller, believes is a fundamental housing requirement—a bath for every bedroom. His present model has two bedrooms and two baths, an offering nonexistent in the average small house. In the Dymaxion houses, no bedroom will be built without its own bath. When we go to a hotel, Mr. Fuller points out, we ask for a room and bath. Why shouldn't we be as comfortable when we stay at home?

Why not, indeed? This is America.

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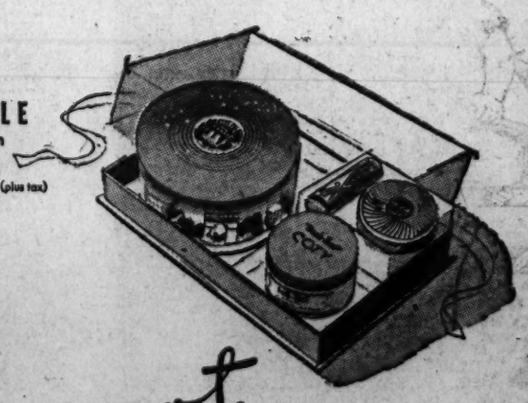

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TERRY

MASTER, TODAY LIEUTENANT TERRY LEE TRAVELED TO THE DROME OF THE YANKEE IRON BIRDS — WHERE HE DROVE A TWO-ENGINE TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT FOR SOME TIME... AT THE END HE WAS HANDED CERTAIN PAPERS BY THE ONE WHO SAT BESIDE HIM...

JOE PALOOKA

SOMETIME IN THE SMALL HOURS OF THE MORNING AT PALOOKA'S CAMP.
GEE, I SHOULD OF EAT ANOTHER OF THEM STEAKS. I'M HUNGRY AS A BEAR. GUESS I'LL GO DOWN TO THE KITCHEN AN' MAKE ME A SANWITCH.
BETTER BE AWFUL QUIET... KNOBBY DON'T LIKE NOBODY GETTIN' UP AFTER BED-TIME.
WHAT'S THAT... SOUNDED LIKE SOMEBODY AT THE DOOR... MUST BE KNOBBY... I BETTER... WHY HE'S GOT A...

MARY WORTH

I HOPE YOU DIDN'T THINK I'D DESERTED YOU, ALICE! I CAME OVER TO DO THE CLEANING!
YOU'RE AN ANGEL, MRS. WORTH! THIS HOUSE IS LIKE A PIG STY!
I'LL START WITH THE ROOM MISS NAVARRE USED!
GOOD! AND AIR IT THOROUGHLY, PLEASE!
20 MINUTES LATER...!
SHALL I CARRY THIS OUT TO THE TRASH HEAP?
WHY...ER...NO! JUST SET IT DOWN THERE! I'LL...PUT IT IN THE FURNACE!

MYRTLE

WE'RE HAVING A MINSTREL SHOW AT SCHOOL
AND I'M GOING TO BE AN END MAN!
I'LL GIVE YOU A GOOD GAG!
NOW I SAY, WHO WAS THAT LADY I SEEN YOU WITH LAST NIGHT? AND YOU SAY, THAT WASN'T NO LADY, THAT WAS MY WIFE!
OH, FOR PITTY TAKE
WELL, SAMPSON, WHO WAS THAT LADY I SEEN YOU WITH LAST NIGHT?
?
THAT WASN'T LAST NIGHT! THAT WAS THE NIGHT BEFORE LAST

MICKEY FINN

YOU'RE FALLING DOWN ON THE JOB, KRY — I HAVEN'T HAD ANY PUBLICITY IN A WEEK!
AH — BUT YOU'RE GETTING A LOT OF IT — THIS WEEK, SHERIFF!
I AM? HOW?
WELL, THIS IS THE WEEK THAT LARRY KING STARTS THE RE-BUILDING OF SWAMP TOWN, ISN'T IT?
YES — HE SAID HE WAS GOING TO START THIS WEEK!
RIGHT! AND YOU, SHERIFF, ARE GOING TO BE ON HAND — TO BREAK THE GROUND WITH A SILVER SHOVEL!
KRY — YOU'RE A GENIUS!

DIXIE DUGAN

HE'S COMING RIGHT UP — YOU KNOW WHAT TO DO IF HE GETS "TOUGH" —
I THINK YOU'RE GETTING ALL WORKED UP OVER NOTHING —
— IF PATSY'S FATHER GETS "TOUGH" WITH THE CHILD THAT'S HIS DEPARTMENT
BUT NOT MY APARTMENT
IF HE SHOWS ANY VIOLENCE TO PATSY WHILE HE'S HERE I WANT YOU TO PUT HIM SMACK IN HIS PLACE.
SAH — HE'S HERE NOW
BZZZ
BZZZ
BZZZ

CHIEF WAHOO and STEVE ROPER

AN INDIAN BURGLAR, YE SAY? BREAKIN' INTO A STAMP AN' COIN STORE? — WHAT NEXT?
HE RAN UP THIS DEAD-END ALLEY! — MUST'VE DUCKED INTO ONE OF THESE BACK DOORS!
UGH! WAHOO STAY HERE TILL POLICE COPS GO 'WAY! — THEN FINDUM STEVE!
WHAT TH...!
HE'S ON THE ROOF! — COME ON! — UP THAT LADDER!

WINNIE WINKLE

SAY, KIDDO — VILL YOU TAK MY PICSHUR FOR DAS BEAUTY CONTEST?
WHY — ER — UH — KOFF — ALL RIGHT, HULDA!
I YAM DE VINNER I BAT — EH, MR. PRISSY?
OH, HULDA, I CAN'T PROMISE YOU THAT!!
BY YIMMINY, I BAN VIN — OR YOU BAN SMORGESBORD!!

KING OF THE ROYAL MOUNTED

I'M WORRIED, KING... IF WIDOW BROWN IS SICK ENOUGH FOR AN OXYGEN TENT....
...SHE PROBABLY CAN'T ACCOUNT FOR EVERY MINUTE DAD WAS AT HER HOUSE LAST NIGHT!
DID IT OCCUR TO YOU THAT IF YOUR FATHER IS THE "DOMINO" BANDIT, HE MAY NOT HAVE RETURNED TO THE WIDOW'S AFTER KILLING THE SHERIFF?
MEANWHILE, AT WIDOW BROWN'S HOUSE!
GET YER COAT AN' HAT, DOC... WE'RE GOIN' FER A LITTLE RIDE!
A MASKED MAN!

DONALD DUCK

VIM — IT POPS!!! IT CRACKS! IT SNAPS! IDEAL FOR BREAKFAST!
"PEPPY!" THE BREAKFAST FOOD WITH ZIM IT CRACKLES!
SOCKO! — NO BREAKFAST COMPLETE WITHOUT IT! EAT SOCKO!
WHAM! — WAKE UP WITH WHAM! THE BREAKFAST FIT FOR ANYBODY!
BRAWNY BRAN — NATURE'S KNOCK-OUT FOR BREAKFAST!
ATOMIC — IT'LL BLOW YOU OUT OF BED! THE BREAKFAST FOOD WITH POWER!
A POUND O' BACON AND A DOZEN EGGS!
SHREDDED STRAW! — IT'S DIFFERENT IT'S RAW! BREAKFAST FAST!

Today's Radio Programs

THE WASHINGTON POST
Wednesday, March 27, 1946

WEDNESDAY — WASHINGTON — E.S.T.

	WMAL 630	WRC 980	WOL 1260	WINX 1340	WWDC 1450	WTOP 1500
	Prelude, 6:05-7. Town Clock (Trafton Robertson), 7:10-9. David Wills, 7:45. News, 6, 7, 8:30.	WRC Almanac, 5:30. Bill Herson, 6-9. News; 6, 7, 7:30, 8:30. World Round up, 8. Weather, 6:30.	Top o' the Morning, 5:32. News, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:30. Musical Clock, 6:05. Paiges, 8:30.	News, 6, 7, 8. Jerry Strong, Wake Up With WINX, 6:05-9.	Hunnicutt, 6-9. News, 6:30, 7, 8:15. Devotions, 6:45.	Corn Squeezing Time, 5:30-6:45. News, 7, 7:30, 8. Godfrey, 7-9:45. Mahoney, 7:40
9 :00 :15 :30 :45	Breakfast Club (Don McNeil) (Jack Owen) (Nancy Martin)	Honeymoon in New York. News; Melodies. Broadway Melodies	News; Musical Clock. Shady Valley Folks. Listen Ladies. Music to Remember	News; Music In Air. Music in the Air. Musical Reveille. The TVA	Tello-Test. The Tune Shop. " " "	News; Godfrey. Arthur Godfrey. " " Home Service Daily
10 :00 :15 :30 :45	My True Story. " " ; News. Church Hymns. Listening Post	Robert St. John. Lora Lawton. Road of Life. Joyce Jordan	Once Over Lightly. Faith in Our Time. Musical Comedy Gems. Tommy Johnson Plays	News; Music Hall. Music Hall. " "	Open House. " News; Open House. Open House	Valiant Lady. Light of the World. Evelyn Winters. Bachelor's Children
11 :00 :15 :30 :45	Breakfast With Tom Breneman. Ruth Crane. " "	Fred Waring. " " Barry Cameron. David Harum	News; Cecil Brown. Elsa Maxwell. Take It Easy Time. Victor Lindlahr	News; Symphony Hour: Mozart's Symphony No. 38	Blessed Eventer. Daytime Revue. Tufty Topics. Daytime Revue	Amanda. Second Husband. A Woman's Life. Aunt Jenny
12 :00 :15 :30 :45	News. Ted Malone. Glamor Manor. " "	News; Music. Look to this Day. Matinee Today. " "	News; Lyle Van. Morton Douney. Hymns You Love. Finders Keepers	News. Movie Snapshots. Lunch with Benny Goodman	Password. " Please. News; Missing Persons. Musicale; Hit	Kate Smith. Big Sister. Helen Trent. Our Gal Sunday
1 :00 :15 :30 :45	Baukhage Talking. Constance Bennett. Music Box. (Trafton Robertson)	Nancy Osgood. " " Gardening—Beattie. Morgan Beatty	News; Warren. Easy Rhythms. Magic in Music. John J. Anthony	News; Music. Musical Bouquets. Navy Band. " "	All Sports Parade. Tony Wakeman. All Sports Parade. Tony Wakeman	Life Can Be Beautiful. Ma Perkins. Young Dr. Malone. Road of Life
2 :00 :15 :30 :45	(Ida Clark). From the Waters. Bride and Groom. (John Nelson)	Guiding Light. Today's Children. Woman in White. Masquerade	News; Cedric Foster. Let's Waltz. Queen for a Day. " " "	News; Rhythm. Spotlight on Rhythm. " " " You Were There	All Sports Parade. Tony Wakeman. All Sports Parade. Tony Wakeman	Second Mrs. Burton. Perry Mason. Rosemary. Tena and Tim
3 :00 :15 :30 :45	Al Pearce. " " Accent on Music. Ladies Be Seated	Woman of America. Ma Perkins. Pepper Young's Family. Right to Happiness	WOL Open House (With M. C. Frank Blair; Variety, Sports, Music, News)	News; Tea for Two. Tea for Two. " " "	All Sports Parade. Tony Wakeman. All Sports Parade. Tony Wakeman	Aunt Mary. Dr. Paul. News, Bob Evans. Janice Grey
4 :00 :15 :30 :45	Jack Berch Show. Accent on Music. News; Evans. Hop Harrigan	Backstage Wife. Stella Dallas. Lorenzo Jones. Young Widow Brown	Erskine Johnson. WOL Open House. This Is Your Country	News; Band Wagon. Band Wagon. Music Hall. " "	All Sports Parade. Tony Wakeman. All Sports Parade. Tony Wakeman	G.E. House Party. " "; News. Stump Us Club. " "
5 :00 :15 :30 :45	Terry & the Pirates. Dick Tracy. Jack Armstrong. Tennessee Jed	When a Girl Marries. Portia Faces Life. Just Plain Bill. Front Page Farrell	News; Quoting. Superman. Captain Midnight. Tom Mix	News; Music Hall. Music Hall. " " "	Band of the Day. Battle of Crooners. Sports; Theater of the Air	March of Science. " " " News; City Desk. Factfinder
6 :00 :15 :30 :45	Evans; Agronsky. Art Van Damme. Earl Godwin. Singing Sam	News; Leif Eid. Musicade. " ; Bergman. Lowell Thomas	News; Warner. So the Story Goes. Johnson Family. Sports—Brundige	WINX News. Bob Wolff, Sports. Dinner Date. Twilight Tales	Melody Lane. " " Sports. Supper Club	Mahoney; Tris Coffin. Waitin' for Clayton. "6:30 Show". News; World Today
7 :00 :15 :30 :45	Headline Edition. Raymond Swing. Lone Ranger. " "	Chesterfield Club. News of the World. Man at a Grand. H. V. Kaltenborn	Fulton Lewis, jr. Symphonic Swing. Frank Singiser, News. Inside Sports	News; Carle's Piano. Date With Bing Crosby. Show Time. " "	Romantic Rendezvous. Bob Lee's Orch. News; with Austad. Alice Lane	Mommie and the Men. Jack Smith. Ellery Queen. " "
8 :00 :15 :30 :45	Lum 'n' Abner. Elmer Davis. Fishing and Hunting Club	Mr. and Mrs. North. " " " " Hildegarde. "	Xavier Cugat's Orch. Furs on Parade. Fresh-up Show. "	News; Waltzes. Book Reviews. Opera: Puccini's "La Boheme"	News; Army Band. Army Band Hour. News; 1450 Club. Jackson Lowe	Jack Carson Show. " " " Dr. Christian. " " ; News
9 :00 :15 :30 :45	Invitation to Listen. Sportsmen's Show. Price Control. Herbert U. Nelson	Eddie Cantor Show. " " " Mr. District Attorney. " "	News, G. Heatter. Real Life Stories. Spotlight Bands. " "	News; Music. Symphony Hour. Vaughan-Williams' "The Wasps"	News; 1450 Club. Jackson Lowe. News; 1450 Club. Jackson Lowe	Frank Sinatra. " " Bob Crosby. " "
10 :00 :15 :30 :45	Adventure by Morse. Bishop's Relief Committee	Kollege of Musical Knowledge. " " "	Rep. H. A. Biemiller. Indorsed by Dorsey. Quiz of Two Cities. " " "	News; Dunham Orch. Msgr. Sheen. Music for Dreaming. " " "	News; 1450 Club. Jackson Lowe. News; Super Session. Super Session	Great Moments In Music. Andrews Sisters. " "
11 :00 :15 :30 :45	News; Evans. Hour of Dreams. " " "	News; Music. Richard Harkness. Claude Hopkins and Mills Bros.	Voice of Washington. Fulton Lewis, jr. Moonmist (Smiley). " ; News	News; Post Preview. Music for the Years	MacFarlane, News. Time Out. Rep. Jennings Randolph	News; Daly & Harsch. Arch McDonald's "Moondial". Arthur Godfrey

W3XO—F.M. 43200 K.C.

7:00 p. m.—Dinner Music
7:15 p. m.—
7:30 p. m.—This Musical World
7:45 p. m.— " " "
8:00 p. m.—News
8:10 p. m.—Concert Hall
8:30 p. m.—Puccini's "La Boheme"
8:45 p. m.—
9:00 p. m.—Easy Listening
9:05 p. m.— " "
9:30 p. m.— " "
9:45 p. m.— " "
10:00 p. m.—News
10:05 p. m.—Meet Your Favorite
10:30 p. m.—Evening Melodies
10:45 p. m.— " "

BOOK REVIEWS AND INTERVIEWS

Bart Barber interviews Mrs. Raymond Clapper.

EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING AT 8:15

WINX—1340 on your dial

PENNY

I JUST CAN'T HELP BEING WORRIED ABOUT YOUR FATHER.
REALLY, MOTHER?
HE JUST ISN'T HIMSELF LATELY. HE SEEMS SO IRRITABLE AND SHORT TEMPERED.
I KNOW!
I'M AFRAID HE'S WORKING MUCH TOO HARD.
IT'S OUR DUTY, MOTHER, TO SEE THAT HE GETS A REST AND A COMPLETE CHANGE!
LET'S YOU AND I RUN DOWN TO THE SHORE FOR A COUPLE OF WEEKS!

DOTTY

HORACE, LET'S TRY THIS ON--
OH, WELL--I SUPPOSE THIS IS ONE OF THE PENALTIES FOR BEING A MARRIED MAN!!
ARE YOU GOING TO SHORTEN IT, DEAR--OR MAKE IT LONGER?!
NEITHER, DEAR--IT'S A PERFECT FIT!!

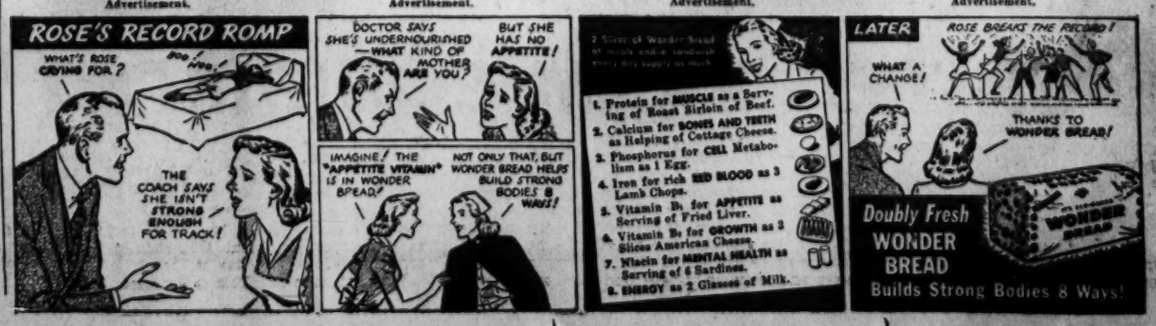
SUPERMAN

WHAT DO YOU WANT NOW? YOU'VE GOT ME STOPPED! THE MOMENT I START LOOKING FOR LOIS, YOUR MEN WILL KILL HER!
BUT A MAN WITH YOUR REMARKABLE POWERS IS QUITE LIKELY TO FIGURE SOME MEANS OF RESCUING HER—
—UNLESS, OF COURSE, I CAN KEEP MY EYE ON YOU. I COULDN'T FEEL REALLY SECURE IN LETTING YOU OUT OF MY SIGHT!
WHAT?!? YOU MEAN TO MAKE ME A PRISONER?!?
IT'LL BE RATHER DULL FOR A MAN OF ACTION LIKE YOURSELF, I ADMIT. BUT ON THE OTHER HAND, REFUSE—AND LOIS DIES!
WHAT CAN I DO? YOU WIN!
GOOD! NOW WE UNDERSTAND EACH OTHER. AND AS LONG AS YOU'RE HERE, YOU MAY AS WELL MAKE YOURSELF USEFUL. CAN YOU TAKE DICTATION, SUPERMAN?
OH!

JANE ARDEN

DROP THE BRIEF CASE, GRANDPA!
OH NO YOU DON'T—
KONK 'IM PAL!
THE INSPECTOR'S MEN ARE A BLOCK AWAY WATCHING FOR THE GET-AWAY CAR—
THIS TRAFFIC OFFICER CAN HELP—
QUICK, OFFICER—A HOLD-UP—RIGHT THERE—ON THE CORNER!
YOU ASKED FOR IT, GRANDPA!
WHACK!

Advertisement. Advertisement. Advertisement. Advertisement.


ROSE'S RECORD ROMP
WHAT'S ROSE CRYING FOR?
BOO HOO...
THE COACH SAYS SHE ISN'T STRONG ENOUGH FOR TRACK!
DOCTOR SAYS SHE'S UNDERNOURISHED — WHAT KIND OF MOTHER ARE YOU?
BUT SHE HAS NO APPETITE!
IMAGINE! THE "APPETITE VITAMIN" IS IN WONDER BREAD!
NOT ONLY THAT, BUT WONDER BREAD HELPS BUILD STRONG BODIES 8 WAYS!
1. Protein for MUSCLE as a Serving of Roast Sirloin of Beef.
2. Calcium for BONES AND TEETH as Helping of Cottage Cheese.
3. Phosphorus for CELL Metabolism as 1 Egg.
4. Iron for rich RED BLOOD as 3 Lamb Chops.
5. Vitamin B1 for APPETITE as Serving of Fried Liver.
6. Vitamin B2 for GROWTH as 3 Slices American Cheese.
7. Niacin for MENTAL HEALTH as Serving of 6 Sardines.
8. ENERGY as 2 Glasses of Milk.
LATER
ROSE BREAKS THE RECORD!
WHAT A CHANGE!
THANKS TO WONDER BREAD!
Doubly Fresh WONDER BREAD
Builds Strong Bodies 8 Ways!

FARMERS minus MACHINERY equal FAMINE

It's time to settle the Harvester strike

**A LETTER FROM A SOUTH DAKOTA FARMER
REPRINTED WITH HIS PERMISSION**

March 19, 1946

United Farm Equipment &
Metal Workers of America
188 West Randolph Street
Chicago 1, Illinois

Dear Sirs:

I farm 320 acres, mostly corn, in South Dakota.

Like every other farmer, I have been concerned about food production to relieve famine abroad.

We farmers are being asked by the government to plant more acreage this year than even at the height of the war, in order to meet the food shortage.

I cannot understand the position of the government in this matter. As much as 15% of last year's corn crop in eastern South Dakota is still standing in the field chiefly because of the lack of corn-picking machinery.

My own corn picker was out in neighbor's fields in January, picking corn at 20 below zero with a foot of snow on the ground.

Right now, the big obstacle in the way of getting machinery is the fact that International Harvester, the largest manufacturer, is not in production.

As I understand it, the government appointed a fact-finding panel which made recommendations over a month ago to settle the strike. The Union accepted these recommendations, and the company rejected them.

This situation has been allowed to go on for a month.

Every day the company continues to defy the government's proposals deprives us of that much farm machinery which we desperately need. I don't pretend to know much about the issues in the strike. All I know is that the government looked into the dispute and told both parties what would be a fair settlement. You fellows went along, but the company turned it down.

Now, it doesn't make sense to us farmers to plead for more food, more acreage, when we can't harvest what we planted last year because we don't have the machinery.

We cannot understand how the arrogant stand of International Harvester is permitted to cut off our supply of farm machinery and at the same time hold out against the wages and union conditions which make you fellows in industry our best customers.

Speaking for the farmers in this area, we hope that the union is able to get the company to agree to end the strike and start producing farm implements without delay. There's no sense talking about a food program unless we get the tools to do the job.

Sincerely yours,

EMIL LORIKS,
Rural Route 2,
Arlington, South Dakota

After three months of fruitless negotiation, 30,000 workers in International Harvester Company went on strike January 21st for a wage increase and a new collective bargaining contract.

A fact-finding panel, appointed by Secretary Schwellenbach, made recommendations on February 18th to end the strike.

The Union accepted the panel's recommendations.

The Company rejected the panel's recommendations.

Last Thursday, after a month's delay, the company agreed to accept ONE of the panel's recommendations—an 18-cent increase.

On all other issues, the Company still refuses to comply with the panel's report.

Yesterday, negotiations between the Company and the Union were resumed in Washington at the invitation of the Director of the Conciliation Service.

The Union stands ready to return to work on the basis of the recommendations the fact-finding panel made to end the strike.

With famine spreading throughout the world, we express the hope that the Company will in the course of the present negotiations comply with the contract recommendations and thus resume the production of desperately needed farm machinery.

UNITED FARM EQUIPMENT & METAL WORKERS (CIO)

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS